### **ZONING SUMMARY**

				_
1	ZONING DISTRICT: RB REGIONAL	ICT		
Ī	ZONING REGULATION	REQUIRED	PROVIDED	
	FRONT YARD SETBACK (MAX)	75 FT.	51.81 FT.	
	SIDE STREET SETBACK (MAX)	20 FT.	20 FT.	
Ī	SIDE INTERIOR SETBACK (WEST)	O FT.	190.35 FT.	
	REAR YARD SETBACK	15 FT.	132.93 FT.	
1	MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT	<45 FT.	24.82 FT.	

### PARKING SUMMARY

	DIMEN	ISIONS	SPAC	CES
TYPE	REQUIRED	PROVIDED	MAX ALLOWED	PROVIDED
STANDARD SPACE	9' x 18'	9' x 18'		33
STANDARD SPACE	(9' x 20')	9' × 20'		4
STANDARD ACCESSIBLE SPACE*	(9' x 20')	11' x 20'		1
VAN ACCESSIBLE SPACE	(9' x 20') + 5'	11' x 20' + 5'	<b>V</b>	1
TOTAL SPACES			39	39

\*DENOTES ADA/FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS EXCLUSIVE OF REQUIRED VAN SPACES

	PARKING REQUIREMENT CALCULATIONS:				
USE	ORDINANCE REQUIREMENT	VARIABLE	CALCULATION	RESULTS	
VEHICLE WASH	2 SPACES PLUS 1 PER EMPLOYEE PER SHIFT	1 EMPLOYEE PER SHIFT	2 + (1/1)	3 SPACES	
GENERAL RETAIL	1 SPACE PER EVERY 300 G.F.A.	4,598 G.F.A.	4,598 G.F.A. /300 G.F.A.	16 SPACES	
RESTAURANT (INDOOR)	1 SPACE PER EVERY 2.5 SEATS	16 SEATS (192 G.F.A.)	16 SEATS /2.5 SEATS	7 SPACES	
RESTAURANT (OUTDOOR)	1 SPACE PER EVERY 2.5 SEATS	24 SEATS	24 SEATS /2.5 SEATS	10 SPACES	
TOTAL REQUIRED: 39 SPACES					

ADDITIONAL PARKING REQUIREMENT CALCULATIONS:				NS:
USE	ORDINANCE REQUIREMENT	VARIABLE	CALCULATION	RESULTS
BICYCLE	5 (MIN)	N/A	N/A	5 SPACES
MOTORCYCLE/MOPED	1 SPACE PER EVERY 25 STD SPACES	39 STD SPACES	39 STD SPACES /25 SPACES	2 SPACES
ELECTRIC VEHICLE	4% OF STD SPACES	39 STD SPACES	0.04x39 STD SPACES	2 SPACES
·			7	

### STORM WATER MANAGEMENT AND WATER QUALITY IMPACTS

THE SITE PLAN PROVIDES AT LEAST THE MINIMUM NUMBER OF SPACES OF EACH TYPE

THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT WILL RESULT IN A TOTAL AREA OF 1.81 ACRES OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACE. INCLUDING THE EXISTING ROAD ON THE NORTH SIDE OF THE SITE. THIS IS LESS THAN WAS ASSUMED IN THE DESIGN OF THE STORM WATER MASTER PLAN. NO ADDITIONAL ON-SITE STORM WATER MITIGATION IS PROPOSED.

### SANITARY SEWER DEMANDS

BASED ON THE NORTH CAROLINA AVERAGE WASTEWATER DESIGN FLOW RATES, THE PROPOSED DAILY SANITARY SEWER FLOW RATE FROM THE CONVENIENCE STORE WAS CALCULATED TO BE 2,875 GPD (1.75 GPM). THESE CALCULATIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

60GAL/100S.F. = 60 X 4790 / 100 = 2,875 GPD PEAK FLOW2,875 G.P.D./1440 MIN. = 2.00 GPM PEAK FLOW

THE FLOW RATE FROM THE CAR WASH IS ESTIMATED TO BE 261 GPD (0.18 GPM).

### FIRE FLOW DEMAND

PER NC BUILDING CODE THE REQUIRED FIRE FLOW FOR TYPE IIB CONSTRUCTION LESS THAN 5,000 SF IS 1,500 GPM.

### TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY

EXISTING CONDITIONS INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON FOR AREAS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF DEVELOPMENT WERE PERFORMED BY SURVEY MATTERS IN DEC OF 2021. SURVEY COORDINATES ARE TIED TO THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, NAD83 (2011)/ NAVD 88. TOPOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION HEREON FOR AREA OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF DEVELOPMENT ARE FROM NEW HANOVER COUNTY GIS AND EXISTING RECORD DRAWINGS.

### **NORTH CAROLINA 811**

CALL NORTH CAROLINA, "ONE CALL" AT 811 OR (1-800-632-4949) TWO (2) DAYS PRIOR TO ANY DIGGING.

1. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONTACTING BORTH CAROLINA MISS UTILITY PRIOR TO ANY DEMOLITION OR CONSTRUCTION BEGINS.

2. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO FIELD VERIFY ALL UTILITIES, VAULTS, UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES, ETC. BEFORE DEMOLITION OR CONSTRUCTION BEGINS. IT IS ALSO THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO REPAIR / REPLACE ANY DAMAGED UTILITIES, STRUCTURES, DURING DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION.

### SURVEY DATUM

NORTH AMERICAN DATUM 83 (NAD-83)

NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM 88 (NAVD-88)

### FLOODPLAIN

THE PROPERTY SHOWN HEREON IS WITHIN ZONE "X" (MINIMAL FLOOD RISK). THE SITE IS SHOWN ON THE FOLLOWING FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP:

### COMMUNITY: NEW HANOVER COUNTY

NUMBER: 370168; PANEL: 3138; MAP NO. 3720313800K (EFFECTIVE 08/28/2013).

### WETLAND AND CAMA AREAS OF ENVIRONMENTAL INTEREST

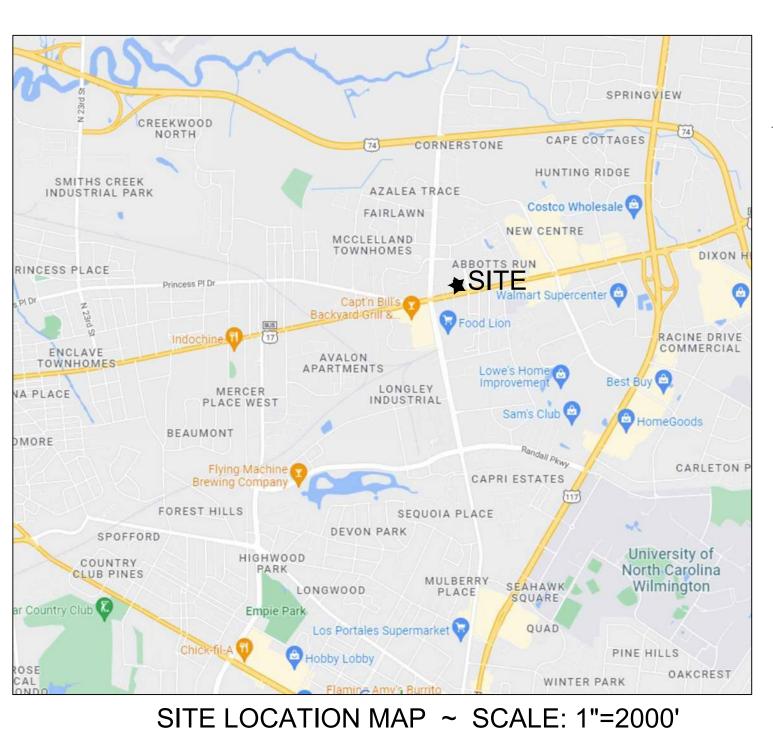
THERE ARE NO WETLANDS BEING IMPACTED ON THIS SITE AND NO CAMA AREAS OF ENVIRONMENTAL INTEREST ON THIS SITE. THE CAMA LAND USE CLASSIFICATION IS URBAN.

### SURFACE WATERS

THERE ARE NO SURFACE WATERS ON THIS SITE.

## MARKET ST. 7-ELEVEN

## "SITE & UTILITY PLAN" CITY OF WILMINGTON NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA



166 L.F.

1 EA.

2 EA.

2 EA.

1 EA.

4 EA.

APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES LIST

CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT UTILIZE QUANTITIES SHOWN FOR BIDDING PURPOSES.

CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY ALL QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS.

THESE APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES PROVIDED ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.

4" PVC SDR-35

6" PVC SDR-35

CLEANOUT

48" MONITORING MANHOLE

750 GAL OIL/WATER INTERCEPTOR

GB-250 GREASE TRAP

1,500 GAL RECLAIM PIT

CLEANOUTS

SANITARY - PRIVATE

SANITARY - PUBLIC

ONSITE TABULATIONS

AREA (SF)

28,731

1,482

30,213

88,127

118,340

**EXISTING CONDITIONS:** 

<u>ITEM:</u>

**IMPERVIOUS** 

SUB-TOTAL

PERVIOUS

BUILDINGS

CONCRETE

OPEN SPACE

ASPHALT, GRAVEL

177 L.F.

8 EA.

2 EA

1 EA.

1 EA.

2 EA.

1 EA.

WATER - PRIVATE

2" C900 PVC WL

1.5" C900 PVC WL

WITH HOTROX

WITH HOTBOX

WITH HOTBOX

6"x6" TEE

6" PLUG

**ELECTRIC** 

DUKE ENERGY, INC.

800-636-0581

209 COLEMAN DRIVE

CITY OF WILMINGTON

RALEIGH, NC 27601

910-341-2000

CONTACT: CHAD KIMES

910-342-2782

N.C.D.O.T.

910-343-4777

WILMINGTON, NC 28412

DEPT. OF PLANNING

102 NORTH THIRD STREET

CONTACT: BRIAN CHAMBERS

1 SOUTH WILMINGTON STREET

WILMINGTON, NC 28402

DUKE ENERGY PROGRESS

410 S. WILMINGTON STREET

DEPT. OF PUBLIC SERVICES

CITY OF WILMINGTON PUBLIC SERVICES

6" DI FIRE WL

6" DI 45° BENDS

2" COMPRESSION TEE

2" DOMESTIC WATER R.P.Z. B.F.P.

1.5" DOMESTIC WATER R.P.Z. B.F.P.

FIRE HYDRANT WITH GATE VALVE

5/8" IRRIGATION WATER R.P.Z. B.F.P.

6" REDUCED PRESSURE DETECTOR ASS'Y 1 EA.

1 EA.

1 EA.

1 EA.

1 EA.

WATER - PUBLIC

2" DOMESTIC WATER METER AND BOX

1.5" DOMESTIC WATER METER (REUSE)

5/8" IRRIGATION METER AND BOX

6" FIRE WATER GATE VALVE

PIEDMONT NATURAL GAS

CHARLOTTE, NC 28210

WATER & SEWER

WILMINGTON, NC 28403

910-332-6560

**TELEPHONE** 

888-764-2500

BELL SOUTH / AT&T

NEW HANOVER COUNTY

WILMINGTON, NC 28403

910-798-7308

CAPE FEAR PUBLIC UTILITY AUTHORITY

235 GOVERNMENT CENTER DRIVE

**BUILDING CODE OFFICIAL** 

230 GOVERNMENT CENTER DRIVE

877-279-3636

420 PIEDMONT ROW DRIVE

2"x6" FIRE WATER TAPPING SLEEVE

C900 PVC WL

" GATE VALVE

2" CURB STOP

6" DI FIRE WL



THE PROJECTED AVERAGE DAILY TRIP GENERATION IS 4,320 VEHICLES PER DAY. MORNING PEAK HOUR IS 341 VEHICLES. AFTERNOON PEAK HOUR IS 384 VEHICLES. NUMBERS FOR LAND USES 945 AND 948. (ITE TRIP GENERATION, 11th EDITION VOL. 5)

681 L.F.

1 EA.

20 EA.

13 EA.

255 L.F.

278 C.Y.

11 C.Y.

3,250 S.F.

39,639.6 S.F.

**EROSION CONTROL** 

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

SEDIMENT SKIMMER BASIN

NLET PROTECTION

TREE PROTECTION

SAFETY FENCE

STONE OUTLET

TEMPORARY SEEDING

PERMANENT SEEDING

CULVERT INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

PROPOSED CONDITIONS:

<u>ITEM:</u>

**IMPERVIOUS** 

SUB-TOTAL

**PERVIOUS** 

BUILDINGS

ASPHALT

CONCRETE

OPEN SPACE

AREA (SF)

5.847

43,543

22,549

71,939

46,401

118,340

4.9%

36.8%

19.1%

60.87

39.2%

100.00%

<u>% USE</u>

0.0%

24.3%

1.2%

25.5%

74.5%

100.0%

SILT FENCE

### SITE DATA

DEVELOPER: ENCORE - BIRCHWOOD, LLC 1646 W SNOW AVE. #63 TAMPA. FL 33606 CONTACT: PATRICK BUDRONIS

EMAIL: PBUDRONIS@ENCORE-RE.COM MARKET & KERR LLC, MARKET ST. VENTURES OWNER:

LLC, PREVATTE PROPERTIES LLC 3013 HALL WATTERS DR WILMINGTON, NC 28405

ENGINEER: KOONTZ BRYANT JOHNSON WILLIAMS, INC 1703 NORTH PARHAM ROAD, SUITE 202 HENRICO. VIRGINIA 23229 CONTACT: MARK WILLIAMS

PH (804) 200-1937 ~ FAX (804) 740-7338 SURVEYOR:

PH (813) 495-6536

107 HILLCREST AVENUE SIMPSONVILLE, SC 2986 CONTACT: NICK MANSFIELD, PLS

PH (864) 451-0176

SITE ADDRESS: 4615, 4621, AND 4623 MARKET STREET WILMINGTON, NC 28405

PROPOSED USE: 7-11 CONVENIENCE STORE WITH GAS & CAR WASH

MAP REFERENCE PID NUMBER: R04915-001-005-000, R04915-001-001-000, R04914-003-008-000 LATITUDE, LONGITUDE (APPROXIMATE PARCEL CENTER): 34.2436°, -77.8878°

HYDROLOGIC UNIT CODE: 030300070808 UNIT NAME: SMITH CREEK RECEIVING WATER BODIES: CAPE FEAR

UTILITIES: ALL UTILITIES SHALL BE LOCATED UNDERGROUND

DRAINAGE: CURB & GUTTER PARCEL ZONING: RB (REGIONAL BUSINESS)

PARCEL AREA: ±2.72 ACRES **DISTURBED AREA:** ±2.43 ACRES

BUILDING SQ. FT. 4,790 SQ. FT. (CONVENIENCE STORE) 1,057 SQ. FT. (CAR WASH)

BUILDING STORIES: 1 STORY **BUILDING HEIGHT:** 

**CONSTRUCTION TYPE:** II-B NOT SPRINKLERED

ACCORDING TO THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF SOIL TYPE: AGRICULTURE THE SOIL TYPES ON SITE INCLUDE: Le-LEON SAND, 0 TO 2 PERCENT SLOPES. Se-SEAGATE FINE SAND, 0 TO 2 PERCENT SLOPES

### **AVERAGE TRIP GENERATION**

RECEIVED By Jeff Walton at 9:12 am, Nov 15, 2022

### Sheet Index

CO.0	COVER
C1.1	GENERAL NOTES
C1.2	EXISTING CONDITIONS
C1.3	DEMOLITION PLAN
C2.1	SITE PLAN
O7 1	LITH ITV DI ANI

C3.1 UTILITY PLAN GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN

C4.2 GRADING DETAILS C4.3 GRADING DETAILS C4.4 GRADING DETAILS

C4.5 GRADING DETAILS C5.1 E&S PHASE I

C5.2 E&S PHASE II C5.3 E&S NOTES AND DETAILS & NARRATIVE

C5.4 E&S NOTES AND DETAILS C5.5 E&S NOTES AND DETAILS

C5.6 E&S NOTES AND DETAILS C5.7 E&S NOTES AND DETAILS C6.1 PROFILES — STORM

C9.1 DETAILS - STORM

C9.3 DETAILS - SITE -C9.4 DETAILS - WATER - C9.5 DETAILS - WATER

-C9.6 DETAILS - SANITARY

C10.1 SIGHT DISTANCE TRIANGLES L1.1 LIGHTING PLAN

L2.1 LANDSCAPE PLAN L2.2 LANDSCAPE PLAN

-C6.2 PROFILES - SANITARY C7.1 DMAP-STORM C8.1 CALCS — STORM SEWER C9.2 DETAILS - SITE

IOHNSON WILLIAMS 1703 N. Parham Rd. Suite 202 Henrico, Va 23229





> 2

SCALE:

**DATE**: 07/20/2022 **PROJECT:** B6229.63

PLAN NUMBER #2022036

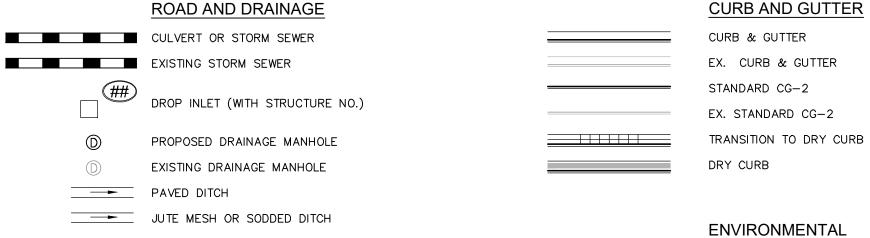
### LEGEND

----*105*---

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<del>-----95 -----</del>

<del>-----</del>94 <del>-----</del>



JUTE MESH OR SODDED DITCH		ENVIRONMENTAL
EARTHEN, GRASSED LINED DITCH		
EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR		100 YEAR FLOOD PLAIN ELEVATION
EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR		WATERS OF THE U.S.
PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR		WETLAND
PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR		LIMITS LIMITS OF CLEARING/DISTURBANCE
EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION		EX TREE LINE
PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATION		100 YEAR BACKWATER ELEVATION
	EARTHEN, GRASSED LINED DITCH EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION	EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR  EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR  PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR  PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR  EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION

+ 96.75 TC PROPOSED TOP OF CURB ELEVATION

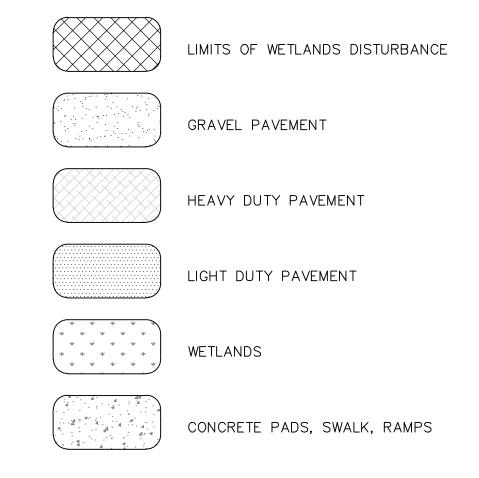
CG-12

S	PROPOSED SEWER MANHOLE
(\$)	EXISTING SEWER MANHOLE
	WATER
	EXISTING WATERLINE
	PROPOSED WATERLINE
	PROPOSED WATERLINE SERVICE
	PROPOSED GATE VALVE
<b>≯-⋈</b> ⊙	FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY
<del> </del>	TEE OR TAPPING SLEEVE
<del></del>	CROSS
<del></del> #	PLUG
<b>&gt;</b>	REDUCER

<b>\( \)</b>	POWER POLE	
€	GUY WIRE	
Т	TRANSFORMER	
V	UTILITY VAULT	
	ELECTRICAL BOX	
E	ELECTRICAL SWITCH \ PANEL	
Ð	ELECTRICAL METER	
	HVAC/AC UNIT	
•	BOLLARD	
•	CONDUIT	
	BUILDING DOWNSPOUT	
\$	POLE LIGHT	
ightharpoons	BUILDING LIGHT	
*	STREET LIGHT	
•	GAS METER	
⊗	GAS VALVE	
۰	TEST PIT MARKER	
#	TEST PIT TAG	
$\Theta$	SATELLITE DISH	
•~	FLAG POLE	
٥	STREET SIGN	
Ū.	MAIL BOX	

BOX

LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION



### **ABBREVIATIONS**

AC.	ACRE	
CL OR C/L	CENTERLINE	
CONC	CONCRETE	
EP	EDGE OF PAVEMENT	
ESMT	EASEMENT	
F/C	FACE OF CURB	
FF	FINISH FLOOR	
FH	FIRE HYDRANT	
GV	GATE VALVE	
MFF	MINIMUM FINISH FLOOR	
NBP	NO BUILDING PERMIT	
PL	PROPERTY LINE	
PRV	PRESSURE REGULATOR VALVE	
R/W	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
SAN SEW	SANITARY SEWER	
TC	TOP OF CURB	
TYP	TYPICAL	
UTIL	UTILITY	
W/L	WATERLINE	

### WATER AND SANITARY NOTES

- 1. ALL MATERIALS FOR SEWER AND WATER SYSTEMS SHOWN SHALL BE SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST SPECIFICATIONS OF THE LOCAL UTILITY DEPARTMENT.
- 2. FOR SEWER AND WATER INSTALLATION WITHIN EXISTING N.C.D.O.T. RIGHT OF WAY, UTILITY CONTRACTORS MUST NOTIFY NCDOT WHEN INSTALLATION BEGINS SO THAT DENSITY CAN BE TESTED.
- 3. ALL WORK SHALL BE SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY UTILITY DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFICATION OF APPROPRIATE COUNTY OFFICIALS 48 HOURS PRIOR TO START OF WORK.
- 4. THE ENGINEER WILL CERTIFY THAT THE ROADS AND DITCHES ARE WITHIN 6" OF SUBGRADE BEFORE WATER LINE
- CONSTRUCTION CAN BEGIN.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR WILL INSTALL ALL WATER SERVICE CONNECTIONS AND METER BOXES.
- 6. CONTRACTOR WILL REFER TO CITY OF WILMINGTON STANDARDS, SEE SHEETS C9.1 AND C9.3 FOR ALL DETAILS AND
- 7. BACKFILL FOR ALL UTILITIES WITHIN PROPOSED STREETS SHALL BE PLACED GENERALLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF WILMINGTON SPECIFICATIONS AND THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
- A. NO TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED UNTIL AUTHORIZED BY THE CITY. MATERIALS USED FOR BACKFILL FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH TO TWELVE INCHES (12") ABOVE THE PIPE SHALL BE SELECT MATERIAL FREE FROM

FROST, LARGE CLOGS, STONES AND DEBRIS, AND SHALL BE THOROUGHLY AND CAREFULLY COMPACTED.

- BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED BY MECHANICAL TAMPING THROUGHOUT THE DEPTH OF THE TRENCH TO INSURE A SUITABLE SUBBASE ACCEPTABLE TO THE ROAD ENGINEER. THE MATERIAL TAKEN FROM THE DITCH IS NOT SUITABLE FOR BACKFILLING. IT SHALL BE REMOVED AND AN ACCEPTABLE MATERIAL USED FOR BACKFILLING
- 8. A BACKWATER VALVE IS TO BE USED WHERE THE BUILDING HAS A FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION THAT IS BELOW THE TOP ELEVATION OF THE NEAREST UPGRADE MANHOLE FROM THE BUILDING CONNECTION.
- 9. NO STRUCTURES OR PLANTING OF TREES SHALL BE PERMITTED IN UTILITY EASEMENTS.
- 10. MINIMUM COVER OVER TOP OF WATER PIPE MUST BE 30 INCHES AND A MAXIMUM OF 5 FEET.
- 11. CONTRACTOR MUST FIELD VERIFY THE INVERTS OF ALL EXISTING MANHOLES, GAS LINES, AND OTHER UTILITY LINES PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 12. THE CONTRACTORS SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES IN AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK.
- 13. ALL DAMAGE INCURRED TO EXISTING UTILITIES DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPAIRED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

### FIRE & LIFE SAFETY NOTES

- 1. LANDSCAPING OR PARKING CANNOT BLOCK OR IMPEDE FDCs OR FIRE HYDRANTS. A 3-FOOT CLEAR SPACE SHALL ALWAYS BE MAINTAINED AROUND THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF HYDRANTS AND FDCs.
- 2. ADDITIONAL FIRE PROTECTION AND/OR ACCESSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS MAY BE REQUIRED DUE TO ANY SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES REGARDING THE PROJECT.

### TRAFFIC ENGINEERING NOTES

- 1. ANY REQUIRED INSTALLATION OR RELOCATION OF TRAFFIC SIGNS/PAVEMENT MARKINGS IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PROJECT DEVELOPER. PLEASE COORDINATE WITH CITY TRAFFIC SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS MANAGER/SUPERVISOR PRIOR TO INSTALLATION/ RELOCATION OF ANY TRAFFIC SIGNS OR MARKINGS IN EXISTING OR PROPOSED PUBLIC ROW.
- 2. ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY AND FOR DRIVEWAYS ARE TO BE THERMOPLASTIC AND MEET CITY AND/OR NCDOT STANDARDS.
- 3. ALL SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN AREAS OPEN TO PUBLIC TRAFFIC ARE TO MEET MUTCD (MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES) STANDARDS.
- 4. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNALS AND MARKINGS OFF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE TO BE MAINTAINED BY THE
- PROPERTY OWNER IN ACCORDANCE WITH MUTCD STANDARDS.
- 5. ALL PARKING STALL MARKINGS AND LANE ARROWS WITHIN THE PARKING AREAS SHALL BE WHITE.
- 6. ANY BROKEN OR MISSING SIDEWALK PANELS, CURBING, AND DRIVEWAY PANELS WILL BE REPLACED.
- 7. CONTACT 811 PRIOR TO CONTACTING CITY OF WILMINGTON, TRAFFIC ENGINEERING REGARDING THE UTILITIES IN ROW.

### NCDOT NOTES

- WORK WITHIN DEPARTMENTAL RIGHTS OF WAY REQUIRING LANE OR SHOULDER CLOSURES OR OTHER AFFECTED AREAS WILL REQUIRE STRICT ADHERENCE TO NCDOT SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS.
- 2. SIGNS AND VERTICAL MARKERS (MONUMENTS, DISPLAYS, ETC.) SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED WITHIN NCDOT RIGHT-OF-WAY.

### **CONSTRUCTION NOTES**

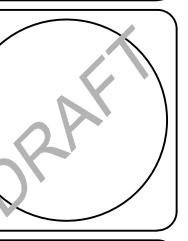
- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE TO THE FACE OF CURB, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 2. ALL DITCHES/SWALES SHALL BE ROUGHED IN AT THE TIME OF ROAD CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN AN ALL-WEATHER ACCESS FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLES AT ALL TIMES DURING

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. PRIOR TO BIDDING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VISIT THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION SITE AND BECOME FAMILIAR WITH ALL EXISTING FEATURES AND UTILITIES AND BASE THE BID PRICE ACCORDINGLY.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CAREFULLY EXAMINE THE SITE AND MAKE ALL INSPECTIONS NECESSARY IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THE FULL EXTENT OF THE WORK REQUIRED TO MAKE THE PROPOSED WORK CONFORM TO THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO THE NATURE AND LOCATION OF THE WORK, CONDITIONS, AND CONFIRMATION AND CONDITION OF EXISTING GROUND SURFACE AND THE CHARACTER OF THE EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES NEEDED PRIOR TO AND DURING EXECUTION OF THE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO THE CHARACTER, QUANTITY AND QUALITY OF SURFACE AND SUBSURFACE MATERIALS OR OBSTACLES TO BE ENCOUNTERED. ANY INACCURACIES OR DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS MUST BE BROUGHT TO THE OWNER'S ATTENTION IN ORDER TO CLARIFY THE EXACT NATURE OF THE WORK TO BE PERFORMED PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW ALL LOCAL, STATE, AND, FEDERAL SAFETY REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURES THAT ARE APPLICABLE IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED WORK.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL PERMITS REQUIRED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED SITE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ABIDING BY ALL CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE PERMITS.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFICATION OF THE APPROPRIATE CITY OFFICIALS 48 HOURS PRIOR TO START OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT.
- 6. ALL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ROAD AND BRIDGE STANDARDS AND ROAD & BRIDGE SPECIFICATIONS EXCEPT WHERE LOCAL STANDARDS ARE APPLICABLE.
- 7. ALL REQUIRED TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS SHALL BE FABRICATED AS SHOWN IN "THE NATIONAL MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS" AND NORTH CAROLINA SUPPLEMENT THERETO.
- 8. THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES, CONDUITS, OR OTHER STRUCTURES ACROSS, UNDERNEATH, OR OTHERWISE ALONG THE LINE OF PROPOSED WORK AREA NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE PLANS, AND IF SHOWN ARE ONLY APPROXIMATELY CORRECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ALL STRUCTURES AND UTILITIES (OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND) IN AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK. CONTACT THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY IF THE LOCATION OR ELEVATION DIFFERS FROM THAT SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND APPEARS TO BE IN CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT "NC 811" AT 1-800-632-4949 OR 811 PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 9. DAMAGE TO UTILITIES (ABOVE AND BELOW GROUND) OR PROPERTY OF OTHERS BY CONTRACTOR DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPAIRED TO PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS BY CONTRACTOR AT NO COST TO THE
- 10. ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES MAY BE EITHER PRECAST OR CAST-IN-PLACE. SHOP DRAWINGS OF ALL PRECAST STRUCTURES MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL BY ENGINEER.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE ABANDONMENT / REMOVAL OF EXISTING TELEPHONE SERVICE AND LOCATION OF NEW TELEPHONE SERVICE WITH THE TELEPHONE UTILITY AND THE OWNER.
- 12. IF NECESSARY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE ABANDONMENT / REMOVAL OF EXISTING POWER SERVICE AND LOCATION OF NEW POWER SERVICE WITH THE POWER UTILITY AND THE OWNER.
- 13. IF NECESSARY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A SET OF APPROVED PLANS AT THE SITE AT ALL TIMES WHEN WORK IS BEING PERFORMED. A DESIGNATED RESPONSIBLE EMPLOYEE SHALL BE AVAILABLE FOR CONTACT BY LOCAL (CITY) INSPECTORS.
- 14. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN ALL DITCHES, PIPES, AND OTHER DRAINAGE STRUCTURES FREE FROM OBSTRUCTION UNTIL ACCEPTED BY THE OWNER. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGES CAUSED BY FAILURE TO MAINTAIN THE WATERWAYS IN OPERABLE CONDITION.
- 15. THE LOCAL (CITY) ENGINEER MAY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL, IF MEASURES WARRANT.
- 16. THE APPROVAL OF THIS PLAN SHALL NOT IN ANY WAY GRANT PERMISSION BY THE CITY FOR THE CONTRACTOR TO TRESPASS ON OFF-SITE PROPERTIES.
- 17. CONSTRUCTION STAKING SHALL BE PERFORMED BY A LAND SURVEYOR LICENSED IN THE STATE OF NORTH
- 18. THE PLANS SHOULD BE FOLLOWED AS APPROVED. KOONTZ BRYANT JOHNSON WILLIAMS, INC. WILL NOT ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR CHANGES MADE BY OTHERS.

### KOONTZ BRYANT IOHNSON WILLIAMS

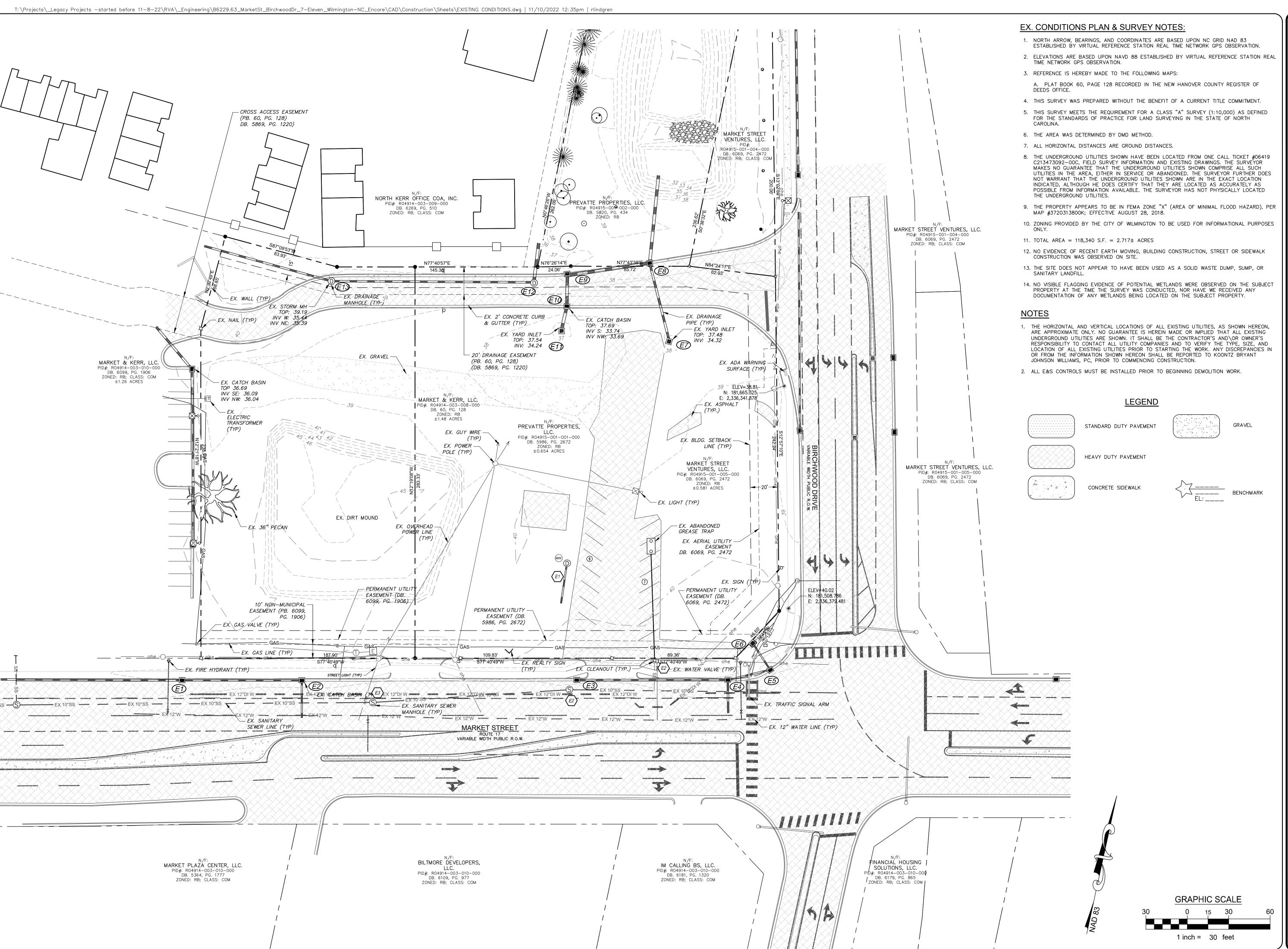
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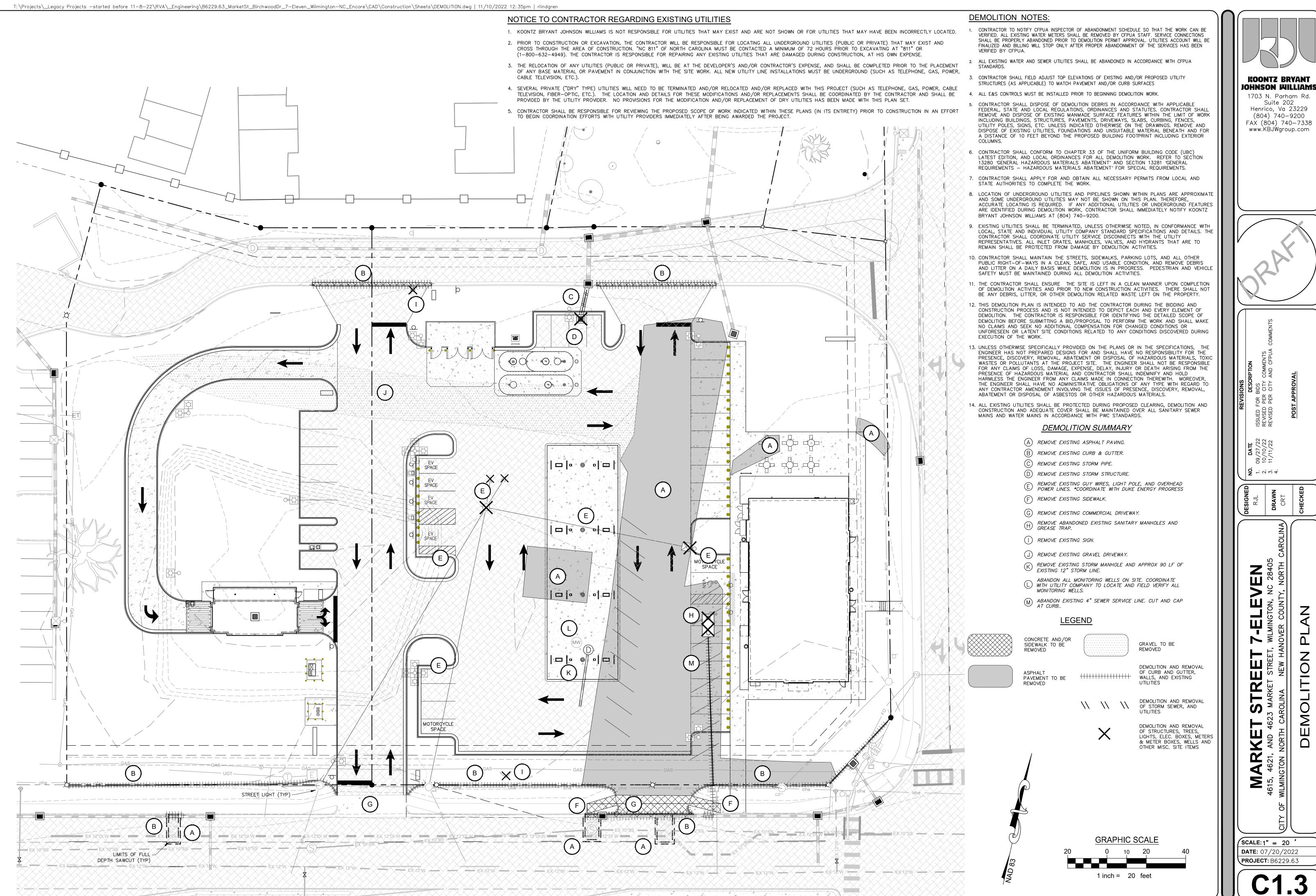
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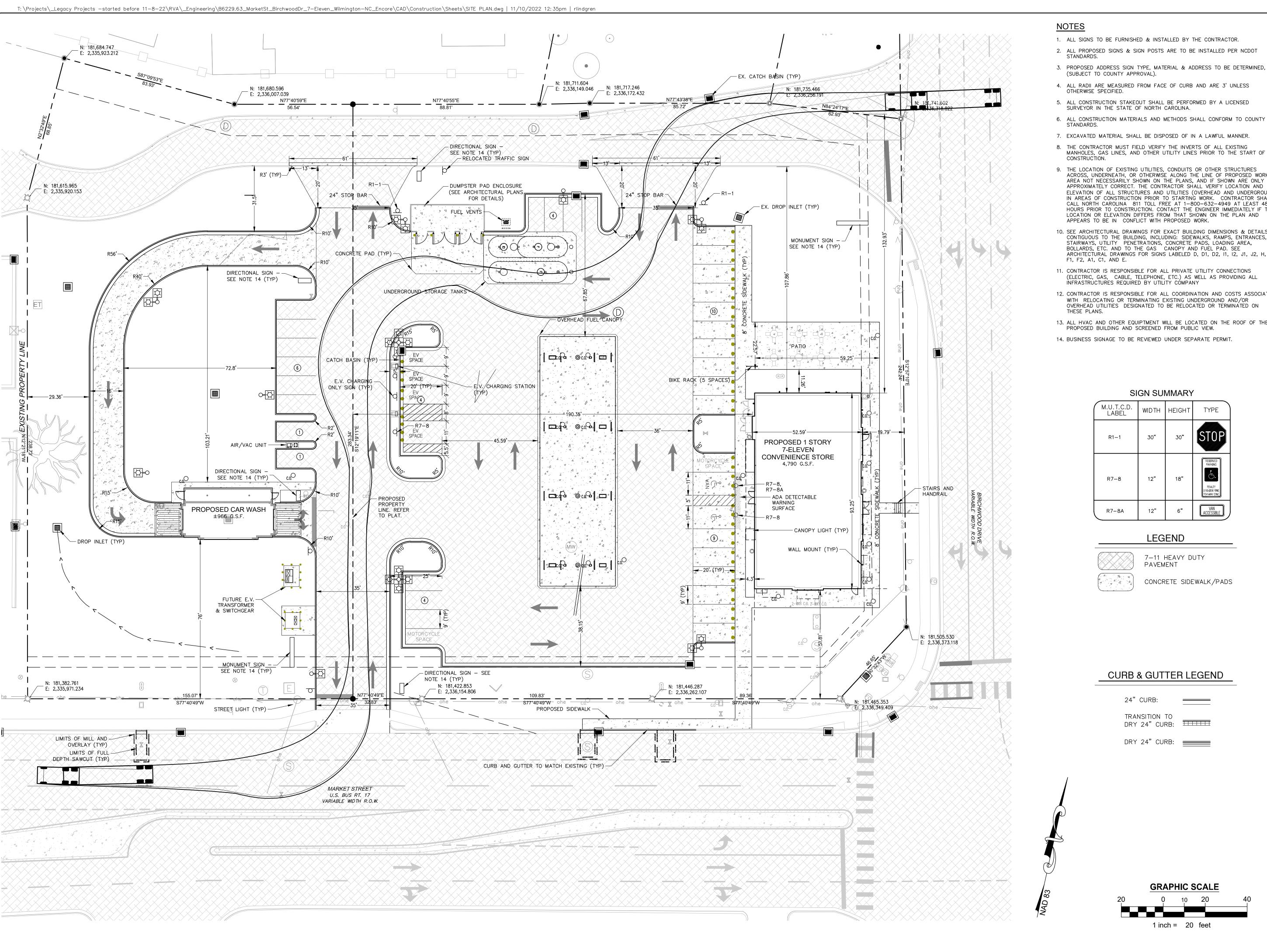
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### **KOONTZ BRYANT**

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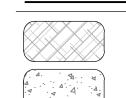
### <u>NOTES</u>

- 1. ALL SIGNS TO BE FURNISHED & INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 2. ALL PROPOSED SIGNS & SIGN POSTS ARE TO BE INSTALLED PER NCDOT STANDARDS.
- 3. PROPOSED ADDRESS SIGN TYPE, MATERIAL & ADDRESS TO BE DETERMINED, (SUBJECT TO COUNTY APPROVAL).
- 4. ALL RADII ARE MEASURED FROM FACE OF CURB AND ARE 3' UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- 5. ALL CONSTRUCTION STAKEOUT SHALL BE PERFORMED BY A LICENSED
- SURVEYOR IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
- 7. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN A LAWFUL MANNER.
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR MUST FIELD VERIFY THE INVERTS OF ALL EXISTING MANHOLES, GAS LINES, AND OTHER UTILITY LINES PRIOR TO THE START OF
- 9. THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES, CONDUITS OR OTHER STRUCTURES ACROSS, UNDERNEATH, OR OTHERWISE ALONG THE LINE OF PROPOSED WORK AREA NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE PLANS, AND IF SHOWN ARE ONLY APPROXIMATELY CORRECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ALL STRUCTURES AND UTILITIES (OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND) IN AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL NORTH CAROLINA 811 TOLL FREE AT 1-800-632-4949 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTACT THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY IF THE LOCATION OR ELEVATION DIFFERS FROM THAT SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND APPEARS TO BE IN CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED WORK.
- 10. SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR EXACT BUILDING DIMENSIONS & DETAILS CONTIGUOUS TO THE BUILDING, INCLUDING: SIDEWALKS, RAMPS, ENTRANCES, STAIRWAYS, UTILITY PENETRATIONS, CONCRETE PADS, LOADING AREA, BOLLARDS, ETC. AND TO THE GAS CANOPY AND FUEL PAD. SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR SIGNS LABELED D, D1, D2, I1, I2, J1, J2, H, P, F1, F2, A1, C1, AND E.
- 11. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL PRIVATE UTILITY CONNECTIONS (ELECTRIC, GAS, CABLE, TELEPHONE, ETC.) AS WELL AS PROVIDING ALL INFRASTRUCTURES REQUIRED BY UTILITY COMPANY
- 12. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COORDINATION AND COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH RELOCATING OR TERMINATING EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND/OR OVERHEAD UTILITIES DESIGNATED TO BE RELOCATED OR TERMINATED ON THESE PLANS.
- 13. ALL HVAC AND OTHER EQUIPTMENT WILL BE LOCATED ON THE ROOF OF THE PROPOSED BUILDING AND SCREENED FROM PUBLIC VIEW.
- 14. BUSINESS SIGNAGE TO BE REVIEWED UNDER SEPARATE PERMIT.

### SIGN SUMMARY

M.U.T.C.D. LABEL	WIDTH	HEIGHT	TYPE
R1-1	30"	30"	STOR
R7-8	12"	18"	RESERVED PARKING PARKING PENALTY S100-\$500 FINE TOW AWAY ZONE
R7-8A	12"	6"	VAN ACCESSIBLE

### LEGEND



7-11 HEAVY DUTY PAVEMENT

CONCRETE SIDEWALK/PADS

### **CURB & GUTTER LEGEND**

24" CURB: TRANSITION TO DRY 24" CURB:

DRY 24" CURB:

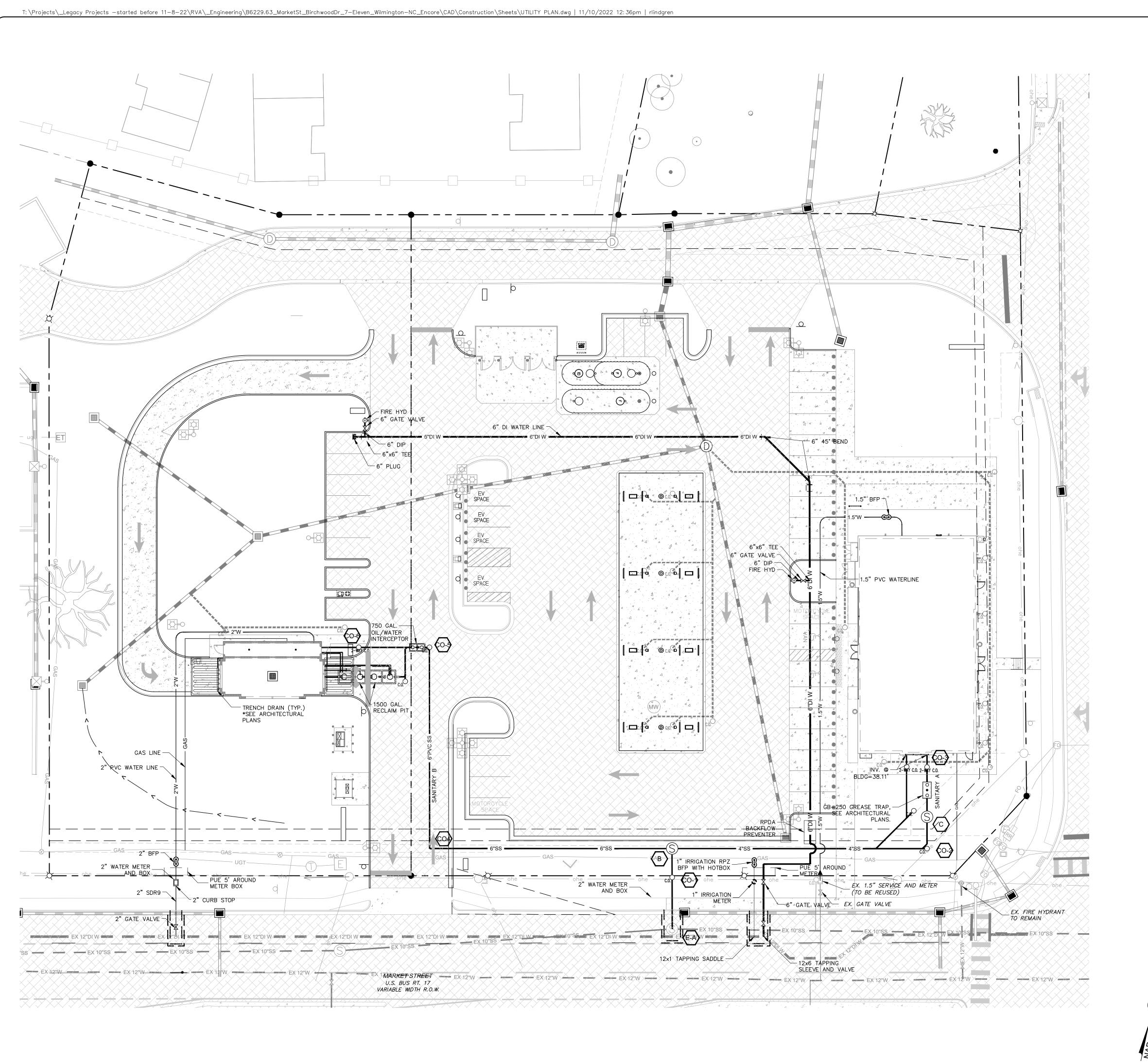
**GRAPHIC SCALE** 1 inch = 20 feet

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### SANITARY SEWER DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

1. ALL STRUCTURES WITH A DEPTH OF 4'-0" OR GREATER WILL REQUIRE STEPS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS

2. CONTRACTOR IS TO EXERCISE EXTREME CARE IN THE INSTALLATION OF PIPES WITH SHALLOW SLOPES IN ORDER TO PROVIDE POSITIVE GRADE.

TOP = 42.16E-A to CO-1 22.1 L.F. ~ 6.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 1.87%

INV.(LOWER)=34.99

TOP = 42.35

12.4 L.F. ~ 6.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 1.35%

INV.(UPPER)=35.41

INV.(LOWER) = 35.43INV.(UPPER)=35.60 MONITORING SAN MH TOP=42.15

109.3 L.F. ~ 4.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 1.95% INV.(LOWER) = 35.60INV.(UPPER)=37.74

TOP=41.83 13.6 L.F. ~ 4.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 1.25% INV.(LOWER)=37.74 INV.(UPPE INV.(UPPER)=37.91

TOP=41.63 48" SAN MONITORING MANHOLE C to OWS-A 8.0 L.F.  $\sim$  4.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 0.97% INV.(LOWER)=37.91 INV.(UPPE INV.(UPPER)=37.99

OWS-B to CO-3 6.3 L.F.  $\sim$  4.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 1.00% INV.(LOWER)=37.99 INV.(UPPE INV.(UPPER)=38.05

TOP = 41.434" 2-WAY SAN C.O.

CO-3 to Bldg-A 6.4 L.F. ~ 4.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 0.94% INV.(LOWER) = 38.05

MONITORING SAN MH TOP=42.15

104.2 L.F. ~ 6.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 0.50% CO4 to B INV.(LOWER) = 35.50INV.(UPPER)=34.98

TOP=42.20 CO4 to CO-5 86.2 L.F. ~ 6.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 1.00%

INV.(LOWER)=36.96 TOP=40.95

1.9 L.F. ~ 6.0 inch PVC Pipe @ 1.08% INV.(LOWER)=37.82 INV.(UPPER)=37.84

### <u>NOTES</u>

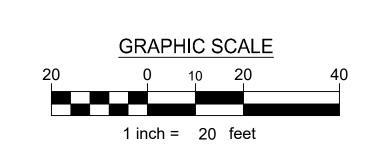
1. SEE THIS SHEET FOR SANITARY SEWER SCHEDULE.

RIGHTS-OF-WAY.

- 2. ALL SALVAGEABLE UTILITY ITEMS ARE TO BE RETURNED TO THE CAPE FEAR PUBLIC UTILITY AUTHORITY AS DETERMINED BY THE UTILITIES INSPECTOR.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR MUST FIELD VERIFY THE INVERTS OF ALL EXISTING MANHOLES, GAS LINES, AND OTHER UTILITY LINES PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES, CONDUITS OR OTHER STRUCTURES ACROSS, UNDERNEATH, OR OTHERWISE ALONG THE LINE OF PROPOSED WORK AREA NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE PLANS, AND IF SHOWN ARE ONLY APPROVIDED TO A SHOWN ON THE PLANS. APPROXIMATELY CORRECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ALL STRUCTURES AND UTILITIES (OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND) IN AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL NC 811 TOLL FREE AT 1-800-632-4949 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTACT THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY IF THE LOCATION OR

ELEVATION DIFFERS FROM THAT SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND APPEARS TO BE IN

- CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED WORK. 5. PRIOR TO CONNECTING THE PROPOSED WATER OR SEWER LINES TO THE EXISTING COUNTY SYSTEMS, THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA MUST BE MET: ALL PUBLIC WATER AND/ORE SEWER LINES MUST EITHER BE LOCATED WITHIN RECORDED WATER OR SEWER EASEMENTS OR WITHIN DEDICATED
- ALL WATER AND/OR SEWER LILNE TESTING HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND HAS SUCCESSFULLY PASSED. ROADS MUST BE READY FOR FINAL PAVING, WITH ALL CURB & GUTTER AND THE SUBBASE INSTALLED.
- 6. SEE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR GREASE TRAP, OIL/WATER INTERCEPTOR, AND



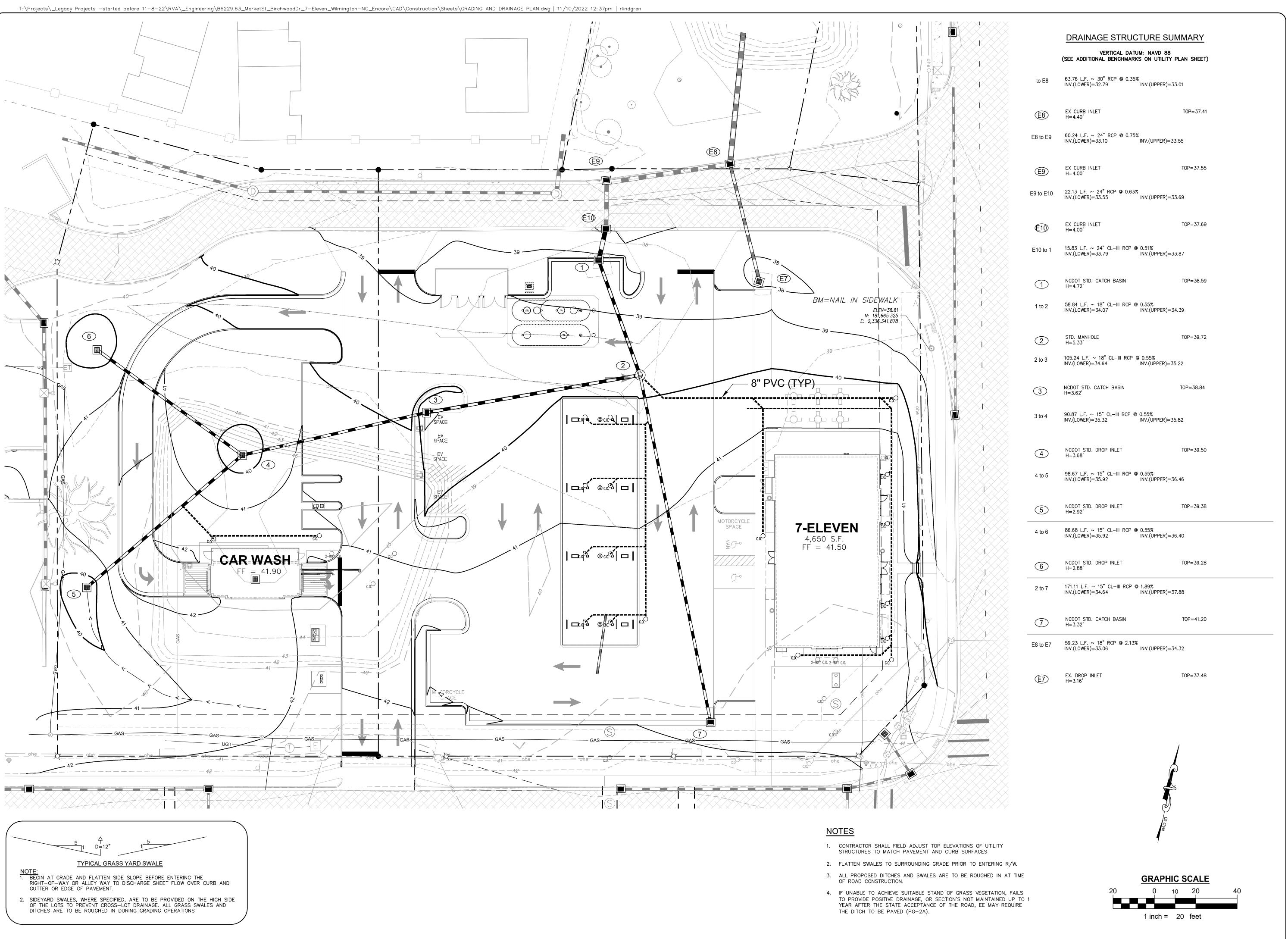
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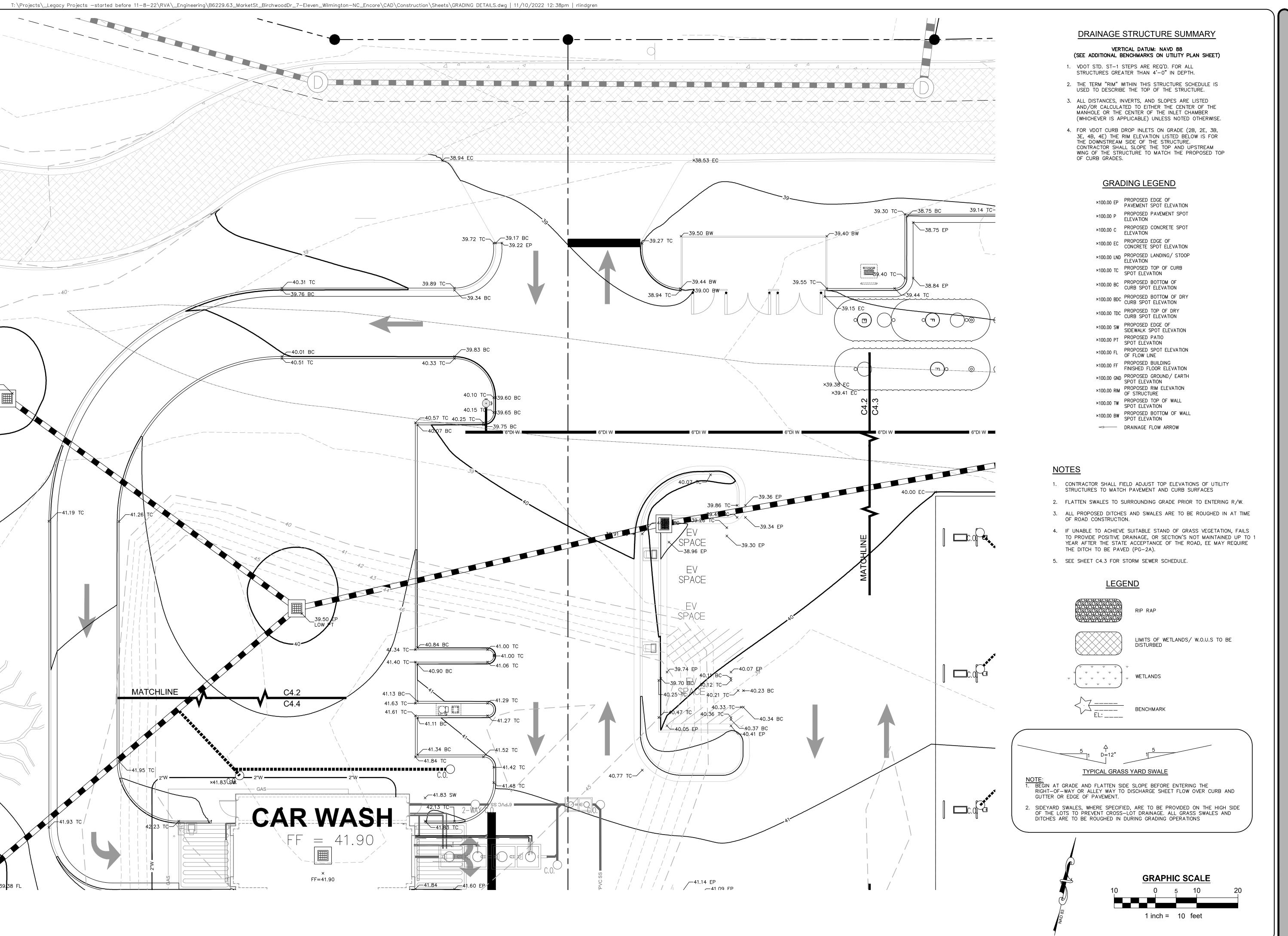
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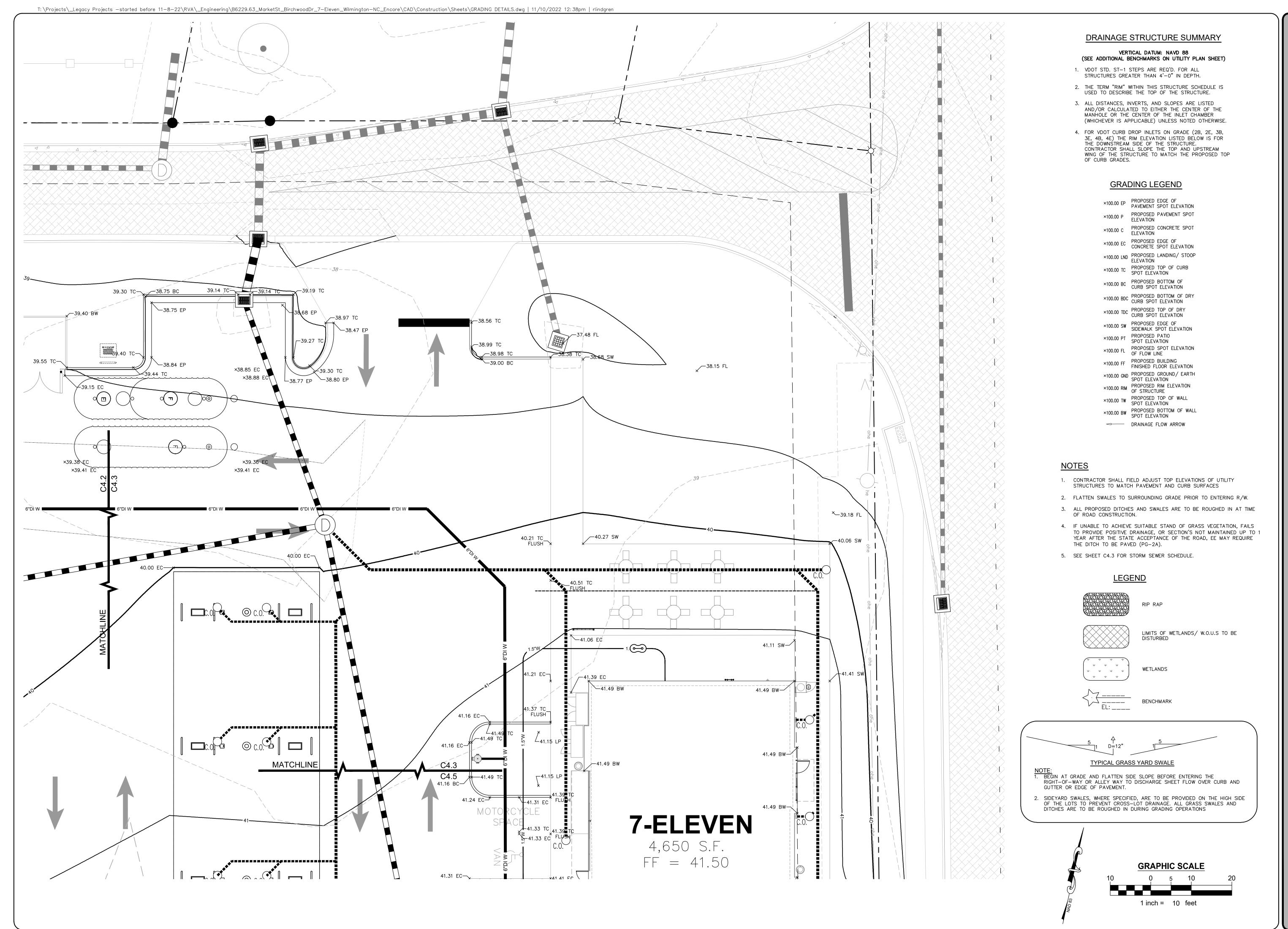
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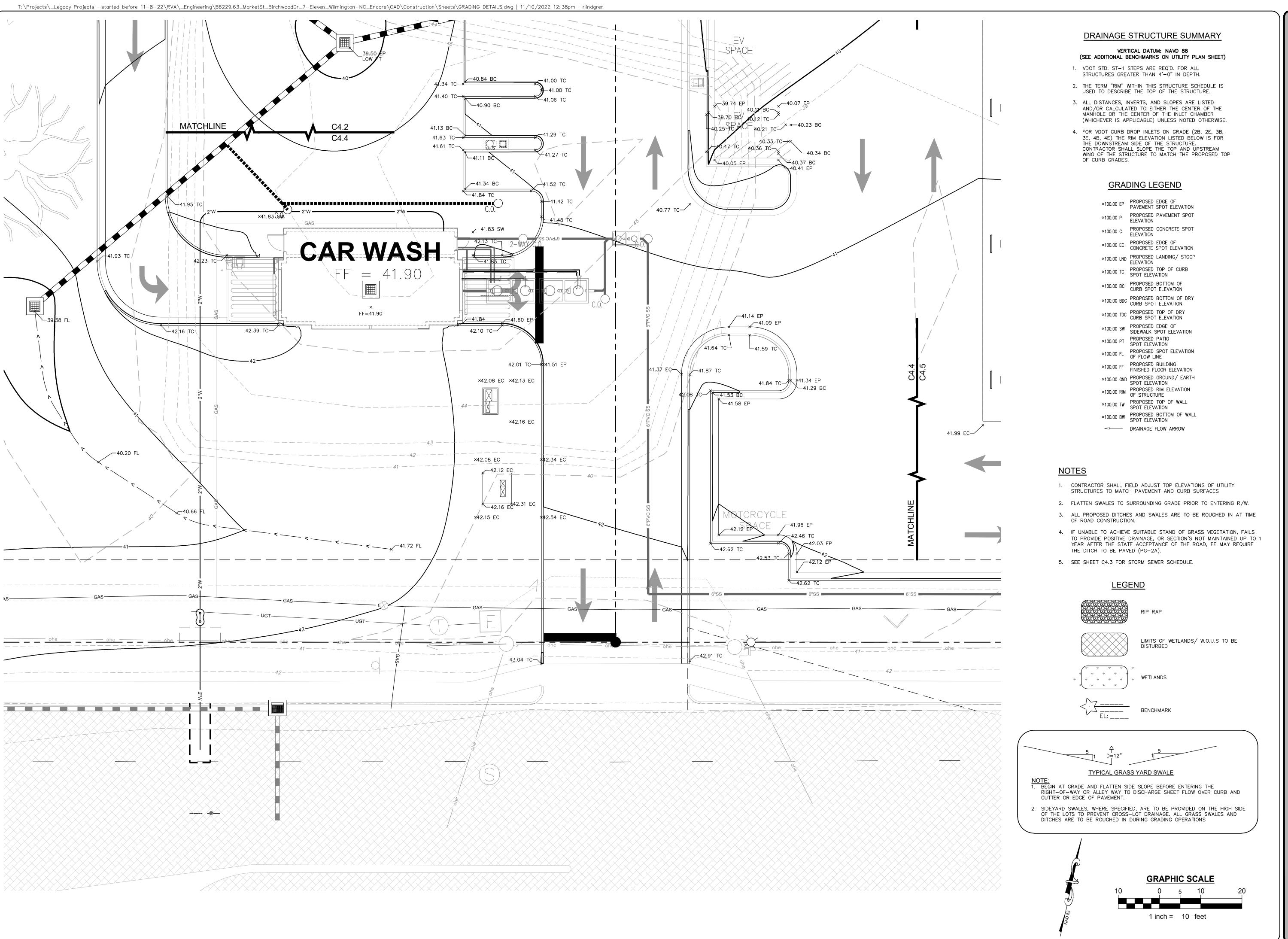
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1703 N. Parham Rd. Suite 202 Henrico, Va 23229 (804) 740-9200 FAX (804) 740-7338 www.KBJWgroup.com

MARKE 615. 4621, AND 4

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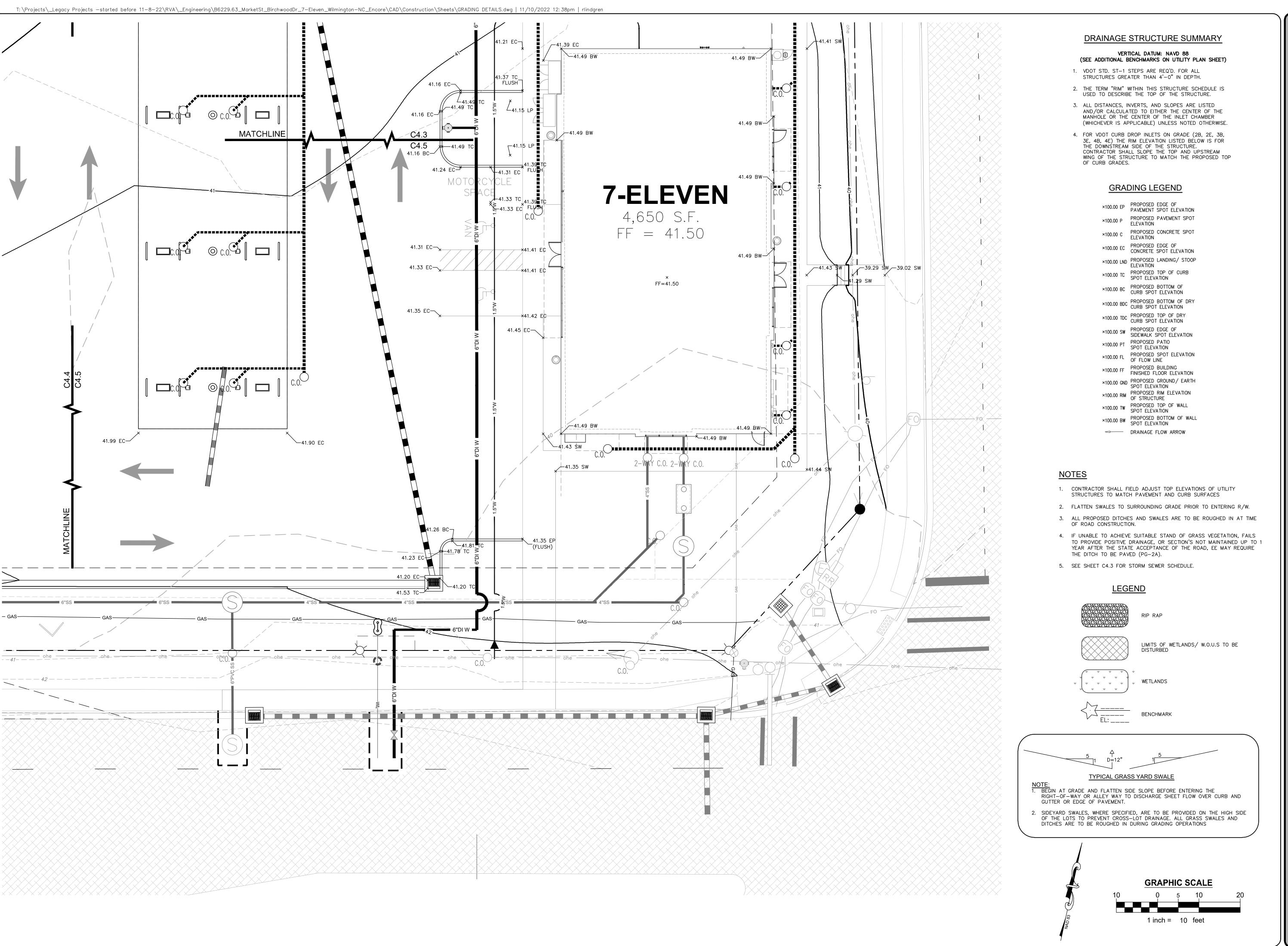
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DATE: 07/20/2022
PROJECT: B6229.63

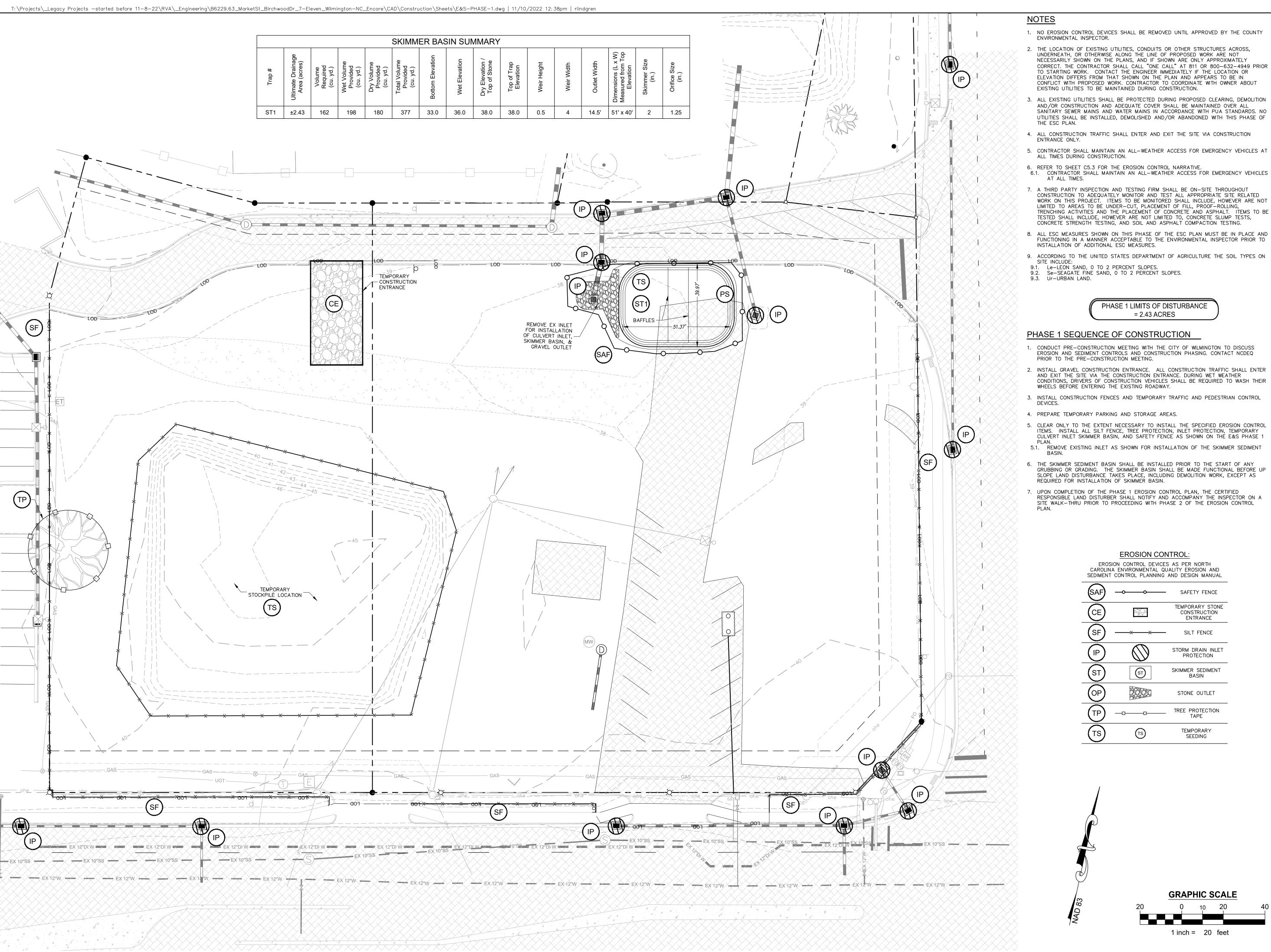
C4.4



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1. NO EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE REMOVED UNTIL APPROVED BY THE COUNTY

2. THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES, CONDUITS OR OTHER STRUCTURES ACROSS, UNDERNEATH, OR OTHERWISE ALONG THE LINE OF PROPOSED WORK ARE NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE PLANS, AND IF SHOWN ARE ONLY APPROXIMATELY CORRECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL "ONE CALL" AT 811 OR 800-632-4949 PRIOR TO STARTING WORK. CONTACT THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY IF THE LOCATION OR ELEVATION DIFFERS FROM THAT SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND APPEARS TO BE IN CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED WORK. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH OWNER ABOUT

3. ALL EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING PROPOSED CLEARING, DEMOLITION AND/OR CONSTRUCTION AND ADEQUATE COVER SHALL BE MAINTAINED OVER ALL SANITARY SEWER MAINS AND WATER MAINS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PUA STANDARDS. NO UTILITIES SHALL BE INSTALLED, DEMOLISHED AND/OR ABANDONED WITH THIS PHASE OF

4. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC SHALL ENTER AND EXIT THE SITE VIA CONSTRUCTION

5. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN AN ALL-WEATHER ACCESS FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLES AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION.

7. A THIRD PARTY INSPECTION AND TESTING FIRM SHALL BE ON-SITE THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION TO ADEQUATELY MONITOR AND TEST ALL APPROPRIATE SITE RELATED WORK ON THIS PROJECT. ITEMS TO BE MONITORED SHALL INCLUDE, HOWEVER ARE NOT LIMITED TO AREAS TO BE UNDER-CUT, PLACEMENT OF FILL, PROOF-ROLLING, TRENCHING ACTIVITIES AND THE PLACEMENT OF CONCRETE AND ASPHALT. ITEMS TO BE TESTED SHALL INCLUDE, HOWEVER ARE NOT LIMITED TO, CONCRETE SLUMP TESTS,

8. ALL ESC MEASURES SHOWN ON THIS PHASE OF THE ESC PLAN MUST BE IN PLACE AND FUNCTIONING IN A MANNER ACCEPTABLE TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR PRIOR TO

9. ACCORDING TO THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THE SOIL TYPES ON

9.2. Se-SEAGATE FINE SAND, 0 TO 2 PERCENT SLOPES.

PHASE 1 LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE

1. CONDUCT PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE CITY OF WILMINGTON TO DISCUSS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AND CONSTRUCTION PHASING. CONTACT NCDEQ

2. INSTALL GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC SHALL ENTER AND EXIT THE SITE VIA THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. DURING WET WEATHER CONDITIONS, DRIVERS OF CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES SHALL BE REQUIRED TO WASH THEIR WHEELS BEFORE ENTERING THE EXISTING ROADWAY.

3. INSTALL CONSTRUCTION FENCES AND TEMPORARY TRAFFIC AND PEDESTRIAN CONTROL

5. CLEAR ONLY TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO INSTALL THE SPECIFIED EROSION CONTROL ITEMS. INSTALL ALL SILT FENCE, TREE PROTECTION, INLET PROTECTION, TEMPORARY CULVERT INLET SKIMMER BASIN, AND SAFETY FENCE AS SHOWN ON THE E&S PHASE 1

5.1. REMOVE EXISTING INLET AS SHOWN FOR INSTALLATION OF THE SKIMMER SEDIMENT

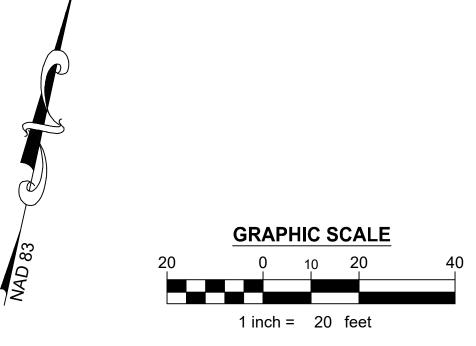
6. THE SKIMMER SEDIMENT BASIN SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY GRUBBING OR GRADING. THE SKIMMER BASIN SHALL BE MADE FUNCTIONAL BEFORE UP SLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE TAKES PLACE, INCLUDING DEMOLITION WORK, EXCEPT AS

7. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PHASE 1 EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE CERTIFIED RESPONSIBLE LAND DISTURBER SHALL NOTIFY AND ACCOMPANY THE INSPECTOR ON A SITE WALK-THRU PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH PHASE 2 OF THE EROSION CONTROL

### **EROSION CONTROL**

EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS PER NORTH CAROLINA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANNING AND DESIGN MANUAL

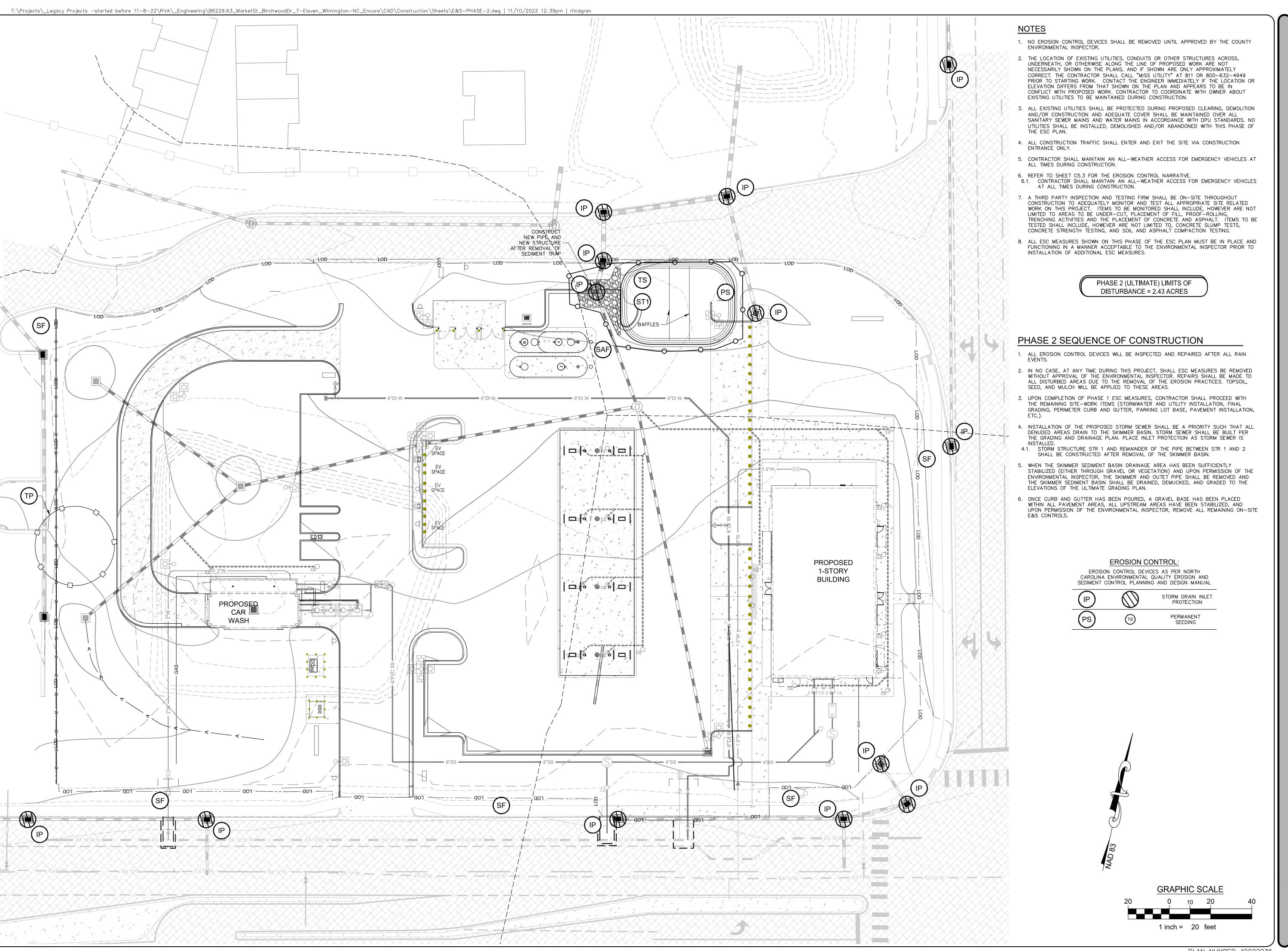
SEDIMENT	CONTROL PLANNING	AND DESIGN MANUA
SAF		- SAFETY FENCE
CE		TEMPORARY STON CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
SF	×	- SILT FENCE
IP		STORM DRAIN INLE PROTECTION
ST	ST	SKIMMER SEDIMENT BASIN
OP		STONE OUTLET
TP	-00	TREE PROTECTION TAPE
TS	TS	TEMPORARY SEEDING



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### **EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NARRATIVE**

### PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

THE PROPOSED LAND DISTURBANCE (2.43 ACRES) FOR THE PROJECT WILL INCLUDE THE DEMOLITION OF AN EXISTING ASPHALT PARKING LOT, GRAVEL DRIVE, DIRT MOUND, CURBING AND GUTTER, COMMERCIAL DRIVEWAY ENTRANCE, AND SIDEWALK IN PREPARATION FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED NEW 7-ELEVEN WITH GAS, CAR WASH, AND ASPHALT PARKING LOT.

### **EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS:**

THE SITE IS CURRENTLY USED AS A VACANT LOT WITH ASPHALT PARKING LOT, GRAVEL DRIVE, AND DIRT MOUND.

### **ADJACENT AREAS:**

THE IMMEDIATE SURROUNDING AREAS ARE DEVELOPED COMMERCIAL USES.

### OFF-SITE AREAS:

PORTIONS OF THE PRIVATE DRIVES WILL BE DISTURBED TO PROVIDE PROPOSED ENTRANCES, UTILITY CONNECTIONS, AND NEW SIDEWALK. EXISTING FILL TO APPROXIMATELY 3' WAS ENCOUNTERED IN TWO BORINGS BELOW EXISTING GROUND SURFACE. SUBGRADE CONSISTED OF VERY LOOSE TO MEDIUM DENSE CLAYEY/SILTY SAND (SC/SW).

### CRITICAL AREA:

DUE TO THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY OF THE SITE, NO SIGNIFICANT EROSION PROBLEMS ARE ANTICIPATED. DUE TO THE SOILS HAVING MEDIUM TO HIGH MOISTURE CONTENT, CONTRACTOR SHALL USE CAUTION AT THE INGRESS/EGRESS FROM THE SITE. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES DURING LAND DISTURBANCE.

### **EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL:**

ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED ACCORDING TO THE

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANNING AND DESIGN MANUAL.

- A. STRUCTURAL PRACTICES • TREE PROTECTION - STD. & SPEC. 6.05
- CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE STD. & SPEC. 6.06
- INLET PROTECTION STD. & SPEC. 6.51 • SKIMMER SEDIMENT BASIN - STD. & SPEC. 6.64
- POROUS BAFFLES STD. & SPEC. 6.65 • SILT FENCE - STD. & SPEC. 6.62
- SAFETY FENCE
- B. STRUCTURAL PRACTICES
- TEMPORARY SEEDING STD. & SPEC. 6.10 • PERMANENT SEEDING - STD. & SPEC. 6.11

### PERMANENT STABILIZATION:

THE PARKING LOT WILL BE SECURED WITH ASPHALT PAVING AS SHOWN ON SHEET C2.1. ALL OTHER DISTURBED AREAS ARE TO BE SEEDED OR SODDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NORTH CAROLINA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANNING AND DESIGN MANUAL.

### STORMWATER RUNOFF CONSIDERATIONS:

THE STORMWATER RUNOFF SHALL BE COLLECTED ON-SITE AND CONVEYED INTO THE EXISTING STORMWATER CONVEYANCE SYSTEM.

### **CALCULATIONS:**

PROPOSED DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS ARE PROVIDED WITH THIS PROJECT.

### **MAINTENANCE:**

CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN AT ALL TIMES ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES PER STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES LISTED ON THIS SHEET.

### **CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE:**

- 1. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOW OF MUD ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE OR THE WASHING AND REWORKING OF EXISTING STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND
- AND REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY STRUCTURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. 2. ALL MATERIALS SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED, OR TRACKED FROM VEHICLES ONTO ROADWAYS OR INTO STORM DRAINS MUST BE REMOVED
- 3. THE USE OF WATER TRUCKS TO REMOVE MATERIALS DROPPED, WASHED, OR TRACKED ONTO ROADWAYS WILL NOT BE PERMITTED UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES.

- 1. SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSPECTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL. ANY REQUIRED REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY.
- CLOSE ATTENTION SHALL BE PAID TO THE REPAIR OF DAMAGED SILT FENCE RESULTING FROM END RUNS AND UNDERCUTTING. SHOULD THE FABRIC ON A SILT FENCE DECOMPOSE OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE EXPECTED USABLE LIFE AND THE
- BARRIER STILL BE NECESSARY, THE FABRIC SHALL BE REPLACED PROMPTLY. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHOULD BE REMOVED AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. THEY MUST BE REMOVED WHEN DEPOSITS REACH APPROXIMATELY
- 5. ANY SEDIMENT DEPOSITS REMAINING IN PLACE AFTER THE SILT FENCE IS NO LONGER REQUIRED SHALL BE DRESSED TO CONFORM WITH THE EXISTING GRADE, PREPARED AND SEEDED.

### STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION:

- THE STRUCTURE SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH RAIN AND REPAIRS MADE AS NEEDED.
- SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND THE TRAP RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN THE SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO ONE-HALF THE DESIGN DEPTH OF THE TRAP. REMOVED SEDIMENT SHALL BE DEPOSITED IN A SUITABLE AREA AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT IT WILL NOT
- 3. STRUCTURES SHALL BE REMOVED AND THE AREA STABILIZED WHEN THE REMAINING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN PROPERLY STABILIZED.

### **SKIMMER SEDIMENT BASIN:**

- THE STRUCTURE SHALL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH ( $\frac{1}{2}$  INCH OR GREATER) RAIN EVENT AND REPAIRS MADE AS NEEDED. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND THE TRAP RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN THE SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO ONE HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE FIRST BAFFLE. PULL THE SKIMMER TO ONE SIDE SO THE SEDIIMENT UNDERNEATH CAN BE EXCAVATED. EXCAVATE THE SEDIMENT FROM THE ENTIRE BASIN.
- REPAIR THE BAFFLES IF THEY ARE DAMAGED. RE-ANCHOR THE BAFFLES IF WATER IS FLOWING UNDER OR AROUND THEM. CHECK THE FABRIC-LINED SPILLWAY FOR DAMAGE AND MAKE ANY REQUIRED REPAIRS WITH FABRIC THAT SPANS THE FULL WIDTH OF THE
- SPILLWAY. CHECK THE EMBANKMENT, SPILLWAY, AND OUTLET PERIODICALLY FOR EROSION DAMAGE AND INSPECT THE EMBANKMENT FOR PIPING AND SETTLEMENT, MAKE ANY NECESSARY REPAIRS IMMEDIATELY, REMOVE ALL TRASH AND OTHER DEBRIS FROM THE SKIMMER AND POOL AREAS. AFTER ALL SEDIMENT-PRODUCING AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, REMOVE THE STRUCTURE, OUTLET PIPE, AND ALL UNSTABLE SEDIMENT, SMOOTH AREA TO BLEND WITH THE ADJOINING AREAS AND STABILIZE.

### PERMANENT SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

### **SOIL PREPARATION:**

- PREPARATION FOR PRIMARY/PERMANENT STABILIZATION SHALL NOT BEGIN UNTIL ALL CONSTRUCTION AND UTILITY WORK WITHIN THE PREPARATION AREA IS COMPLETE. HOWEVER, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO PREPARE FOR NURSE CROPS PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION AND INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES. · A NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOILS TEST (OR EQUAL) SHALL BE OBTAINED FOR ALL AREAS TO BE SEEDED, SPRIGGED,
- SODDED OR PLANTED. RECOMMENDED FERTILIZER AND PH ADJUSTING PRODUCTS SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE PREPARED AREAS AND BACKFILL MATERIAL PER THE TEST · ALL AREAS TO BE SEEDED OR PLANTED SHALL BE TILLED OR RIPPED TO A DEPTH SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLANS, CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE AND/OR CONSTRUCTION BID LIST. RIPPING CONSISTS OF CREATING FISSURES IN A CRISS-CROSS PATTERN OVER THE ENTIRE
- SURFACE AREA, UTILIZING AN IMPLEMENT THAT WILL NOT GLAZE THE SIDE WALLS OF THE FISSURES. SITE PREPARATION THAT DOES NOT COMPLY WITH THESE DOCUMENTS SHALL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE. THE DEPTH OF SOIL PREPARATION MAY BE ESTABLISHED AS A RANGE BASED ON THE APPROVAL OF THE REVIEWING STATE OR LOCAL AGENCY. ONCE TILLED OR RIPPED ACCORDING TO THE APPROVED PLAN, ALL AREAS ARE TO BE RETURNED TO THE APPROVED FINAL GRADE. PH MODIFIERS AND/OR OTHER SOIL AMENDMENTS SPECIFIED IN THE SOIL TESTS CAN BE ADDED DURING THE SOIL PREPARATION PROCEDURE OR AS DESCRIBED BELOW.
- · ALL STONES LARGER THAN THREE (3) INCHES ON ANY SIDE, STICKS, ROOTS, AND OTHER EXTRANEOUS MATERIALS THAT SURFACE DURING THE BED PREPARATION SHALL BE REMOVED.

### AREAS TO BE SEEDED:

- TILL OR DISC THE PREPARED AREAS TO BE SEEDED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF FOUR (4) INCHES. REMOVE STONES LARGER THAN THREE (3) INCHES ON ANY SIDE, STICKS, ROOTS AND OTHER EXTRANEOUS MATERIALS THAT SURFACE. IF NOT INCORPORATED DURING THE SOIL PREPARATION PROCESS, ADD PH MODIFIER AND FERTILIZERS AT THE RATE SPECIFIED IN THE SOIL TEST REPORT
- RE—COMPACT THE AREA UTILIZING A CULTIPACKER ROLLER. THE FINISHED GRADE SHALL BE A SMOOTH EVEN SOIL SURFACE WITH A LOOSE, UNIFORMLY FINE TEXTURE. ALL RIDGES AND DEPRESSIONS SHALL BE REMOVED AND FILLED TO PROVIDE THE APPROVED SURFACE DRAINAGE SEEDING OF GRADED AREAS IS TO BE DONE IMMEDIATELY AFTER FINISHED GRADES ARE OBTAINED AND SEEDBED PREPARATION IS COMPLETED.

### PLANTING:

- SEED PREPARE THE SEED BED AS DESCRIBED ABOVE IN SOIL PREPARATION. APPLY SEED AT RATES SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS, AND/OR AS RECOMMENDED IN TABLES 6.11A-C OF THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANNING AND DESIGN MANUAL, WITH A CYCLONE SEEDER, PROP TYPE SPREADER, DRILL, OR HYDROSEEDER ON AND/OR INTO THE PREPARED BED. INCORPORATE THE SEED INTO THE SEED BED AS SPECIFIED. PROVIDE FINISHED GRADES AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN AND CAREFULLY CULTI-PACK THE SEEDBED AS TERRAIN ALLOWS. IF TERRAIN DOES NOT ALLOW FOR THE USE OF A CULTIPACKER, THE APPROVED PLANS AND CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST PROVIDE AN ALTERNATIVE METHOD OF LIGHTLY COMPACTING THE SOIL. MULCH IMMEDIATELY.
- SPRIGS AND SOD INSTALL ONTO THE PREPARED SEED BED PER THE MOST CURRENT GUIDANCE IN CAROLINA LAWNS, NCSU EXTENSION BULLETIN AG-69, OR PRACTICE 6.12 SODDING.
- WOODY PLANTS (LINERS, CONTAINER, B&B) THESE MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY USED TO COMPLEMENT AN HERBACEOUS PROTECTIVE COVER. THEY EVENTUALLY ARE MAJOR COMPONENTS OF LONG-TERM, PERMANENT STABILIZATION AND SHOULD BE CHOSEN AND PLANNED IN CONJUNCTION WITH IMMEDIATE AND LONG-TERM MAINTENANCE. THE PLANTS SHOULD BE SELECTED AND SPECIFIED BY THE DESIGN PROFESSIONAL FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL PROJECT. SEE PRACTICE 6.13 TREES, SHRUBS, VINES, AND GROUND COVERS.

### MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

- INSPECT BAFFLES AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL. MAKE ANY REQUIRED REPAIRS IMMEDIATELY.
- · BE SURE TO MAINTAIN ACCESS TO BAFFLES. SHOULD THE FABRIC OF A BAFFLE COLLAPSE, TEAR, DECOMPOSE, OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE, REPLACE IT IMMEDIATELY. REMOVE SEDIMENT DEPOSITS WHEN IT REACHES HALF FULL, TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE STORAGE VOLUME FOR THE NEXT RAIN AND TO REDUCE PRESSURE ON THE BAFFLES. TAKE CARE TO AVOID DAMAGING THE BAFFLES DURING CLEANOUT, AND REPLACE IF DAMAGED DURING CLEANOUT OPERATIONS. SEDIMENT DEPTH SHOULD NEVER EXCEED HALF THE DESIGNED STORAGE
- AFTER THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN PROPERLY STABILIZED. REMOVE ALL BAFFLE MATERIALS AND UNSTABLE SEDIMENT DEPOSITS, BRING THE AREA TO GRADE, AND STABILIZE IT.

### SILT FENCE OUTLET:

• INSPECT INLETS AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH SIGNIFICANT  $(rac{1}{2}$  INCH OR GREATER) RAINFALL EVENT. CLEAR THE MESH WIRE OF ANY DEBRIS OR OTHER OBJECTS TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE FLOW FOR SUBSEQUENT RAINS. TAKE CARE NOT TO DAMAGE R UNDERCUT THE WIRE MESH DURING SEDIMENT REMOVAL. REPLACE STONE AS NEEDED.

### PERMANENT SEEDING

- CENTIPEDE GRASS MARCH TO MAY - MOW GRASS TO 1 TO 2 INCHES, DO NOT LET GRASS GET TALLER THAN 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ INCHES.SEEDING MIXTURE OF 100LBS/ACRE OF TALL FESCUE, 25LBS/ACRE OF GERMAN MILLET, AND 25 LBS/ACRE OF HULLED BERMUDA. SEEDING SHOULD TAKE PLACE BETWEEN MARCH 15 -SEPTEMBER 15. SEEDING AMENDMENTS INCLUDE APPLYING LIME AND FERTILIZER PER SOIL TEST.
- OR 4000 LBS/ACRE LIMESTONE AND 1000 LBS/ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER. • COOL SEASONS - SEEDING MIXTURE OF 100LBS/ACRE OF TALL FESCUE. 30 LBS/ACRE OF WHEAT, 25 LBS/ACRE OF UNHULLED BERMUDA. SEEDING SHOULD TAKE PLACE BETWEEN SEPTEMBER 15TH - MARCH 15.SEEDING AMENDMENTS INCLUDE APPLYING LIME AND FERTILIZER PER SOIL TEST, OR 4000 LBS/ACRE LIMESTONE AND 1000 LBS/ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER. MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS WILL CHANGE DEPENDING ON TIME OF SEEDING. CONTRACTOR TO FOLLOW GUIDELINES OF GOVERNING AGENCY TO MAINTAIN GROUNDCOVER.

### TEMPORARY SEEDING:

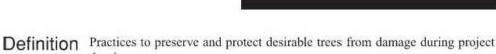
- EARLY SUMMER SEASONS, 40LBS/ACRE OF GERMAN MILLET, 80 LBS/ACRE OF TALL FESUE. PLANTED MAY 1 - AUGUST 15 APPLY 4000 LBS/ACRE STRAW OR EQUIVALENT HYDROSEEDING AND REFERTILIZE IF GROWTH IS NOT FULLY ADEQUATE. SEEDING AMENDMENTS INCLUDE APPLYING LIME AND FERTILIZER PER SOIL TESTS, OR 2000 LBS/ACRE LIMESTONE AND 750 LBS/ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER.
- FALL/WINTER SEASON, 120 LBS/ACRE RYE (GRAIN), 80 LBS/ACRE TALL FESUE. PLANTED OCTOBER 25 - DECEMBER 30. BETWEEN DECEMBER 30 - FEBRUARY 15, ADD 50 LBS/ACRE OF ANNUAL KOBE LESPEDEZA. APPLY 4000 LBS/ACRE STRAW OR EQUIVALENT HYDROSEEDING. SEEDING AMENDMENTS INCLUDE APPLYING LIME AND FERTILIZER PER SOIL TESTS, OR 2000 LBS/ACRE LIMESTONE AND 750 LBS/ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER.

### MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS WILL CHANGE DEPENDING ON TIME OF SEEDING. CONTRACTOR TO FOLLOW GUIDELINES OF GOVERNING AGENCY TO MAINTAIN GROUNDCOVER. SEE FOLLOWING SHEETS FOR MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS.

### Practice Standards and Specifications

6.06

### TREE PROTECTION



Purpose To preserve and protect trees that have present or future value for their use in protection from erosion, for their landscape and aesthetic value, or for other environmental benefits.



Figure 6.05a Tree protection zone. A protected zone preserves roots and soil and keeps branches clear of contact with construction equipment and materials.

Conditions Where On development sites containing trees or stands of trees. Practice Applies

6.05

Planning Conserving the right trees can reap rewards for developers, homeowners, Considerations and communities. Healthy trees enhance property values and community development by providing shade, wildlife habitat, and beauty. Sickly, stressed trees reduce property values, discourage potential buyers and detract from a community. Post-construction maintenance and removal of trees is difficult and expensive. Replacing trees after construction can also be costly and time consuming.

Rev. 5/08

### Practice Standards and Specifications

## TEMPORARY GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

Purpose To provide a buffer area where vehicles can drop their mud and sediment to avoid transporting it onto public roads, to control erosion from surface runoff, and to help control dust.

Definition A graveled area or pad located at points where vehicles enter and leave a

Conditions Where Wherever traffic will be leaving a construction site and moving directly onto a Practice Applies public road or other paved off-site area. Construction plans should limit traffic to properly constructed entrances.

Design Criteria Aggregate Size—Use 2-3 inch washed stone.

construction site.

### Dimensions of gravel pad—

Thickness: 6 inches minimum 12-feet minimum or full width at all points of the vehicular entrance and exit area, whichever is greater

Length: 50-feet minimum

Location—Locate construction entrances and exits to limit sediment from leaving the site and to provide for maximum utility by all construction vehicles (Figure 6.06a). Avoid steep grades, and entrances at curves in public roads.

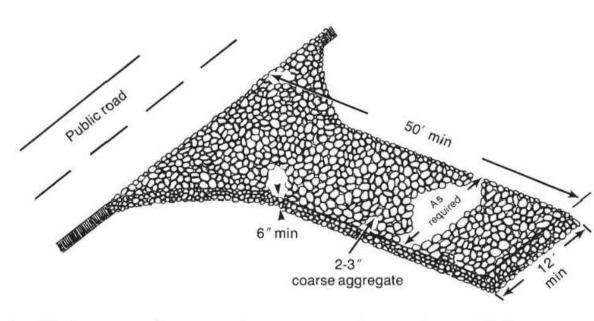


Figure 6.06a Gravel entrance/exit keeps sediment from leaving the construction site (modified from Va SWCC).

### Practice Standards and Specifications

6.05.1

## HARDWARE CLOTH & GRAVEL INLET PROTECTION

Definition A temporary measure of wire-mesh hardware cloth around steel posts supporting washed stone placed around the opening of a drop inlet.

Purpose To prevent sediment from entering yard inlets, grated storm drains or drop inlets during construction. This practice allows early use of the storm drain

6.51

Rev. 6/06

Conditions Where To be placed around a catch basin or a drop inlet and where the flow is light to moderate. If heavy flow is anticipated, use the rock doughnut inlet protection Practice Applies moderate. It neavy now is anticipated, and method (Practice 6.54, Rock Doughnut Inlet Protection). It is also used where storm drain inlets are to be made operational before permanent stabilization of the disturbed drainage area. This method of inlet protection is effective where the inlet is expected to drain shallow sheet flow. The immediate land area around the inlet should be relatively flat (less than 1 percent) and located so that accumulated sediment can be easily removed.

> This practice must not be used near the edge of fill material and must not divert water over cut or fill slopes.

Design Criteria Ensure that drainage areas do not exceed 1 acre per inlet.

For securing the wire mesh hardware cloth barriers, use steel T posts. The posts need to be 1.25 lb/linear ft steel with a minimum length of 5 feet. Make sure the posts have projections to facilitate fastening the hardware cloth. Securely drive each stake into the ground to a minimum depth of 2 feet. The maximum spacing for the posts is 4 feet.

The wire mesh should be at least a 19-gauge hardware cloth with a 1/4 inch mesh opening. The total height should be a minimum of 2 feet. Providing a flap of hardware cloth on the ground projecting away from the inlet can aid in removal of the stone at the project's completion. The sediment control stone, with a height of 16 inches, should have a outside slope of 2:1.

The top elevation of the structure must be at least 12 inches lower than the ground elevation downslope from the inlet. It is important that all storm flows pass over the structure into the storm drain and not bypass the structure. Temporary dikes below the structure may be necessary to prevent bypass flow. Soil excavated when constructing the sediment pool may be used for this purpose (Figure 6.51a).

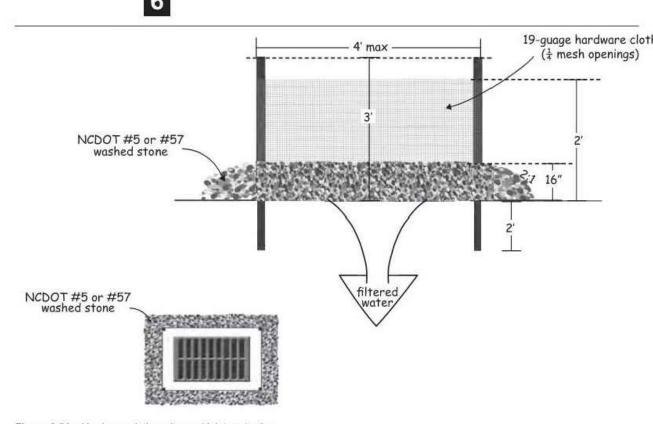


Figure 6.51a Hardware cloth and gravel inlet protection

Construction 1. Uniformly grade a shallow depression approaching the inlet. Specifications 2. Drive 5-foot steel posts 2 feet into the ground surrounding the inlet. Space posts evenly around the perimeter of the inlet, a maximum of 4 feet

> 3. Surround the posts with wire mesh hardware cloth. Secure the wire mesh to the steel posts at the top, middle, and bottom. Placing a 2-foot flap of the wire mesh under the gravel for anchoring is recommended.

4. Place clean gravel (NC DOT #5 or #57 stone) on a 2:1 slope with a height of 16 inches around the wire, and smooth to an even grade. 5. Once the contributing drainage area has been stabilized, remove

accumulated sediment, and establish final grading elevations. **6.** Compact the area properly and stabilized it with groundcover.

wire mesh during sediment removal. Replace stone as needed.

Maintenance Inspect inlets at least weekly and after each significant (1/2 inch or greater) rainfall event. Clear the mesh wire of any debris or other objects to provide

adequate flow for subsequent rains. Take care not to damage or undercut the

References Inlet Protection

6.52, Block and Gravel Inlet Protection 6.54, Rock Doughnut Inlet Protection

North Carolina Department of Transportation

Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures

6.51.1 6.51.2 Rev. 6/06

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SCALE: N/A **DATE:** 07/20/2022 PROJECT: B6229.63

PLAN NUMBER #2022036

### Practice Standards and Specifications

## 6.64

Rev. 5/13

### SKIMMER SEDIMENT BASIN

Definition An earthen embankment suitably located to capture runoff, with a trapezoidal spillway lined with an impermeable geotextile or laminated plastic membrane, and equipped with a floating skimmer for dewatering.

Purpose Sediment basins are designed to provide an area for runoff to pool and settle out a portion of the sediment carried down gradient. Past designs used a perforated riser for dewatering, which allowed water to leave the basin from all depths. One way to improve the sediment capture rate is to have an outlet which dewaters the basin from the top of the water column where the water is cleanest. A skimmer is probably the most common method to dewater a sediment basin from the surface. The basic concept is that the skimmer does not dewater the basin as fast as runoff enters it, but instead allows the basin to fill and then slowly drain over hours or days. This process has two effects. First, the sediment in the runoff has more time to settle out prior to discharge. Second, a pool of water forms early in a storm event and this further increases sedimentation rates in the basin. Many of the storms will produce more volume than the typical sediment basin capacity and flow rates in excess of the skimmer capability, resulting in flow over the emergency spillway. This water is also coming from the top of the water column and has thereby been "treated" to remove sediment as much as possible. (Adapted from SoilFacts: Dewatering Sediment Basins Using Surface Outlets. N. C. State University,

Conditions Where Skimmer sediment basins are needed where drainage areas are too large Practice Applies for temporary sediment traps. Do not locate the skimmer sediment basin in intermittent or perennial streams.

Soil Science Department.)

Planning Select locations for skimmer basins during initial site evaluation. Install Considerations skimmer sediment basins before any site grading takes place within the drainage area.

> Select skimmer sediment basin sites to capture sediment from all areas that are not treated adequately by other sediment control measures. Always consider access for cleanout and disposal of the trapped sediment. Locations where a pond can be formed by constructing a low dam across a natural swale are generally preferred to sites that require excavation. Where practical, divert sediment-free runoff away from the basin.

> A skimmer is a sedimentation basin dewatering control device that withdraws water from the basin's water surface, thus removing the highest quality water for delivery to the uncontrolled environment. A skimmer is shown in Figure 6.64a. By properly sizing the skimmer's control orifice, the skimmer can be made to dewater a design hydrologic event in a prescribed period. Because the spillway is actually used relatively frequently, it should be carefully stabilized using geotextiles, or rock if necessary, that can withstand the expected flows. The spillway should be placed as far from the inlet of the basin as possible to maximize sedimentation before discharge. The spillway should be located in natural groundcover to the greatest extent possible

The costs of using a skimmer system are similar, or occasionally less, than a conventional rock outlet or perforated riser. However, the basin is more efficient in removing sediment. Another advantage of the skimmer is that it can be reused on future projects. The main disadvantage of the skimmer is that it does require frequent maintenance, primarily in removing debris from

A skimmer must dewater the basin from the top of the water surface. The rate of dewatering must be controlled. A dewatering time of 2-5 days is required. Any skimmer design that dewaters from the surface at a controlled rate is acceptable.

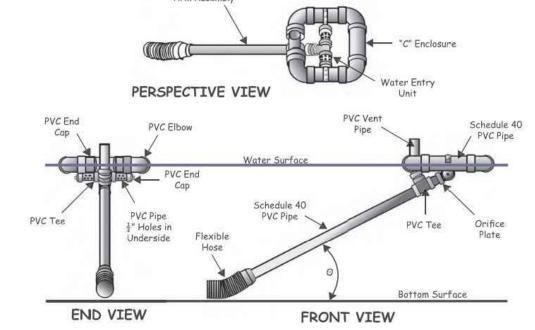


Figure 6.64a Schematic of a skimmer, from Pennsylvania Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Manual,

### Practice Standards and Specifications

### Design Criteria Summary:

Primary Spillway: Maximum Drainage Area: Minimum Volume: Minimum Surface Area: Minimum L/W Ratio: Maximum L/W Ratio; Minimum Depth:

Baffles Required:

Skimmer Sediment Basin Trapezoidal spillway with impermeable 10 acres 1800 cubic feet per acre of disturbed area

325 square feet per cfs of Q peak inflow Dewatering Mechanism: Skimmer Minimum Dewatering Time: 2 days

(\*Note: Basins less than 20 feet in length may use 2 baffles.)

Drainage areas—Limit drainage areas to 10 acres. Design basin life—Ensure a design basin life of 3 years or less.

Dam height-Limit dam height to 5 feet.

Basin locations-Select areas that:

· Provide capacity for storage of sediment from as much of the planned disturbed area as practical;

· Exclude runoff from undisturbed areas where practical; · Provide access for sediment removal throughout the life of the project;

· Interfere minimally with construction activities.

Basin shape—Ensure that the flow length to basin width ratio is at least 2:1 to improve trapping efficiency. Length is measured at the elevation of the principal spillway.

Storage volume—Ensure that the sediment storage volume of the basin, as measured to the elevation of the crest of the principal spillway, is at least 1.800 cubic feet per acre for the disturbed area draining into the basin (1,800 cubic feet is equivalent to half an inch of sediment per acre of basin disturbed

Remove sediment from the basin when approximately one-half of the storage volume has been filled.

Spillway capacity—The spillway system must carry the peak runoff from the 10-year storm with a minimum 1 foot of freeboard in the spillway. Base runoff computations on the disturbed soil cover conditions expected during the effective life of the structure.

Sediment cleanout elevation—Determine the elevation at which the invert of the basin would be half-full. This elevation should also be marked in the field with a permanent stake set at this ground elevation (not the top of the stake).

Basin dewatering—The basin should be provided with a surface outlet. A floating skimmer should be attached to a Schedule 40 PVC barrel pipe of the same diameter as the skimmer arm. The orifice in the skimmer will control the rate of dewatering. The skimmer should be sized to dewater the basin in

Outlet Protection—Discharge velocities must be within allowable limits for the receiving stream (References: Outlet Protection).

Basin spillway—Construct the entire flow area of the spillway in undisturbed soil if possible. Make the cross section trapezoidal with side slopes of 3:1 or

• Capacity—The minimum design capacity of the spillway must be the peak rate of runoff from the 10-year storm. Maximum depth of flow during the peak runoff should be 6 inches. In no case should the freeboard of the spillway be less than 1 foot above the design depth of flow.

· Velocity—Ensure that the velocity of flow discharged from the basin is nonerosive for the existing conditions. When velocities exceed that allowable for the receiving areas, provide outlet protection (References: Outlet Protection).

Embankment—Ensure that embankments for skimmer sediment basins do not exceed 5 feet in height (measured at the center line from the original ground surface to the top of the embankment). Keep the crest of the spillway outlet a minimum of 1.5 feet below the top of the embankment. Additional freeboard may be added to the embankment height which allows flow through a designated bypass location. Construct embankments with a minimum top width of 5 feet and side slopes of 2:1 or flatter. Machine compact the embankments.

Excavation—Where sediment pools are formed or enlarged by excavation, keep side slopes at 2:1 or flatter for safety.

Erosion protection-Stabilize all areas disturbed by construction (except the lower half of the sediment pool) by suitable means immediately after completing the basin (References: Surface Stabilization).

Trap efficiency—Improve sediment basin trapping efficiency by employing the following considerations in the basin design:

• Surface area—In the design of the settling pond, allow the largest surface area possible.

· Length-Maximize the length-to-width ratio of the basin to prevent short circuiting, and ensure use of the entire design settling area.

· Baffles-Provide a minimum of three porous baffles to evenly distribute flow across the basin and reduce turbulence.

• Inlets—Area between the sediment inlets and the basin should be stabilized by geotextile material, with or without rocks (Figure 6.64c shows the area with rocks). The inlet to basin should be located the greatest distance possible from the principal spillway.

Rev. 5/13 6.64.5 6.64.6

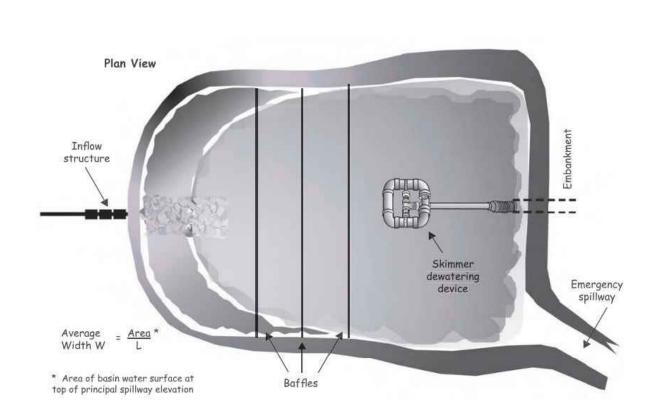
### Practice Standards and Specifications

6.64.1

6.64.7

6.64.8

• Dewatering—Allow the maximum reasonable detention period before the basin is completely dewatered (at least 48 hours). · Inflow rate—Reduce the inflow velocity and divert all sediment-free



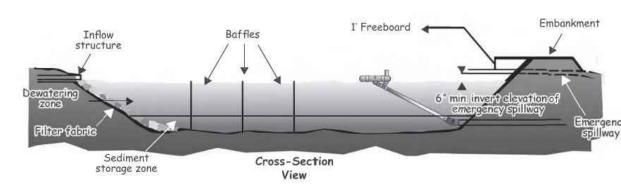


Figure 6.64c Example of a sediment basin with a skimmer outlet and emergency spillway. From Pennsylvania

Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Manual, March, 2000.

6.64.2

Construction 1. Clear, grub, and strip the area under the embankment of all vegetation and Specifications root mat. Remove all surface soil containing high amounts of organic matter and stockpile or dispose of it properly. Haul all objectionable material to the designated disposal area. Place temporary sediment control measures below

basin as needed

2. Ensure that fill material for the embankment is free of roots, woody vegetation, organic matter, and other objectionable material. Place the fill in lifts not to exceed 9 inches, and machine compact it. Over fill the embankment 6 inches to allow for settlement.

Rev. 5/13

3. Shape the basin to the specified dimensions. Prevent the skimming device from settling into the mud by excavating a shallow pit under the skimmer or providing a low support under the skimmer of stone or timber.

4. Place the barrel (typically 4-inch Schedule 40 PVC pipe) on a firm, smooth foundation of impervious soil. Do not use pervious material such as sand, gravel, or crushed stone as backfill around the pipe. Place the fill material around the pipe spillway in 4-inch layers and compact it under and around the pipe to at least the same density as the adjacent embankment. Care must be taken not to raise the pipe from the firm contact with its foundation when

compacting under the pipe haunches. Place a minimum depth of 2 feet of compacted backfill over the pipe spillway before crossing it with construction equipment. In no case should the pipe conduit be installed by cutting a trench through the dam after the embankment is complete.

5. Assemble the skimmer following the manufacturers instructions, or as

6. Lay the assembled skimmer on the bottom of the basin with the flexible joint at the inlet of the barrel pipe. Attach the flexible joint to the barrel pipe and position the skimmer over the excavated pit or support. Be sure to attach a rope to the skimmer and anchor it to the side of the basin. This will be used to pull the skimmer to the side for maintenance.

7. Earthen spillways—Install the spillway in undisturbed soil to the greatest extent possible. The achievement of planned elevations, grade, design width, and entrance and exit channel slopes are critical to the successful operation of the spillway. The spillway should be lined with laminated plastic or impermeable geotextile fabric. The fabric must be wide and long enough to cover the bottom and sides and extend onto the top of the dam for anchoring in a trench. The edges may be secured with 8-inch staples or pins. The fabric must be long enough to extend down the slope and exit onto stable ground. The width of the fabric must be one piece, not joined or spliced; otherwise water can get under the fabric. If the length of the fabric is insufficient for the entire length of the spillway, multiple sections, spanning the complete width, may be used. The upper section(s) should overlap the lower section(s) so that water cannot flow under the fabric. Secure the upper edge and sides of the fabric in a trench with staples or pins. (Adapted from "A Manual for Designing, Installing and Maintaining Skimmer Sediment Basins." February, 1999. J. W. Faircloth & Son.).

8. Inlets—Discharge water into the basin in a manner to prevent erosion. Use temporary slope drains or diversions with outlet protection to divert sedimentladen water to the upper end of the pool area to improve basin trap efficiency (References: Runoff Control Measures and Outlet Protection).

Practice Standards and Specifications

9. Erosion control—Construct the structure so that the disturbed area is minimized. Divert surface water away from bare areas. Complete the embankment before the area is cleared. Stabilize the emergency spillway embankment and all other disturbed areas above the crest of the principal spillway immediately after construction (References: Surface Stabilization).

10. Install porous baffles as specified in Practice 6.65, *Porous Baffles*. 11. After all the sediment-producing areas have been permanently stabilized, remove the structure and all the unstable sediment. Smooth the area to blend with the adjoining areas and stabilize properly (References: Surface Stabilization).

Rev. 5/13

Maintenance Inspect skimmer sediment basins at least weekly and after each significant (one-half inch or greater) rainfall event and repair immediately. Remove sediment and restore the basin to its original dimensions when sediment accumulates to one-half the height of the first baffle. Pull the skimmer to one side so that the sediment underneath it can be excavated. Excavate the sediment from the entire basin, not just around the skimmer or the first cell. Make sure vegetation growing in the bottom of the basin does not hold down the skimmer.

> Repair the baffles if they are damaged. Re-anchor the baffles if water is flowing underneath or around them.

If the skimmer is clogged with trash and there is water in the basin, usually jerking on the rope will make the skimmer bob up and down and dislodge the debris and restore flow. If this does not work, pull the skimmer over to the side of the basin and remove the debris. Also check the orifice inside the skimmer to see if it is clogged; if so remove the debris.

If the skimmer arm or barrel pipe is clogged, the orifice can be removed and the obstruction cleared with a plumber's snake or by flushing with water. Be sure and replace the orifice before repositioning the skimmer.

Check the fabric lined spillway for damage and make any required repairs with fabric that spans the full width of the spillway. Check the embankment, spillways, and outlet for erosion damage, and inspect the embankment for piping and settlement. Make all necessary repairs immediately. Remove all trash and other debris from the skimmer and pool areas.

Freezing weather can result in ice forming in the basin. Some special precautions should be taken in the winter to prevent the skimmer from plugging with ice.

Reference Jarrett, A. R. Proper Sizing of the Control Orifice for the Faircloth Skimmer. Pennsylvania State University Department of Agricultural and Biological

Engineering Fact Sheet #252. http://www.age.psu.edu/extension/factsheets/f/F252.pdf

Jarrett, A. R. Controlling the Dewatering of Sedimentation Basins. Pennsy-Ivania State University Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering Fact Sheet #253.

http://www.age.psu.edu/extension/factsheets/f/F253.pdf Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Manual, March, 2000. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Dept. of Environmental Protection, Office of Water Management, Document #363-2134-008.

http://www.co.centre.pa.us/conservation/esmanual.pdf. McLaughlin, Richard. SoilFacts: Dewatering Sediment Basins Using Surface Outlets. N. C. State University, Soil Science Department.

A Manual for Designing, Installing and Maintaining Skimmer Sediment

Basins. February, 1999. J. W. Faircloth & Son.

Surface Stabilization 6.10, Temporary Seeding

6.11, Permanent Seeding 6.12, Sodding

Runoff Control Measures

6.13, Trees, Shrubs, Vines, and Ground Covers

6.20, Temporary Diversions 6.21, Permanent Diversions 6.22, Perimeter Dike

6.41, Outlet Stabilization Structure

Outlet Protection

Sediment Traps and Barriers 6.65, Porous Baffles Appendices

8.07, Sediment Basin Design

8.03, Estimating Runoff

6.64.10 Rev. 5/13 6.64.9

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SCALE: N/A **DATE:** 07/20/2022 **PROJECT:** B6229.63

### Temporary Seeding Recommendations for Late Winter and Early Spring

6.10.4

Table 6.10a Seeding mixture Rate (lb/acre) Rye (grain) Annual lespedeza (Kobe in Piedmont and Coastal Plain, Korean in Mountains)

> Omit annual lespedeza when duration of temporary cover is not to extend beyond June.

Seeding dates

Mountains—Above 2500 feet: Feb. 15 - May 15 Below 2500 feet: Feb. 1- May 1 Piedmont-Jan. 1 - May 1

Coastal Plain—Dec. 1 - Apr. 15

Soil amendments Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 750 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer.

Apply 4,000 lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch anchoring tool.

Refertilize if growth is not fully adequate. Reseed, refertilize and mulch immediately following erosion or other damage.

Practice Standards and Specifications

Table 6.10b Seeding mixture Temporary Seeding Recommendations for Summer

Rate (Ib/acre)

In the Piedmont and Mountains, a small-stemmed Sudangrass may be substituted at a rate of 50 lb/acre.

Seeding dates Mountains-May 15 - Aug. 15

Piedmont-May 1 - Aug. 15 Coastal Plain—Apr. 15 - Aug. 15

Soil amendments

Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 750 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer.

Apply 4,000 lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch anchoring tool,

Refertilize if growth is not fully adequate. Reseed, refertilize and mulch immediately following erosion or other damage.

6

Table 6.10c Seeding mixture Temporary Seeding Recommendations for Fall Rye (grain)

> Seeding dates Mountains-Aug. 15 - Dec. 15 Coastal Plain and Piedmont-Aug. 15 - Dec. 30

Soil amendments Follow soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 1,000 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer.

Apply 4,000 lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be

used as a mulch anchoring tool. Maintenance

Repair and refertilize damaged areas immediately. Topdress with 50 Ib/acre of nitrogen in March. If it is necessary to extent temporary cover beyond June 15, overseed with 50 lb/acre Kobe (Piedmont and Coastal Plain) or Korean (Mountains) lespedeza in late February or early March.

Rate (lb/acre)

**Definition** Porous barriers installed inside a temporary sediment trap, skimmer basin, or sediment basin to reduce the velocity and turbulence of the water flowing through the measure, and to facilitate the settling of sediment from the water before discharge.

Purpose Sediment traps and basins are designed to temporarily pool runoff water to allow sediment to settle before the water is discharged. Unfortunately, they

are usually not very efficient due to high turbulence and "short-circuiting" flows which take runoff quickly to the outlet with little interaction with most of the basin. Porous baffles improve the rate of sediment retention by distributing the flow and reducing turbulence. This process can improve sediment retention.

Conditions Where This practice should be used in any temporary sediment trap, skimmer basin, Practice Applies or temporary sediment basin.

Planning Porous baffles effectively spread the flow across the entire width of a sediment Considerations basin or trap. Water flows through the baffle material, but is slowed sufficiently

to back up the flow, causing it to spread across the entire width of the baffle (Figure 6.65a). Spreading the flow in this manner utilizes the full cross section of the basin,

The installation should be similar to a sediment fence (Figure 6.65b). The fabri should be 700 g/m<sup>2</sup> coir erosion blanket (Figure 6.65c) or equal. A support wir across the top will help prevent excessive sagging if the material is attached to

with appropriate ties.

Rev. 5/13 6.65.1

Practice Standards and Specifications

### SEDIMENT FENCE

Definition A temporary sediment control measure consisting of fabric buried at the bottom, stretched, and supported by posts.

Purpose To retain sediment from small disturbed areas by reducing the velocity of sheet flows to allow sediment deposition.

Conditions Where Below small-disturbed areas that are less then 1/4 acre per 100 feet of fence. Practice Applies Where runoff can be stored behind the sediment fence without damaging the fence or the submerged area behind the fence.

> Do not install sediment fences across streams, ditches, or waterways, or other areas of concentrated flow.

Sediment fence should be placed along topographic elevation contours, where it can intercept stormwater runoff that is in dispersed sheet flow. Sediment fence should not be used alone below graded slopes greater than 10 feet in

Planning A sediment fence is a system to retain sediment on the construction site. The fence retains sediment primarily by retarding flow and promoting deposition. Considerations In operation, generally the fence becomes clogged with fine particles, which reduce the flow rate. This causes a pond to develop behind the fence. The designer should anticipate ponding and provide sufficient storage areas and overflow outlets to prevent flows from overtopping the fence. Since sediment fences are not designed to withstand high water levels, locate them so that only shallow pools can form. Tie the ends of a sediment fence into higher ground to prevent flow around the end of the fence before the pool reaches design level. Curling each end of the fence uphill in a "J" pattern may be appropriate to prevent end flow. Provide stabilized outlets to protect the fence system and release storm flows that exceed the design storm.

> Deposition occurs as the storage pool forms behind the fence. The designer can direct flows to specified deposition areas through appropriate positioning of the fence or by providing an excavated area behind the fence. Plan deposition areas at accessible points to promote routine cleanout and maintenance. Show deposition areas in the erosion and sedimentation control plan. A sediment fence acts as a diversion if placed slightly off the contour. A maximum slope of 2 percent is recommended. This technique may be used to control shallow, uniform flows from small disturbed areas and to deliver sediment-laden water to deposition areas. The anchoring of the toe of the fence should be reinforced with 12 inches of NC DOT #5 or #57 washed stone when flow will run parallel to the toe of the fence.

> Sediment fences serve no function along ridges or near drainage divides where there is little movement of water. Confining or diverting runoff unnecessarily with a sediment fence may create erosion and sedimentation problems that would not otherwise occur.

6.62.1 Rev. 5/13

Practice Standards and Specifications

6.62.5

6.10.5 6.10.6

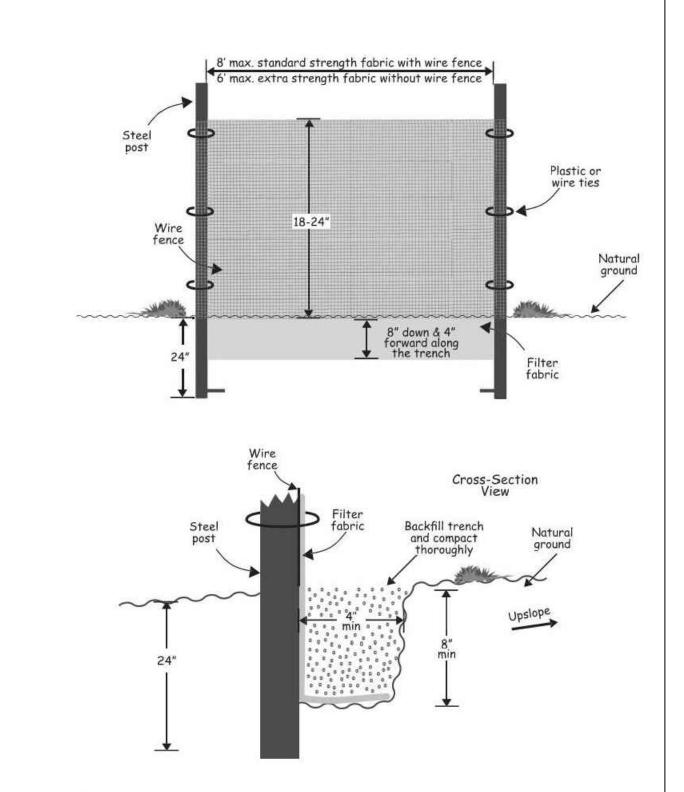


Figure 6.62a Installation detail of a sediment fence.

Rev. 5/13

First Chamber Second Chamber 25% of surface area 25% of surface area Outlet zone 25% of surface area Inlet zone 25% of surface area 5'Crest Width Inflow Structure\* Skimmer ewatering Device or Slope Drain Earthen embankment Emergency with stabilized side slopes Figure 6.65a Porous baffles in a sediment basin. The flow is distributed evenly across the basin to

reduce flow rates and turbulence, resulting in greater sediment retention.

POROUS BAFFLES which in turn reduces flow rates or velocity as much as possible. In addition, the turbulence is also greatly reduced. This combination increases sediment deposition and retention and also decreases the particle size of sediment captured

Practice Standards and Specifications

**⊼** - 4 × 4

SCALE: N/A

PLAN NUMBER #2022036

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**PROJECT:** B6229.63

**DATE:** 07/20/2022

### Date:

### **GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING PRACTICES FOR COMPLIANCE** WITH THE NCG01 CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT

Implementing the details and specifications on this plan sheet will result in the construction activity being considered compliant with the Ground Stabilization and Materials Handling sections of the NCG01 Construction General Permit (Sections E and F, respectively). The permittee shall comply with the Erosion and Sediment Control plan approved by the delegated authority having jurisdiction. All details and specifications shown on this sheet may not apply depending on site conditions and the delegated authority having jurisdiction.

### **SECTION E: GROUND STABILIZATION**

	Re	quired Ground Stabi	lization Timeframes
Si	te Area Description	Stabilize within this many calendar days after ceasing land disturbance	Timeframe variations
(a)	Perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, and perimeter slopes	7	None
(b)	High Quality Water (HQW) Zones	7	None
(c)	Slopes steeper than 3:1	7	If slopes are 10 feet or less in length and are not steeper than 2:1, 14 days are allowed
(d)	Slopes 3:1 to 4:1	14	-7 days for slopes greater than 50' in length and with slopes steeper than 4:1 -7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones -10 days for Falls Lake Watershed
(e)	Areas with slopes flatter than 4:1	14	-7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones -10 days for Falls Lake Watershed unless there is zero slope

**Note:** After the permanent cessation of construction activities, any areas with temporary ground stabilization shall be converted to permanent ground stabilization as soon as practicable but in no case longer than 90 calendar days after the last land disturbing activity. Temporary ground stabilization shall be maintained in a manner to render the surface stable against accelerated erosion until permanent ground stabilization is achieved.

### GROUND STABILIZATION SPECIFICATION

Stabilize the ground sufficiently so that rain will not dislodge the soil. Use one of the

techniques in the table below:	
Temporary Stabilization	Permanent Stabilization
<ul> <li>Temporary grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers.</li> <li>Hydroseeding</li> <li>Rolled erosion control products with or without temporary grass seed</li> <li>Appropriately applied straw or other mulch</li> <li>Plastic sheeting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Permanent grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers</li> <li>Geotextile fabrics such as permanent soil reinforcement matting</li> <li>Hydroseeding</li> <li>Shrubs or other permanent plantings covered with mulch</li> <li>Uniform and evenly distributed ground cover sufficient to restrain erosion</li> <li>Structural methods such as concrete, asphalt or retaining walls</li> <li>Rolled erosion control products with grass seed</li> </ul>

### POLYACRYLAMIDES (PAMS) AND FLOCCULANTS

- 1. Select flocculants that are appropriate for the soils being exposed during construction, selecting from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants.
- 2. Apply flocculants at or before the inlets to Erosion and Sediment Control Measures.
- 3. Apply flocculants at the concentrations specified in the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Provide ponding area for containment of treated Stormwater before discharging offsite.
- 5. Store flocculants in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by secondary containment structures.

### **EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE**

- 1. Maintain vehicles and equipment to prevent discharge of fluids.
- 2. Provide drip pans under any stored equipment.
- Identify leaks and repair as soon as feasible, or remove leaking equipment from the
- Collect all spent fluids, store in separate containers and properly dispose as hazardous waste (recycle when possible).
- Remove leaking vehicles and construction equipment from service until the problem has been corrected.
- Bring used fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids and other petroleum products to a recycling or disposal center that handles these materials.

### LITTER. BUILDING MATERIAL AND LAND CLEARING WASTE

- Never bury or burn waste. Place litter and debris in approved waste containers.
- 2. Provide a sufficient number and size of waste containers (e.g dumpster, trash receptacle) on site to contain construction and domestic wastes.
- 3. Locate waste containers at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- 4. Locate waste containers on areas that do not receive substantial amounts of runoff from upland areas and does not drain directly to a storm drain, stream or wetland.
- 5. Cover waste containers at the end of each workday and before storm events or provide secondary containment. Repair or replace damaged waste containers.
- 6. Anchor all lightweight items in waste containers during times of high winds.
- Empty waste containers as needed to prevent overflow. Clean up immediately if containers overflow.
- 8. Dispose waste off-site at an approved disposal facility.
- 9. On business days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers.

### PAINT AND OTHER LIQUID WASTE

- 1. Do not dump paint and other liquid waste into storm drains, streams or wetlands.
- 2. Locate paint washouts at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- Contain liquid wastes in a controlled area.
- Containment must be labeled, sized and placed appropriately for the needs of site.
- 5. Prevent the discharge of soaps, solvents, detergents and other liquid wastes from construction sites.

### PORTABLE TOILETS

- 1. Install portable toilets on level ground, at least 50 feet away from storm drains, streams or wetlands unless there is no alternative reasonably available. If 50 foot offset is not attainable, provide relocation of portable toilet behind silt fence or place on a gravel pad and surround with sand bags.
- Provide staking or anchoring of portable toilets during periods of high winds or in high
- Monitor portable toilets for leaking and properly dispose of any leaked material. Utilize a licensed sanitary waste hauler to remove leaking portable toilets and replace with properly operating unit.

### EARTHEN STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT

- 1. Show stockpile locations on plans. Locate earthen-material stockpile areas at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets, sediment basins, perimeter sediment controls and surface waters unless it can be shown no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- Protect stockpile with silt fence installed along toe of slope with a minimum offset of five feet from the toe of stockpile.
- Provide stable stone access point when feasible.
- Stabilize stockpile within the timeframes provided on this sheet and in accordance with the approved plan and any additional requirements. Soil stabilization is defined as vegetative, physical or chemical coverage techniques that will restrain accelerated erosion on disturbed soils for temporary or permanent control needs.

### HAZARDOUS AND TOXIC WASTE

- Create designated hazardous waste collection areas on-site
- Place hazardous waste containers under cover or in secondary containment.
- 3. Do not store hazardous chemicals, drums or bagged materials directly on the ground.

### ONSITE CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE WITH LINER NOTES: 1. ACTUAL LOCATION DETERMINED SANDBAGS (TYP. SIDE SLOPE OR STAPLES FENCE \ (TYP.) 2. THE CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED WHEN THE LIQUID AND/OR SOLID REACHES 75% OF THE STRUCTURES CAPACITY. OR STAPLES 3.CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE NEEDS TO BE CLEARY **SECTION A-A** BELOW GRADE WASHOUT STRUCTURE MARKED WITH SIGNAGE NOTING CLEARLY MARKED HIGH COHESIVE & LOW FILTRATION SOIL BERM CONCRETE SIGNAGE WASHOUT NOTING DEVICE NOTES: 1. ACTUAL LOCATION DETERMINED (18"X24" MIN.) SANDBAGS (TYP. OR STAPLES 2. THE CONCRETE WASHOUT WHEN THE LIQUID AND/OR SOLID 1:1 SIDE **REACHES 75% OF THE STRUCTURES** ✓ SLOPE TYP.) CAPACITY TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE HOLDING CAPACITY WITH A MINIMUM 12 INCHES OF FREEBOARD. 3'-0" MIN.& 2' Jodov 3.CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE $\nabla$ NEEDS TO BE CLEARY MARKED WITH SANDBAGS (TYP.) SIGNAGE NOTING DEVICE. OR STAPLES

### CONCRETE WASHOUTS

**SECTION B-B** 

1. Do not discharge concrete or cement slurry from the site.

ABOVE GRADE WASHOUT STRUCTURE

- 2. Dispose of, or recycle settled, hardened concrete residue in accordance with local and state solid waste regulations and at an approved facility.
- Manage washout from mortar mixers in accordance with the above item and in addition place the mixer and associated materials on impervious barrier and within lot perimeter silt fence.
- Install temporary concrete washouts per local requirements, where applicable. If an alternate method or product is to be used, contact your approval authority for review and approval. If local standard details are not available, use one of the two types of temporary concrete washouts provided on this detail
- Do not use concrete washouts for dewatering or storing defective curb or sidewalk sections. Stormwater accumulated within the washout may not be pumped into or discharged to the storm drain system or receiving surface waters. Liquid waste must be pumped out and removed from project.
- Locate washouts at least 50 feet from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. At a minimum, install protection of storm drain inlet(s) closest to the washout which could receive spills or overflow.
- Locate washouts in an easily accessible area, on level ground and install a stone entrance pad in front of the washout. Additional controls may be required by the approving authority.
- Install at least one sign directing concrete trucks to the washout within the project limits. Post signage on the washout itself to identify this location.
- Remove leavings from the washout when at approximately 75% capacity to limit overflow events. Replace the tarp, sand bags or other temporary structural components when no longer functional. When utilizing alternative or proprietary products, follow manufacturer's instructions.
- 10. At the completion of the concrete work, remove remaining leavings and dispose of in an approved disposal facility. Fill pit, if applicable, and stabilize any disturbance caused by removal of washout.

### HERBICIDES, PESTICIDES AND RODENTICIDES

- 1. Store and apply herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in accordance with label
- 2. Store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in their original containers with the label, which lists directions for use, ingredients and first aid steps in case of accidental
- Do not store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in areas where flooding is possible or where they may spill or leak into wells, stormwater drains, ground water or surface water. If a spill occurs, clean area immediately.
- 4. Do not stockpile these materials onsite.



## NCG-01 GROUND COVER & MATERIALS HANDLING

### **KOONTZ BRYANT** OHNSON WILLIAMS

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SCALE: N/A **DATE:** 07/20/2022

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### DRAW DOWN OF SEDIMENT BASINS FOR MAINTENANCE OR CLOSE OUT

Sediment basins and traps that receive runoff from drainage areas of one acre or more shall use outlet structures that withdraw water from the surface when these devices need to be drawn down for maintenance or close out unless this is infeasible. The circumstances in which it is not feasible to withdraw water from the surface shall be rare (for example, times with extended cold weather). Non-surface withdrawals from sediment basins shall be allowed only when all of the following criteria have been met:

- (a) The E&SC plan authority has been provided with documentation of the non-surface withdrawal and the specific time periods or conditions in which it will occur. The non-surface withdrawal shall not commence until the E&SC plan authority has approved these items,
- The non-surface withdrawal has been reported as an anticipated bypass in accordance with Part III, Section C, Item (2)(c) and (d) of this permit,
- Dewatering discharges are treated with controls to minimize discharges of pollutants from stormwater that is removed from the sediment basin. Examples of appropriate controls include properly sited, designed and maintained dewatering tanks, weir tanks, and filtration systems
- Vegetated, upland areas of the sites or a properly designed stone pad is used to the extent feasible at the outlet of the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above,
- Velocity dissipation devices such as check dams, sediment traps, and riprap are provided at the discharge points of all dewatering devices, and
- Sediment removed from the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above is disposed of in a manner that does not cause deposition of sediment into waters of the United States.

### SELF-INSPECTION. RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

### **SECTION A: SELF-INSPECTION**

Self-inspections are required during normal business hours in accordance with the table below. When adverse weather or site conditions would cause the safety of the inspection personnel to be in jeopardy, the inspection may be delayed until the next business day on which it is safe to perform the inspection. In addition, when a storm event of equal to or greater than 1.0 inch occurs outside of normal business hours, the self-inspection shall be performed upon the commencement of the next business day. Any time when inspections were delayed shall be noted in the Inspection Record

Inspect	Frequency (during normal business hours)	Inspection records must include:
(1) Rain gauge maintained in good working order	Daily	Daily rainfall amounts.  If no daily rain gauge observations are made during weekend on holiday periods, and no individual-day rainfall information is available, record the cumulative rain measurement for those unattended days (this will determine if a site inspection is needed). Days on which no rainfall occurred shall be recorded as "Zero." The permittee may use another rain-monitoring device approved by the Division.
(2) E&SC Measures	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours.	<ol> <li>Identification of the measures inspected</li> <li>Date and Time of the inspection</li> <li>Name of the person performing the inspection</li> <li>Indication of whether the measures were operating properly</li> <li>Description of maintenance needs for the measure</li> <li>Description, Evidence, and date of corrective actions taken</li> </ol>
(3) Stormwater discharge outfalls(SDOs)	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours.	
(4) Perimeter of Site	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours.	<ul> <li>If visible Sedimentation is found outside site limits, then record of the following shall be made:</li> <li>1) Actions taken to clean up or stabilize sediment that has left the site limits</li> <li>2) Description, Evidence and date of corrective actions taken</li> <li>3) An explanation as to the actions taken to control future releases</li> </ul>
(5) Streams or wetlands onsite or offsite (where accessible)	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours.	If the stream or wetland has increased visible sedimentation or has visible increased turbidity from the construction activity, then a record of the following shall be made:  1) Description, Evidence and date of corrective actions taken 2)Records of required reports to the appropriate Division Regional Office per Part III, Section C, Item(2)(a) of this permit
(6) Ground Stabilization Measures	After each phase of grading.	<ol> <li>The phase of grading (installation of perimeter E&amp;SC measures, clearing and grubbing, installation of storm drainage facilities, completion of all land-disturbing activity, construction or redevelopment, permanent ground cover).</li> <li>Documentation that the required ground stabilization measures have been provided within the required timeframe or assurance that they will be provided as soon as possible.</li> </ol>

NOTE: The rain inspection resets the required 7 calendar day inspection requirement.

### PART III

### **SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING**

### **SECTION B: RECORDKEEPING**

### 1. E&SC Plan Documentation

The approved E&SC plan as well as any approved deviation shall be kept on the site. The approved E&SC plan must be kept up-to-date throughout the coverage under this permit. The following items pertaining to the E&SC plan shall be kept on site and available for inspection at all times during normal business hours.

Item to Document	Document Requirements
(a) Each E&SC measure has been installed and does not significantly deviate from the locations, dimensions and relative elevations shown on the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date each E&SC measure on a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report that lists each E&SC measure shown on the approved E&SC plan. This documentation is required upon the initial installation of the E&SC measures are modified after initial installation.
(b) A phase of grading has been completed.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate completion of the construction phase.
(c) Ground cover is located and installed in accordance with the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate compliance with approved ground cover specifications.
(d) The maintenance and repair requirements for all E&SC measures have been performed.	Complete, date and sign an inspection report.
(e) Corrective actions have been taken to E&SC measures.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate the completion of the corrective action.

### 2. Additional Documentation to be Kept on Site

In addition to the E&SC plan documents above, the following items shall be kept on the site and available for inspectors at all times during normal business hours, unless the Division provides a site-specific exemption based on unique site conditions that make this requirement not practical:

- This General Permit as well as the Certificate of Coverage, after it is received.
- Records of inspections made during the previous twelve months. The permittee shall record the required observations on the Inspection Record Form provided by the Division or a similar inspection form that includes all the required elements. Use of electronically-available records in lieu of the required paper copies will be allowed if shown to provide equal access and utility as the hard-copy records.
- 3. Documentation to be Retained for Three Years

All data used to complete the e-NOI and all inspection records shall be maintained for a period of three years after project completion and made available upon request. [40 CFR 122.41]

### SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

### **SECTION C: REPORTING**

### 1. Occurrences that Must be Reported

- Permittees shall report the following occurrences: (a) Visible sediment deposition in a stream or wetland.
- (b) Oil spills if:
  - They are 25 gallons or more,
- They are less than 25 gallons but cannot be cleaned up within 24 hours,
- They cause sheen on surface waters (regardless of volume), or
- They are within 100 feet of surface waters (regardless of volume).
- (c) Releases of hazardous substances in excess of reportable quantities under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (Ref: 40 CFR 110.3 and 40 CFR 117.3) or Section 102 of CERCLA (Ref: 40 CFR 302.4) or G.S. 143-215.85.
- (d) Anticipated bypasses and unanticipated bypasses.
- (e) Noncompliance with the conditions of this permit that may endanger health or the environment.

### 2. Reporting Timeframes and Other Requirements

After a permittee becomes aware of an occurrence that must be reported, he shall contact the appropriate Division regional office within the timeframes and in accordance with the other requirements listed below. Occurrences outside normal business hours may also be reported to the Department's Environmental Emergency Center personnel at (800) 858-0368.

Occurrence	Paparting Timeframe (After Discovery) and Other Paguirements
Occurrence	Reporting Timeframe (After Discovery) and Other Requirements
(a) Visible	Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification.
sediment	Within 7 Calendar Days, a report that contains a description of the
deposition in a	sediment and actions taken to address the cause of the deposition.
stream or wetland	Division staff may waive the requirement for a written report on a case-
	by-case basis.
	If the stream is named on the NC 303(d) list as impaired for sediment-
	related caused, the permittee may be required to perform additional
	monitoring, inspections or apply more stringent practices if staff
	determine that additional requirements are needed to assure
	compliance with the federal or state impaired-waters conditions.
(b) Oil spills and	Within 24 Hours, an oral or electronic notification. The notification shall
release of	include information about the date, time, nature, volume and location
hazardous	of the spill or release.
substances per	
item 1(b)-(c) above	
(c) Anticipated	A report at least ten days before the date of the bypass, if possible.
bypasses [40 CFR	The report shall include an evaluation of the anticipated quality and
122.41(m)(3)]	effect of the bypass.
(d) Unanticipated	Within 24 Hours, an oral or electronic notification
bypasses [40 CFR	Within 7 calendar days, a report that includes an evaluation of the
122.41(m)(3)]	quality and effect of the bypass.
(e) Noncompliance	Within 24 Hours, an oral or electronic notification
with the conditions	Within 7 calendar days, a report that contains a description of the
of this permit that	noncompliance, and its causes; the period of noncompliance, including
may endanger	exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been
health or the	corrected, the anticipated time noncompliance is expected to continue;
environment [40	and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate and prevent
CFR 122.41(I)(7)]	reoccurrence of the noncompliance. [40 CFR 122.41(I)(6).
	Division staff may waive the requirement for a written report on a case-
	by-case basis.

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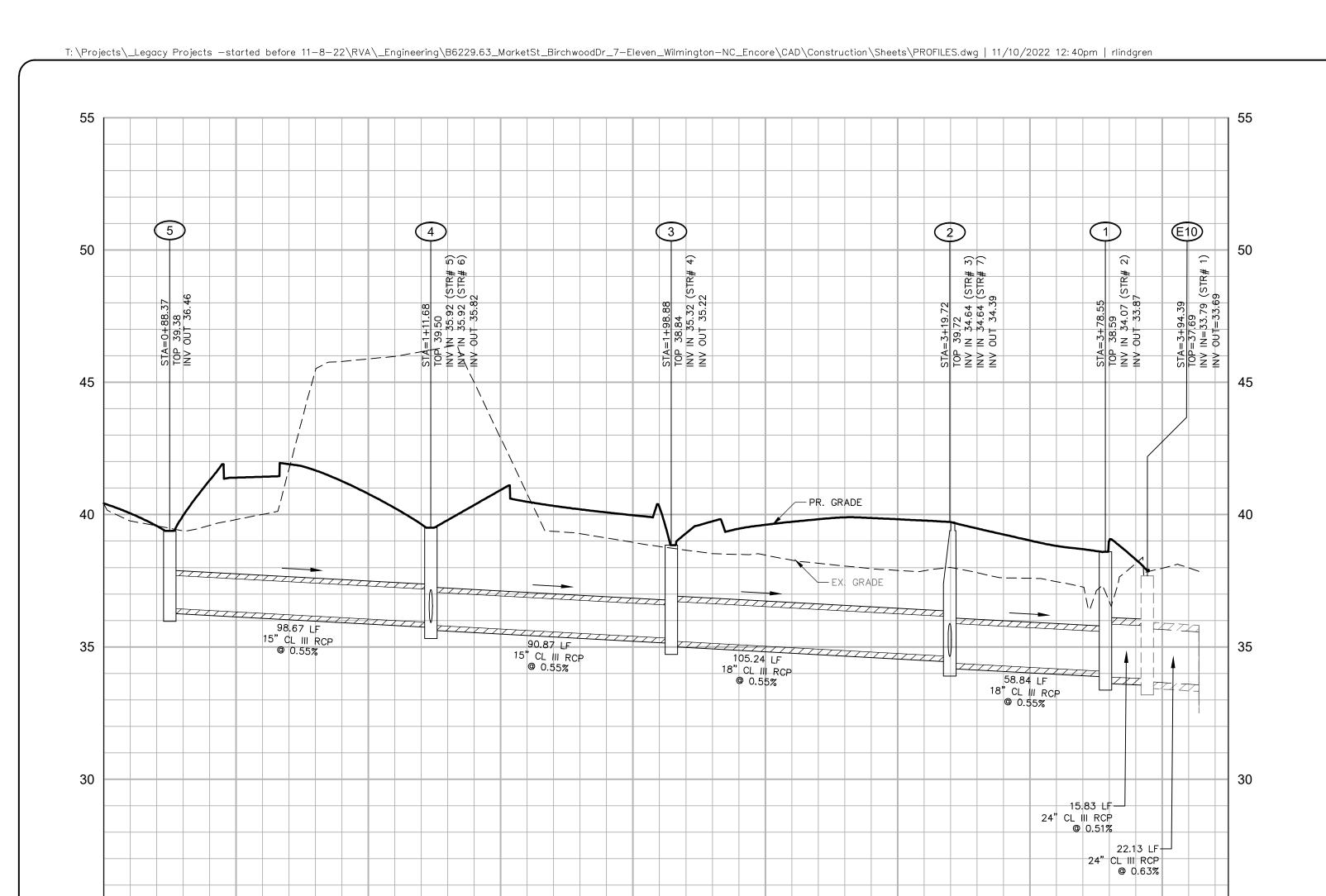
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**DATE:** 07/20/2022 **PROJECT:** B6229.63

NCG-01 SELF INSPECTION

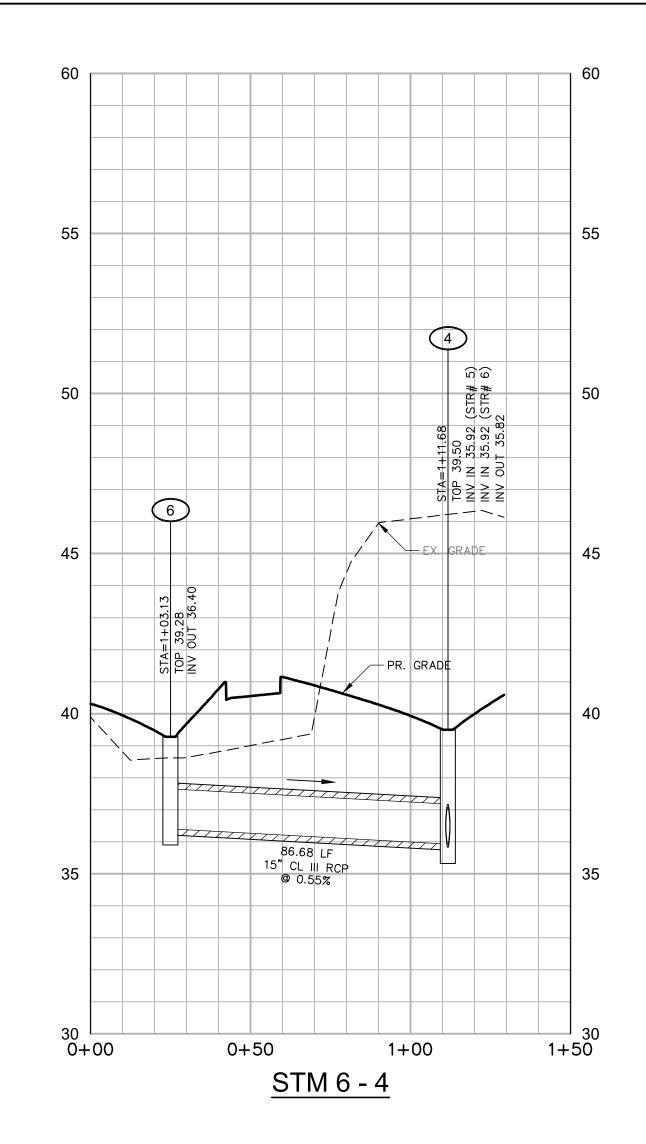
NORTH CAROLINA Environmental Quality EFFECTIVE DATE:11/12/2020

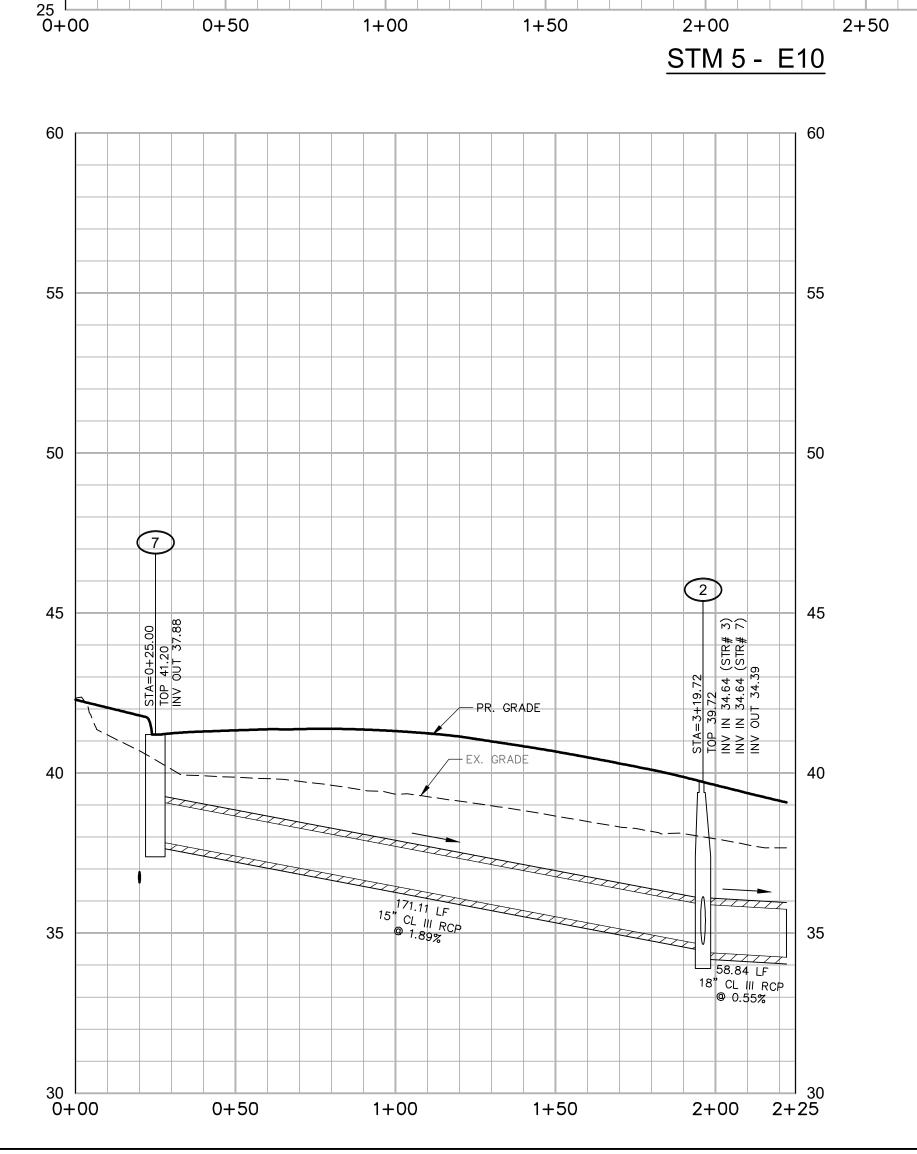


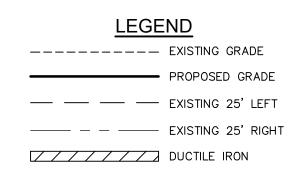
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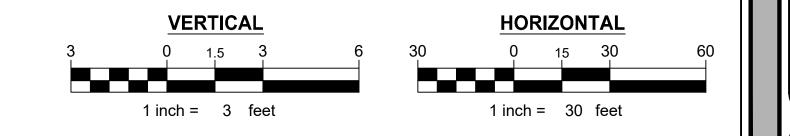




NOTES:

4. THE SANITARY SEWER MANHOLES WITHIN THE ROW SHALL BE WATERTIGHT CONSTRUCTION AND BE TESTED IN PLACE BY VACUUM TESTING.

6. ALL WATER SERVICE AND SANITARY SEWER CROSSINGS STORM SEWER SHALL MAINTAIN A MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION DISTANCE OF 1.5 FEET.

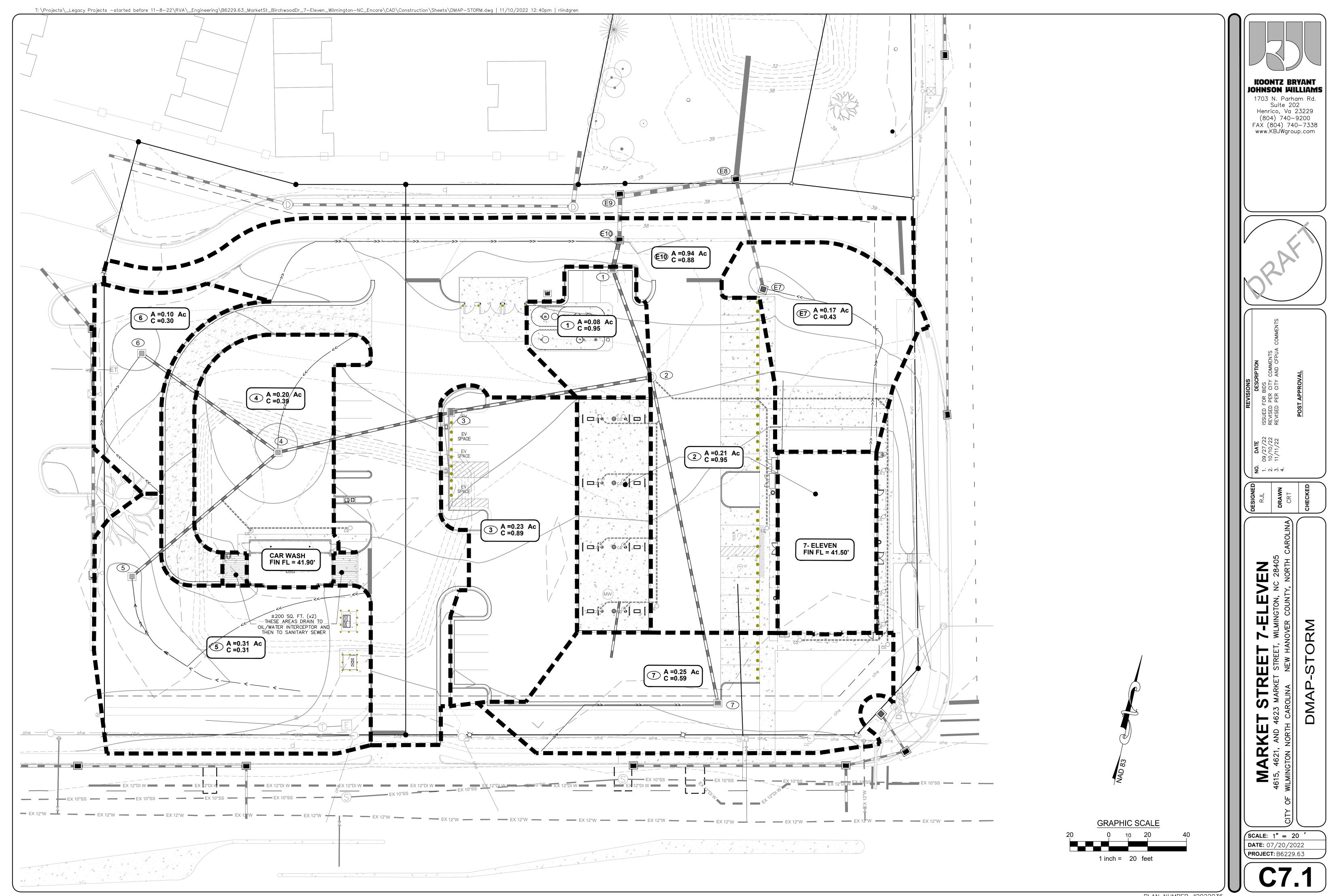


### KOONTZ BRYANT JOHNSON WILLIAMS

1703 N. Parham Rd. Suite 202 Henrico, Va 23229 (804) 740-9200 FAX (804) 740-7338 www.KBJWgroup.com

**8** ← 9 ₩ 4

SCALE: AS SHOWN **DATE:** 07/20/2022 **PROJECT:** B6229.63



PLAN NUMBER #2022036

Project File: Market Street 7-Eleven.sws

## 10 YEAR STORM CALCULATIONS

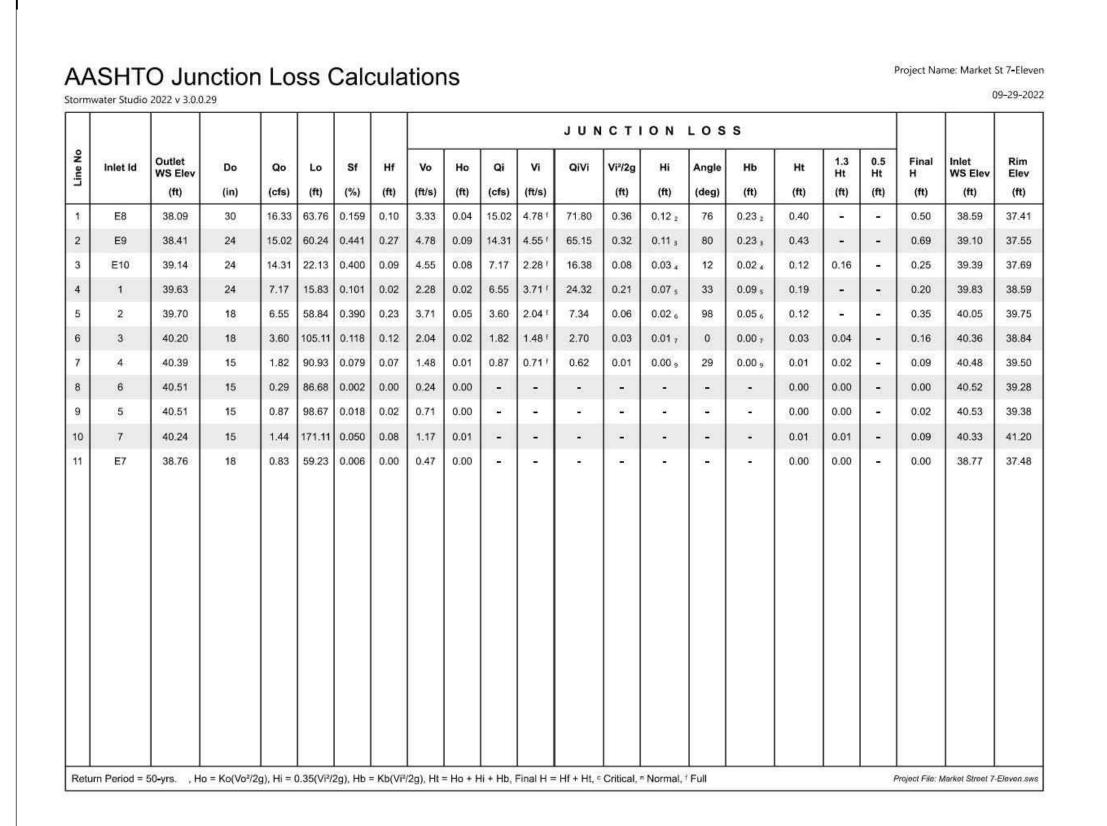
												JUN	CTI	ON	LOS	S						
Line No	Inlet Id	Outlet WS Elev (ft)	Do (in)	Qo (cfs)	Lo (ft)	Sf (%)	Hf (ft)	Vo (ft/s)	Ho (ft)	Qi (cfs)	Vi (ft/s)	QiVi	Vi²/2g (ft)	Hi (ft)	Angle (deg)	Hb (ft)	Ht (ft)	1.3 Ht (ft)	0.5 Ht (ft)	Final H (ft)	Inlet WS Elev (ft)	Rim Elev (ft)
1	E8	38.09	30	13.12	63.76	0.102	0.07	2.67	0.03	12.07	3.84 1	46.38	0.23	0.08 2	76	0.15 2	0.26	-	살	0.32	38.41	37.41
2	E9	38.30	24	12.07	60.24	0.285	0.17	3.84	0.06	11.50	3.66 /	42.10	0.21	0.07 3	80	0.15 3	0.28	-	-	0.45	38.74	37.5
3	E10	38.77	24	11.50	22.13	0.259	0.06	3.66	0.05	5.77	1.84 1	10.59	0.05	0.02 4	12	0.01 4	0.08	0.10	-	0.16	38.93	37.6
	1	39.08	24	5.77	15.83	0.065	0.01	1.84	0.01	5.27	2.98 !	15.74	0.14	0.05 5	33	0.06 5	0.12	(#2)	-	0.13	39.21	38.5
5	2	39.13	18	5.27	58.84	0.252	0.15	2.98	0.03	2.90	1.64	4.76	0.04	0.01 6	98	0.03 6	0.08	(2)	설	0.23	39.36	39.7
	3	39.45	18	2.90	105.11	0.076	0.08	1.64	0.01	1.47	1.20 「	1.76	0.02	0.01 7	0	0.00 7	0.02	0.03	-	0.11	39.56	38.8
	4	39.58	15	1.47	90.93	0.052	0.05	1.20	0.01	0.70	0.57 †	0.40	0.01	0.00 9	29	e 00.0	0.01	0.01		0.06	39.64	39.5
	6	39.66	15	0.24	86.68	0.001	0.00	0.19	0.00	Marie	1771)		170	-	1576		0.00	0.00	5	0.00	39.66	39.2
	5	39.65	15	0.70	98.67	0.012	0.01	0.57	0.00	1724	(2)	4	(45)	425	020	# <u>2</u>	0.00	0.00	2	0.01	39.67	39.3
0	7	39.48	15	1.17	171.11	0.033	0.06	0.95	0.00	V=:	9 <u>4</u> 33	2:	120	~	343		0.00	0.01	Ψ.	0.06	39.54	41.2
11	E7	38.52	18	0.67	59.23	0.004	0.00	0.38	0.00		4	*		=		*	0.00	0.00	2	0.00	38.53	37.48

Return Period = 10-yrs. , Ho = Ko(Vo²/2g), Hi = 0.35(Vi²/2g), Hb = Kb(Vi²/2g), Ht = Ho + Hi + Hb, Final H = Hf + Ht, © Critical, n Normal, f Full

Inlet ID	Junct Type	Curb Length	Grate Len	Grate Width	Drain Area	Runoff Coeff	Incr CxA	Total C x A	i Inlet	i Syst	Incr Q	Q Carry	Gutter Slope	Cross SI, Sx	Gutter Width	Cross SI, Sw	Local Depr	Inlet Eff	Q Capt	Q Bypass	Inlet Depth	Throat Height	Inlet Spread	Inlet Loc
		(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ac)	(C)			(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft/ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(in)	(%)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft)	(in)	(ft)	
8	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.090	0.95	0.09	1.90	9.69	6.90	0.83	0.00	Sag	0.0550	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	0.83	0.00	0.28	6.0	2.14	Sag
<b>E</b> 9	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.090	0.95	0.09	1.74	9.69	6.93	0.83	0.00	0.017	0.0360	1.50	0.0300	2.0	80	0.66	0.17	0.24	6.0	1.98	On Grd
<b>=10</b>	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.940	0.88	0.83	1.66	8.02	6.94	6.64	0.00	Sag	0.0200	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	6.64	0.00	0.60	6.0	21.66	Sag
i	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.080	0.95	0.08	0.83	9.69	6.95	0.74	0.00	Sag	0.0125	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	0.74	0.00	0.23	6.0	5.26	Sag
2	МН	****	(1441)	****	0.210	0.95	0.20	0.75	9.69	7.00	1.93	****		****	****	****		****					3000	****
3	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.230	0.89	0.20	0.41	9.69	7.09	1.98	0.00	Sag	0.0260	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	1.98	0.00	0.35	6.0	6.89	Sag
4	Dp-Grate			2.00	0.200	0.39	0.08	0.20	7.74	7.20	0.60	0.00	Sag	0.0400	2.50	0.0400	****	100	0.60	0.00	0.09	****	6.79	Sag
6	Dp-Grate	200	1444	2.00	0.100	0.30	0.03	0.03	7.96	7.96	0.24	0.00	Sag	0.0350	2.50	0.0350	****	100	0.24	0.00	0.05	3445	5.14	Sag
5	Dp-Grate	X000	(9640)	2.00	0.310	0.31	0.10	0.10	7.33	7.33	0.70	0.00	Sag	0.0200	2.50	0.0200	3000	100	0.70	0.00	0.10	3000	12.01	Sag
7	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.250	0.58	0.15	0.15	8.05	8.05	1.17	0.00	Sag	0.0125	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	1.17	0.00	0.27	6.0	8.46	Sag
	Dp-Grate	****	(1111)	2.00	0.170	0.44	0.07	0.07	8.99	8.99	0.67	0.00	Sag	0.0200	2.50	0.0200		100	0.67	0.00	0.09	2220	11,71	Sag

Inlet ID	Inlet ID DownStr	Drain Area	Runoff Coeff	Incr CxA	Total C x A	Inlet Time	Tc System	i Syst	Total Runoff	Invert Up	Invert Dn	Line Length	Line Slope	Line Size	Capac. Full	Vel Up	Vel Normal	Pipe Travel
		(ac)	(C)			(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(in)	(cfs)	(ft/s)	(ft/s)	(min)
E8		0.090	0.95	0.09	1.90	5.0	14.2	6.90	13.12	33.01	32.79	63.76	0.0035	30	24.09	2.67	5.01	0.22
E9	E8	0.090	0.95	0.09	1.74	5.0	14.0	6.93	12.07	33.55	33.10	60.24	0.0075	24	19.55	3.84	6.55	0.16
E10	E9	0.940	0.88	0.83	1.66	9.6	13.9	6.94	11.50	33.69	33.55	22.13	0.0063	24	17.99	3.66	6.07	0.06
1	E10	0.080	0.95	0.08	0.83	5.0	13.9	6.95	5.77	33.87	33.79	15.83	0.0051	24	16.08	1.84	4.69	0.06
2	1	0.210	0.95	0.20	0.75	5.0	13.7	7.00	5.27	34.39	34.07	58.84	0.0055	18	7.77	2.98	4.72	0.21
3	2	0.230	0.89	0.20	0.41	5.0	13.2	7.09	2.90	35.22	34.64	105.11	0.0055	18	7.80	1.64	4.09	0.44
4	3	0.200	0.39	80.0	0.20	10.6	12.8	7.20	1.47	35.82	35.32	90.93	0.0055	15	4.79	1.20	3.43	0.45
6	4	0.100	0.30	0.03	0.03	9.8	9.8	7.96	0.24	36.40	35.92	86.68	0.0055	15	4.81	0.19	2.03	0.71
5	4	0.310	0.31	0.10	0.10	12.2	12.2	7.33	0.70	36.46	35.92	98.67	0.0055	15	4.78	0.57	2.78	0.59
7	2	0.250	0.58	0.15	0.15	9.5	9.5	8.05	1.17	37.88	34.64	171.11	0.0189	15	8.89	0.95	5.01	0.57
E7	E8	0.170	0.44	0.07	0.07	6.7	6.7	8.99	0.67	34.32	33.06	59.23	0.0213	18	15.32	0.38	4.34	0.23

## 50 YEAR STORM CALCULATIONS

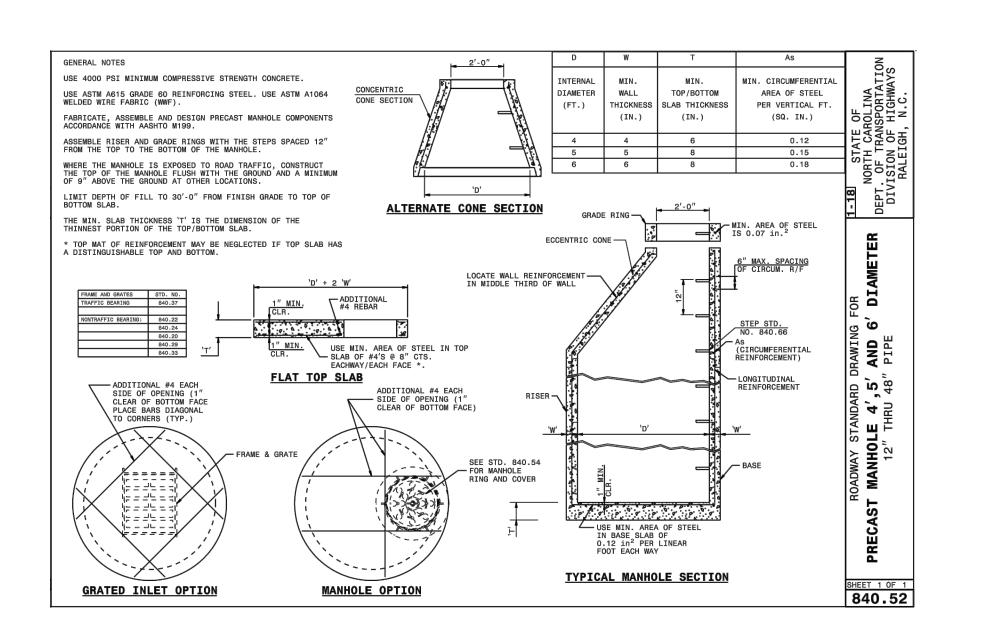


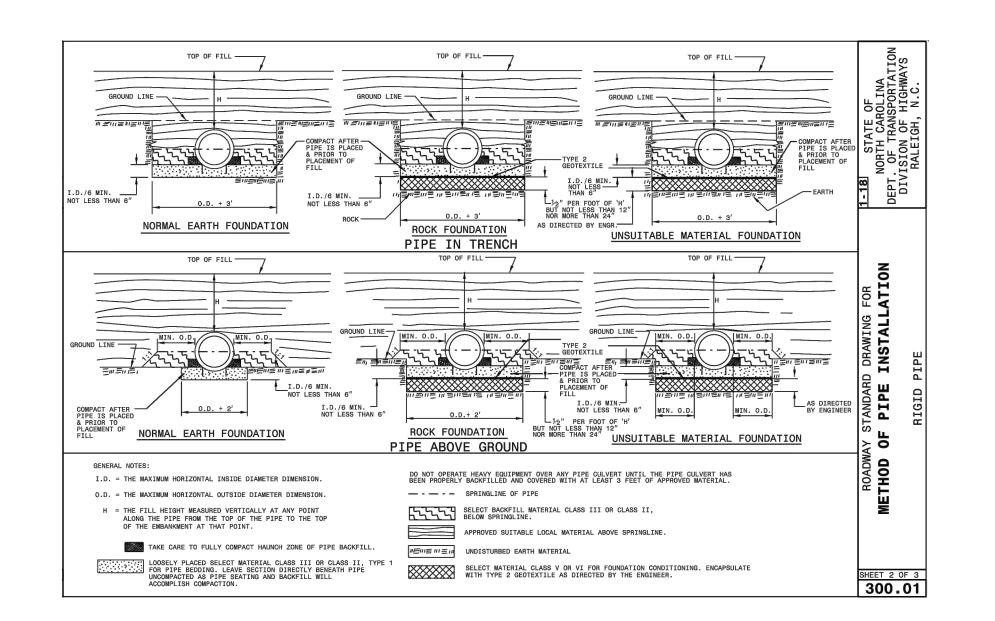
Inlet ID	Junct Type	Curb Length	Grate Len	Grate Width	Drain Area	Runoff Coeff	Incr CxA	Total C x A	i Inlet	i Syst	Incr Q	Q Carry	Gutter Slope	Cross SI, Sx	Gutter Width	Cross SI, Sw	Local Depr	Inlet Eff	Q Capt	Q Bypass	Inlet Depth	Throat Height	Inlet Spread	Inlet Loc
		(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ac)	(C)			(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft/ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(in)	(%)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft)	(in)	(ft)	
8	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.090	0.95	0.09	1.90	11.88	8.58	1.02	0.00	Sag	0.0550	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	1.02	0.00	0.30	6.0	2.51	Sag
9	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.090	0.95	0.09	1.74	11.88	8.62	1.02	0.00	0.017	0.0360	1.50	0.0300	2.0	77	0.78	0.24	0.26	6.0	2.48	On Grd
10	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.940	0.88	0.83	1.66	9.89	8.64	8.18	0.00	Sag	0.0200	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	8.18	0.00	0.67	6.0	25.16	Sag
	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.080	0.95	0.08	0.83	11.88	8.65	0.90	0.00	Sag	0.0125	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	0.90	0.00	0.25	6.0	6.86	Sag
2	МН	2000	(2004)	3000	0.210	0.95	0.20	0.75	11.88	8.70	2.37	3000	SHIRE	V444	SHIR		SHIR	200	SHIR	3000	SHIR	3000	1910	3446
3	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.230	0.89	0.20	0.41	11.88	8.81	2.43	0.00	Sag	0.0260	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	2.43	0.00	0.38	6.0	8.04	Sag
2)	Dp-Grate	1111	1155531	2.00	0.200	0.39	0.08	0.20	9.55	8.92	0.75	0.00	Sag	0.0400	2.50	0.0400	2000	100	0.75	0.00	0.10	378753	7,43	Sag
i	Dp-Grate	7200	7	2.00	0.100	0.30	0.03	0.03	9.82	9.82	0.29	0.00	Sag	0.0350	2.50	0.0350	CME	100	0.29	0.00	0.05	*****	5.54	Sag
5	Dp-Grate	800	(2004)	2.00	0.310	0.31	0.10	0.10	9.07	9.07	0.87	0.00	Sag	0.0200	2.50	0.0200	SH08	100	0.87	0.00	0.11	3444	13.46	Sag
*	Comb.	2.98	2.98	1.98	0.250	0.58	0.15	0.15	9.92	9.92	1.44	0.00	Sag	0.0125	1.50	0.0300	2.0	100	1.44	0.00	0.29	6.0	10.06	Sag
E7	Dp-Grate	227	3,00001	2.00	0.170	0.44	0.07	0.07	11.04	11.04	0.83	0.00	Sag	0.0200	2.50	0.0200	2000	100	0.83	0.00	0.11	3000	13.07	Sag

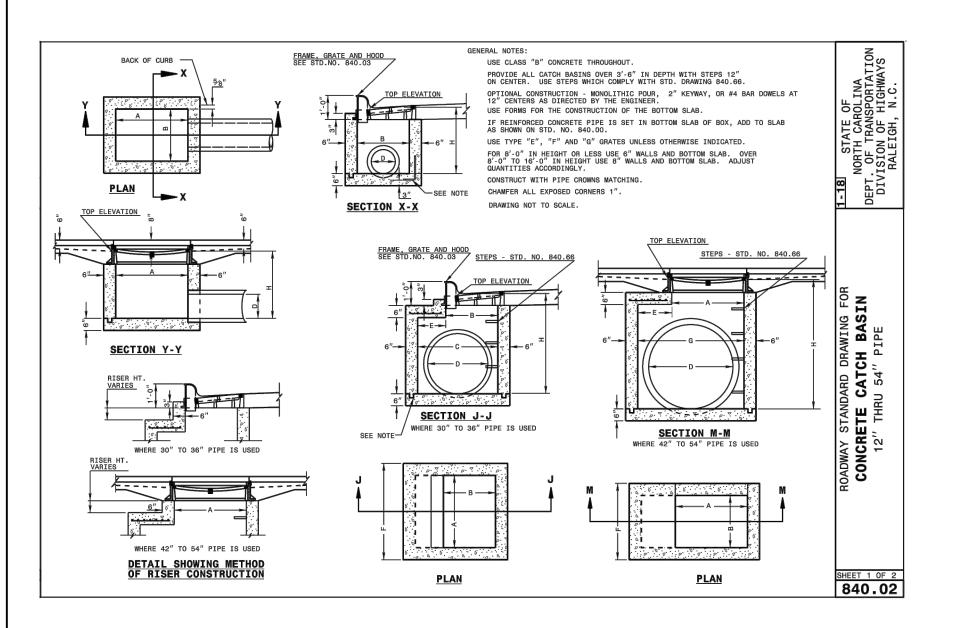
Inlet ID	Inlet ID DownStr	Drain Area	Runoff Coeff	Incr CxA	Total C x A	Inlet Time	Tc System	i Syst	Total Runoff	Invert Up	Invert Dn	Line Length	Line Slope	Line Size	Capac. Full	Vel Up	Vel Normal	Pipe Travel
		(ac)	(C)			(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(in)	(cfs)	(ft/s)	(ft/s)	(min)
E8		0.090	0.95	0.09	1.90	5.0	14.1	8.58	16.33	33.01	32.79	63.76	0.0035	30	24.09	3.33	5.27	0.21
E9	E8	0.090	0.95	0.09	1.74	5.0	13.9	8.62	15.02	33.55	33.10	60.24	0.0075	24	19.55	4.78	6,86	0.15
E10	E9	0.940	0.88	0.83	1.66	9.6	13.8	8.64	14.31	33.69	33.55	22.13	0.0063	24	17.99	4.55	6.35	0.06
1	E10	0.080	0.95	0.08	0.83	5.0	13.8	8.65	7.17	33.87	33.79	15.83	0.0051	24	16.08	2.28	4.97	0.05
2	1	0.210	0.95	0.20	0.75	5.0	13.6	8.70	6.55	34.39	34.07	58.84	0.0055	18	7.77	3.71	4.93	0.20
3	2	0.230	0.89	0.20	0.41	5.0	13.2	8.81	3.60	35.22	34.64	105.11	0.0055	18	7.80	2.04	4.32	0.41
4	3	0.200	0.39	0.08	0.20	10.6	12.8	8.92	1.82	35.82	35.32	90.93	0.0055	15	4.79	1.48	3.63	0.42
6	4	0.100	0.30	0.03	0.03	9.8	9.8	9.82	0.29	36.40	35.92	86.68	0.0055	15	4.81	0.24	2.17	0.67
5	4	0.310	0.31	0.10	0.10	12.2	12.2	9.07	0.87	36.46	35.92	98.67	0.0055	15	4.78	0.71	2.96	0.56
7	2	0.250	0.58	0.15	0.15	9.5	9.5	9.92	1.44	37.88	34.64	171.11	0.0189	15	8.89	1,17	5.32	0.54
E7	E8	0.170	0.44	0.07	0.07	6.7	6.7	11.04	0.83	34.32	33.06	59.23	0.0213	18	15.32	0.47	4.62	0.21

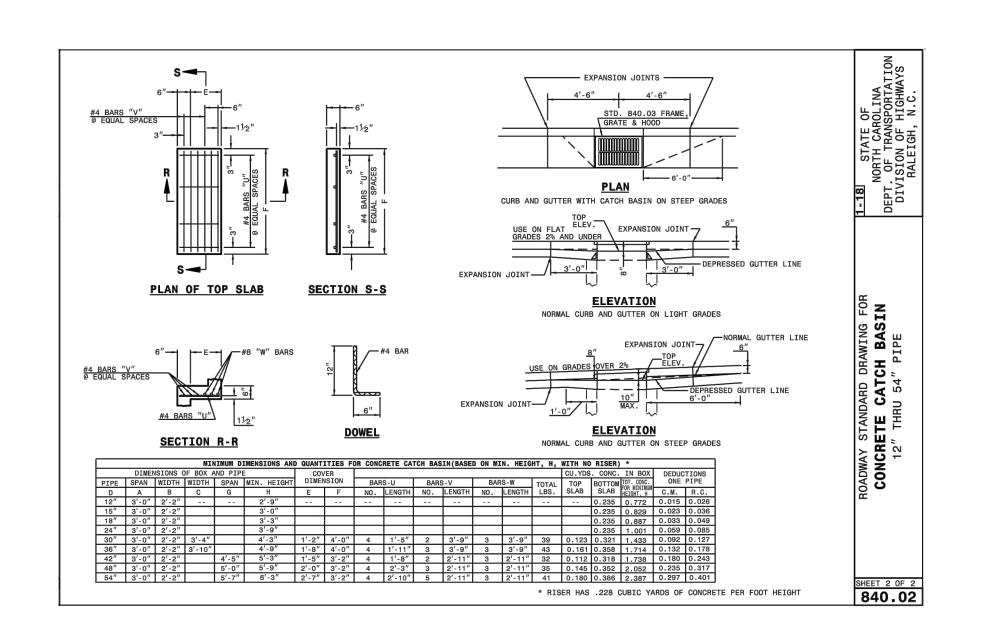
1703 N. Parham Rd. Suite 202 Henrico, Va 23229 (804) 740-9200 FAX (804) 740-7338 www.KBJWgroup.com

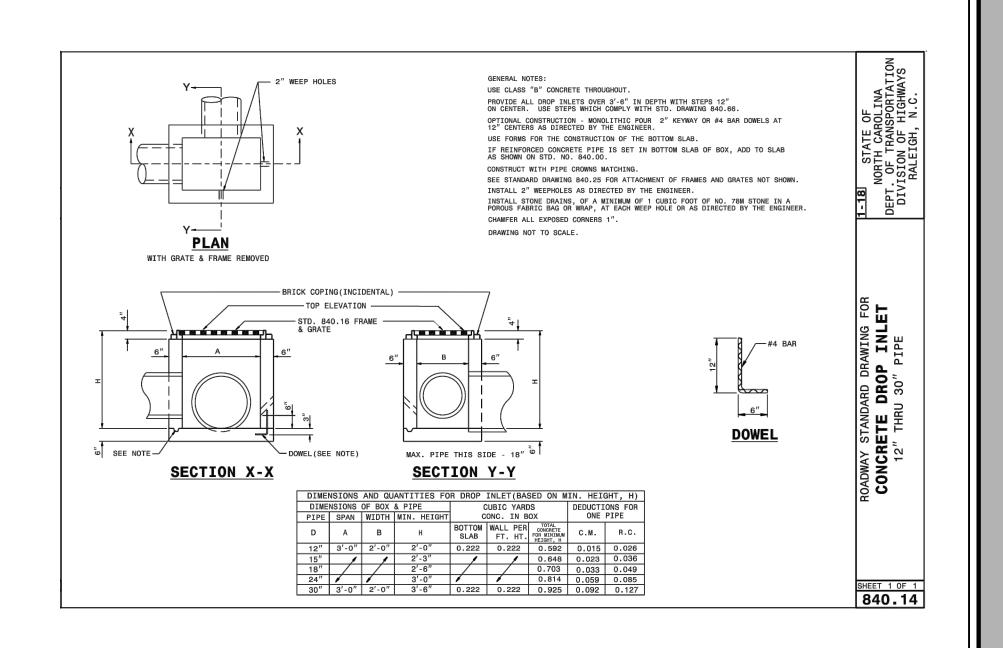
**DATE**: 07/20/2022 **PROJECT:** B6229.63

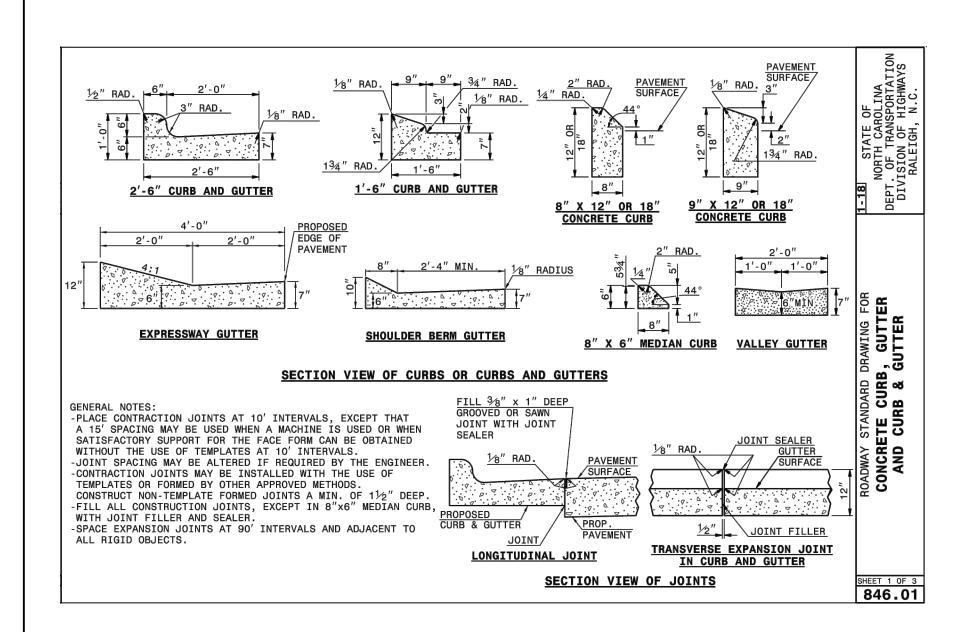


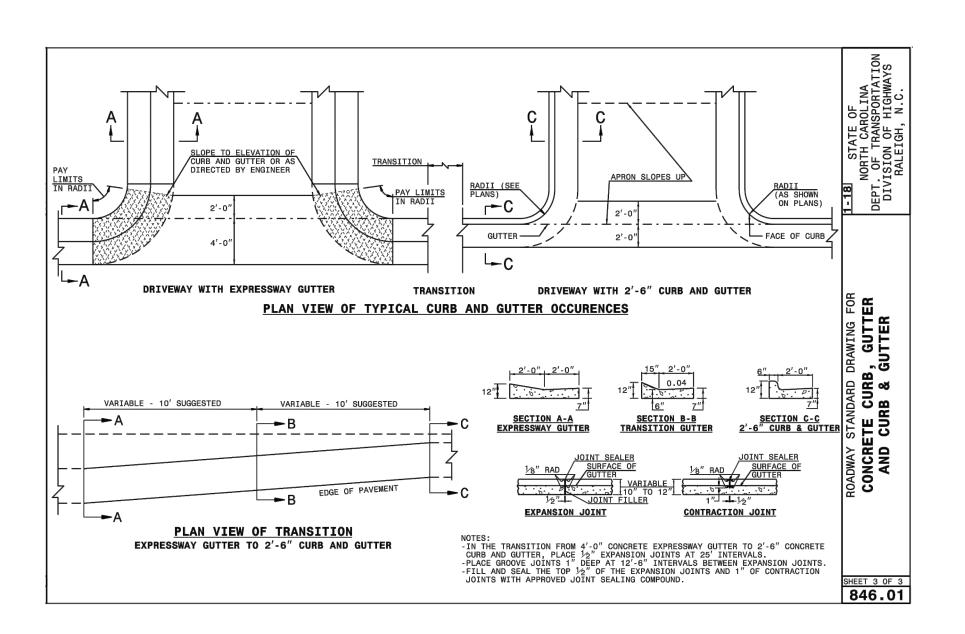


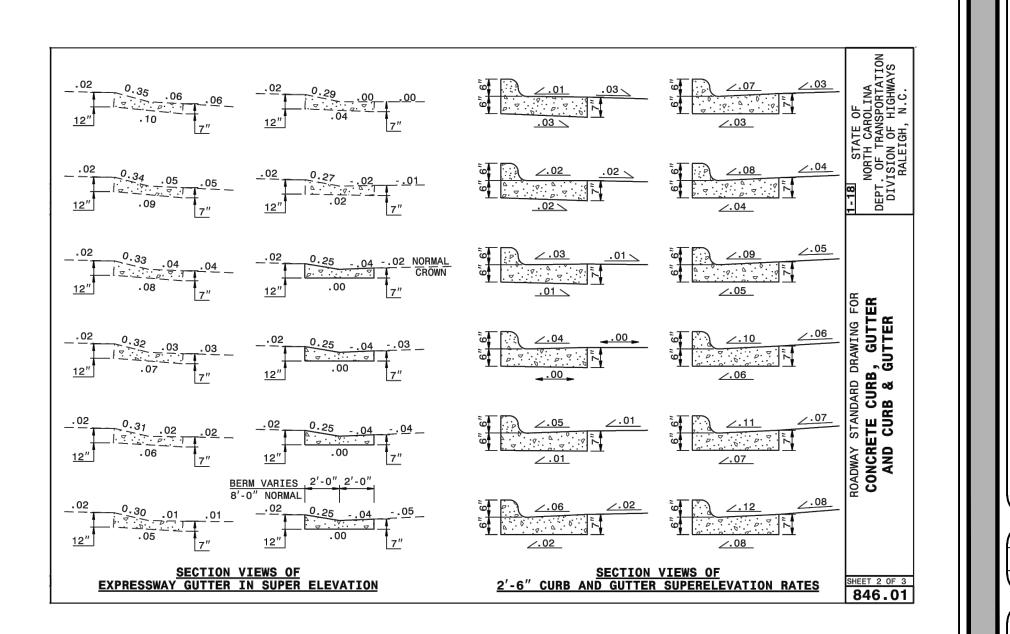












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Henrico, Va 23229
(804) 740-9200
FAX (804) 740-7338
www.KBJWgroup.com

DESCRIPTION
ISSUED FOR BIDS
REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS
REVISED PER CITY AND CFPUA COMMENTS

RJL 1. 09/27/2 2. 10/10/2: 3. 11/11/22 4. CRT

EVEN

1, NC 28405

NTY, NORTH CAROLINA

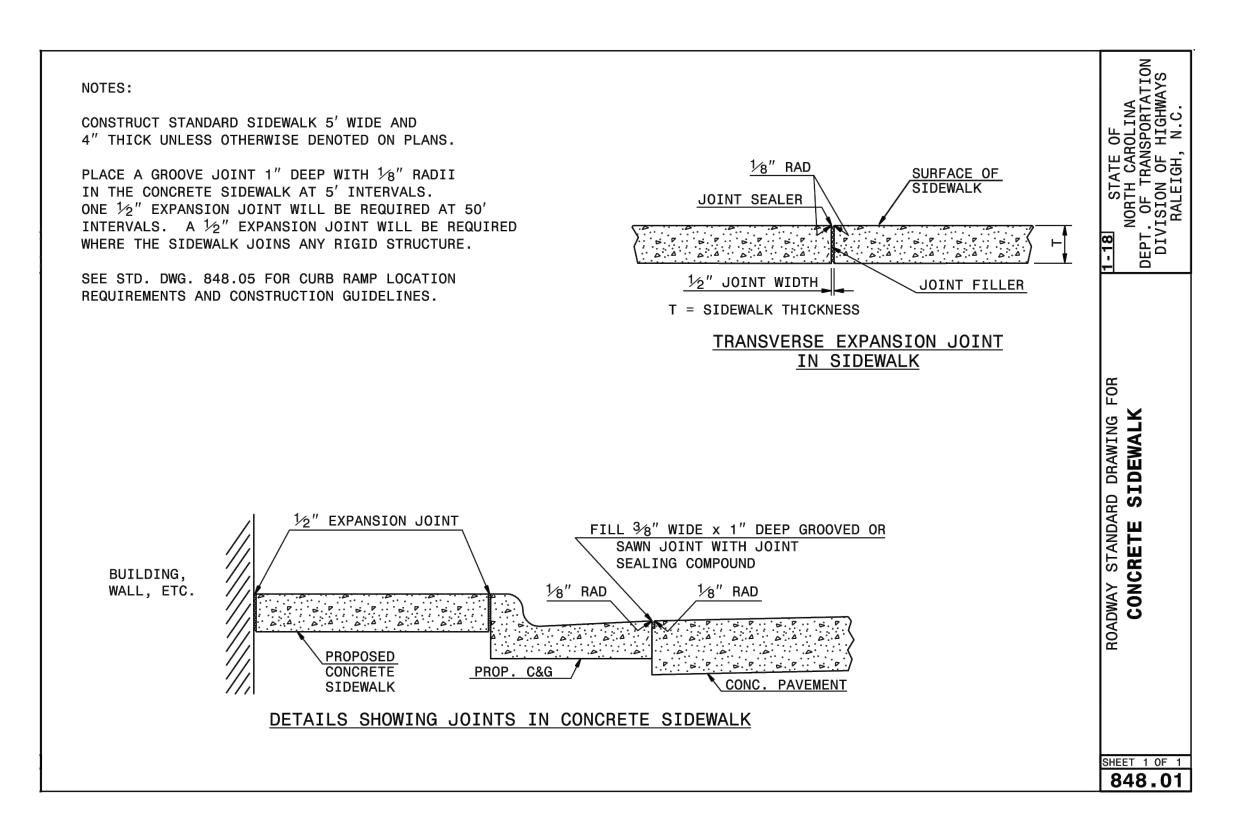
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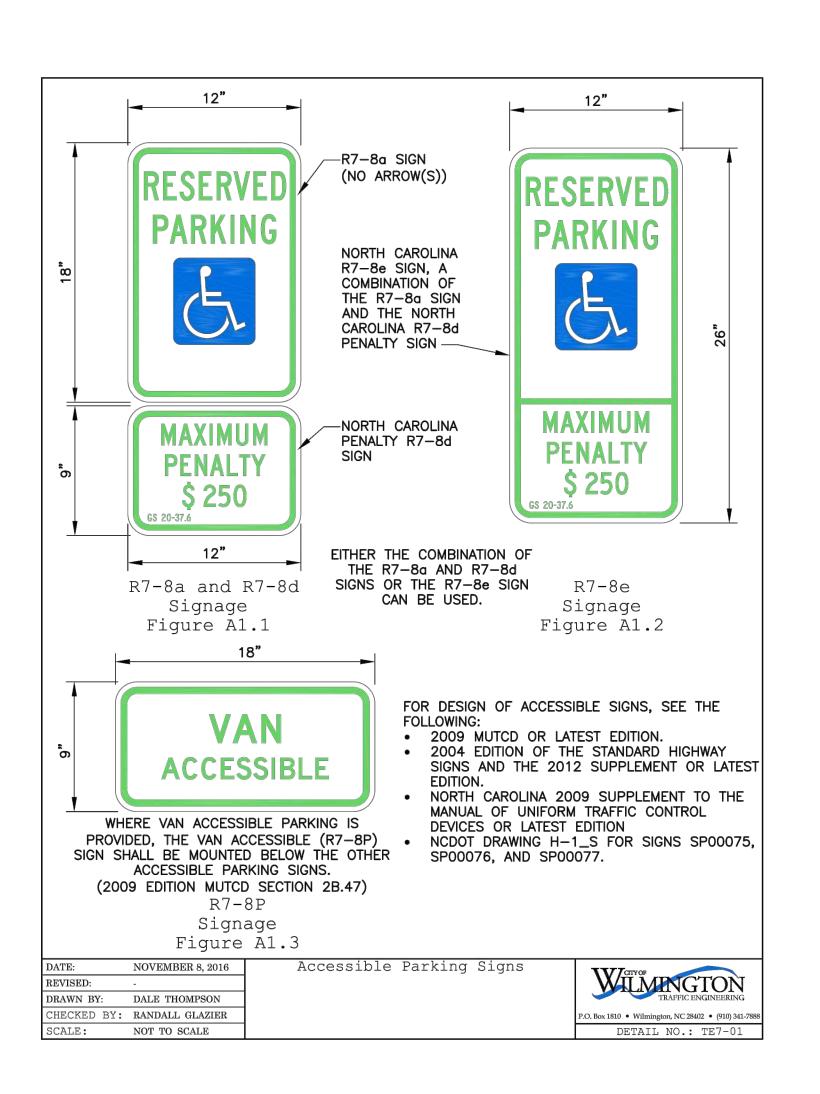
ROLINA NEW HANOVER COUR

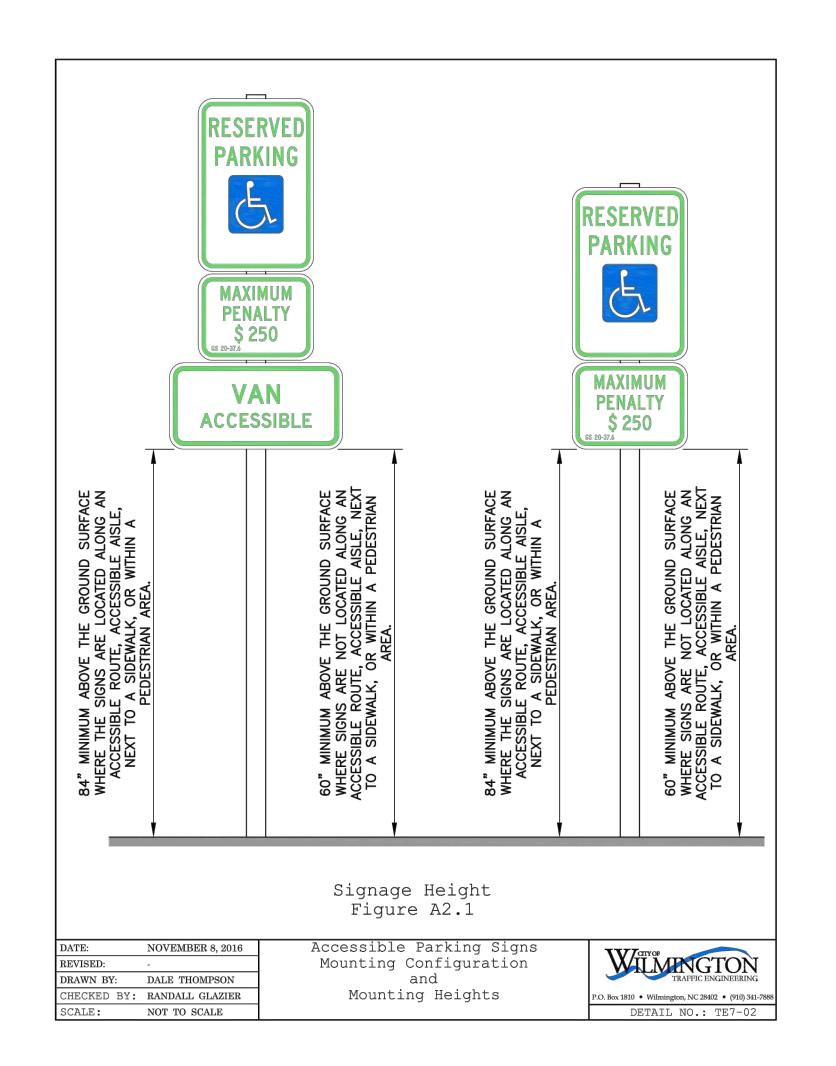
MARKET STREE 4615, 4621, AND 4623 MARKET ST. OF WILMINGTON NORTH CAROLINA NET

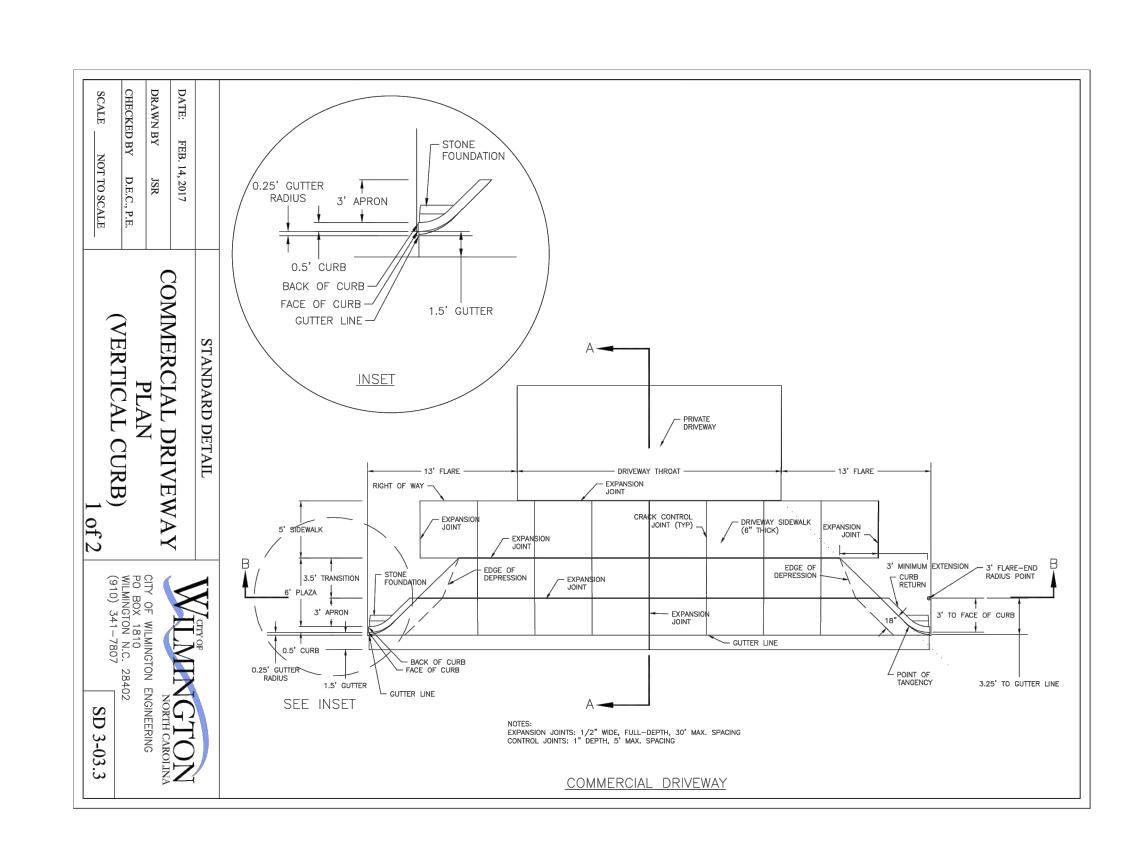
SCALE: N/A
DATE: 07/20/2022
PROJECT: B6229.63

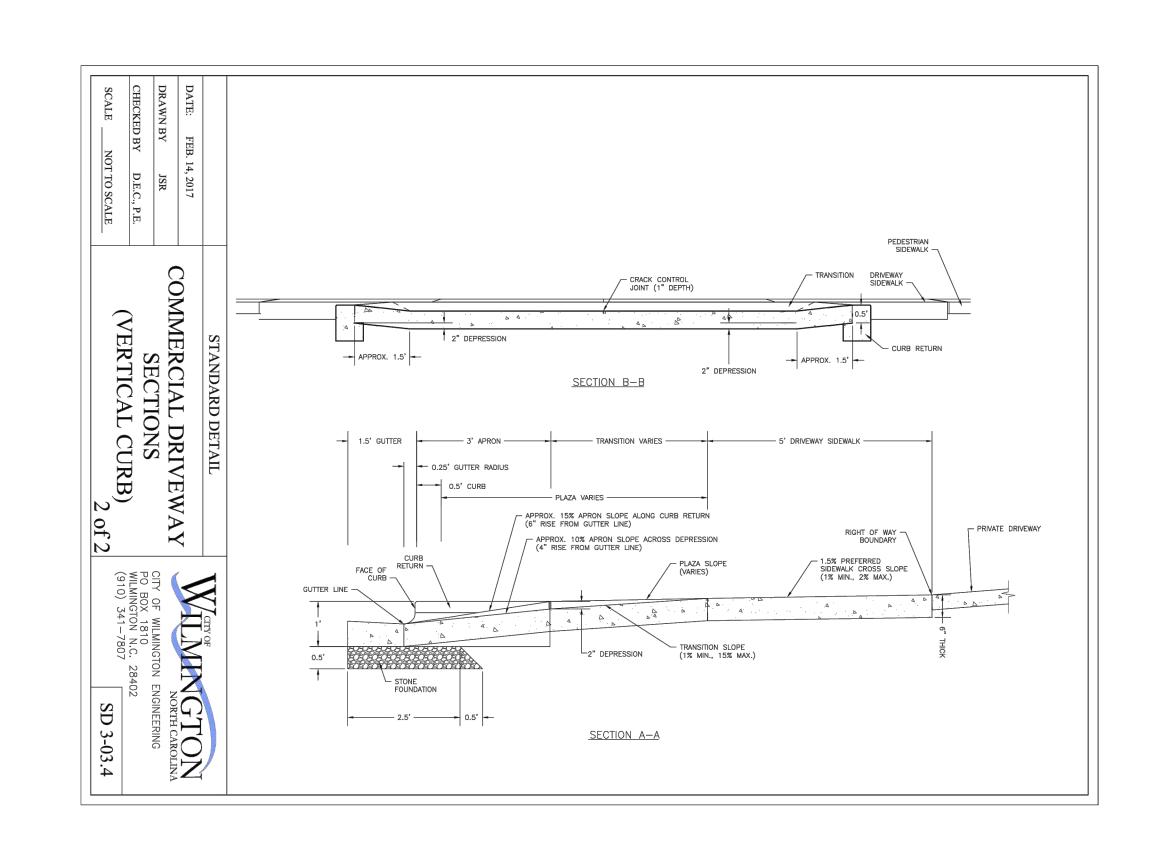
C9.1















DESCRIPTION
SUED FOR BIDS
:VISED PER CITY COMMENTS
:VISED PER CITY AND CFPUA COMMENTS

NO. DATE
1. 09/27/22
2. 10/10/22
3. 11/11/22
4.

DRAWN
CRT
CHECKED

VEN NC 28405 TY, NORTH CAROLINA

-ELE

TAILS - SITE

ARKET STREE

4621, AND 4623 MARKET STREE

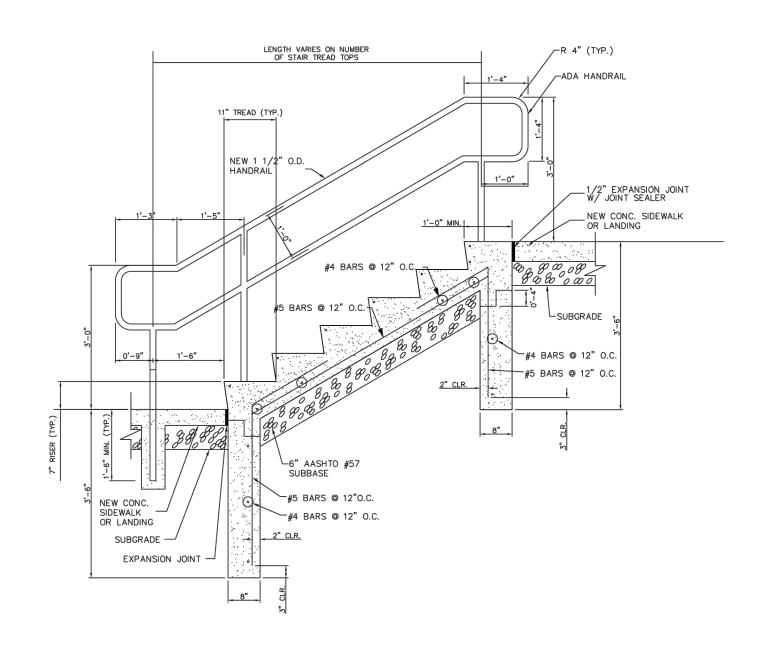
4GTON NORTH CAROLINA NEW H

SCALE: N/A

DATE: 07/20/2022

PROJECT: B6229.63

**C9.2** 



NOTES:

1. EXTERIOR CONCRETE STAIRS SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM OF 6 STEPS PER SECTION, IF MORE THAN 6 STEPS ARE REQUIRED, ADD A LANDING THEN THE REST OF THE STAIRS. IF THERE IS NOT ENOUGH SPACE FOR A LANDING, CONSULT WITH THE SPEEDWAY CIVIL ENGINEER.

2. ALL STAIRS AND HANDRAILS SHALL CONFORM TO ALL APPLICABLE A.D.A REQUIREMENTS.

3. ALL RAILING AND HANDRAIL JOINTS SHALL BE WELDED AND GROUND SMOOTH.

4. PROVIDE A MINIMUM 2' OF COVER AROUND \*4 NOSING BARS. SUPPORT POSTS MUST BE EPOXY GROUTED INTO PIPE SLEEVE AND FLANGED WITH 4' MIN. ROUND FLANGE

5. RAILS TO BE GALVANIZED SCHEDULE 40 STEEL PIPE. IF PAINT IS REQUIRED

BY AHJ, COORDINATE WITH OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.

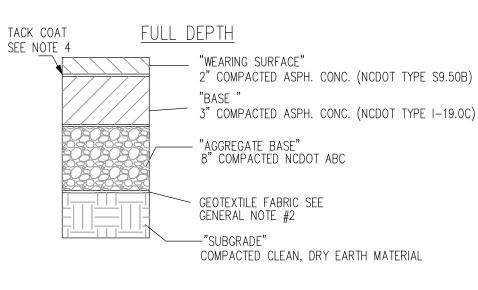
### HEAVY-DUTY ASPHALT PAVEMENT DETAIL

HEAVY LOAD TRAFFIC AREAS

ASPHALT SEALING

SEALANT IS APPLIED.

SURFACE CLEANING:



OVERLAY DETAIL NOTES:

1. THE OVERLAY SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OWNER'S SPECIFICATIONS.

3" COMPACTED ASPH. CONC. (NCDOT TYPE I-19.0C)

2. ALL FAILED AREAS SHALL BE REPAIRED WITH PROPER PATCHES BEFORE OVERLAY IS PLACED.

"ACCEPCATE BASE"

CONSTRUCT LEVELING COURSES TO RESTORE PROPER LINE AND CROSS SECTION.

4. THE PAVEMENT SHALL BE THOUROUGHLY CLEANED AND A TACK COAT OF ASPHALT SHALL BE APPLIED BEFORE

3. IF THE SURFACE IS DISTORTED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL

THE OVERLAY IS PLACED.

5. ALL VERTICAL SURFACES COMING IN CONTACT WITH THE OVERLAY SHALL BE SPRAYED OR PAINTED WITH A UNIFORM COATING OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT

IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION.

6. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING PROPER SURFACE DRAINAGE. PONDING OR PUDDLING OF WATER ON THE FINAL SURFACE WILL BE UNACCEPTABLE.

7. REPLACE IN KIND ANY EXISTING TRAFFIC LOOPS AND/OR RELATED SENSOR EQUIPMENT THAT IS REMOVED OR DAMAGED DUE TO PAVEMENT MILLING ACTIVITY

2. SEALING:

THE SEAL COATING MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPRISED OF A RUBBERIZED COAL—TAR PITCH EMULSION AND SHALL MEET OR EXCEED FEDERAL SPECIFICATION R—P—355e. SUPPLIED IN CONCENTRATED FORM, IT SHALL BE DILUTED A MINIMUM OF 15% AND A MAXIMUM OF 25% WITH FRESH, CLEAN WATER. THE SEALANT MATERIAL SHALL CONTAIN 5—6 LBS. PER GALLON OF FINE, CLEAN, DRY SILICA SAND MEETING THE FOLLOWING GRADATION:

THE SURFACE TO BE SEALED SHALL BE FREE FROM DIRT

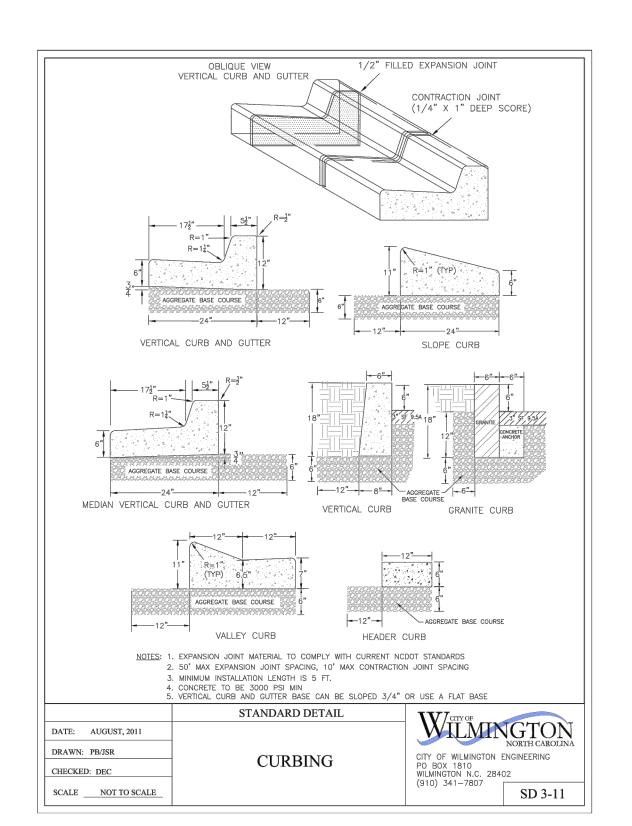
OR GREASE SHALL BE CLEANED OFF THE PAVEMENT WITH DETERGENT SOLUTION, THE RESIDUE OF WHICH SHALL BE

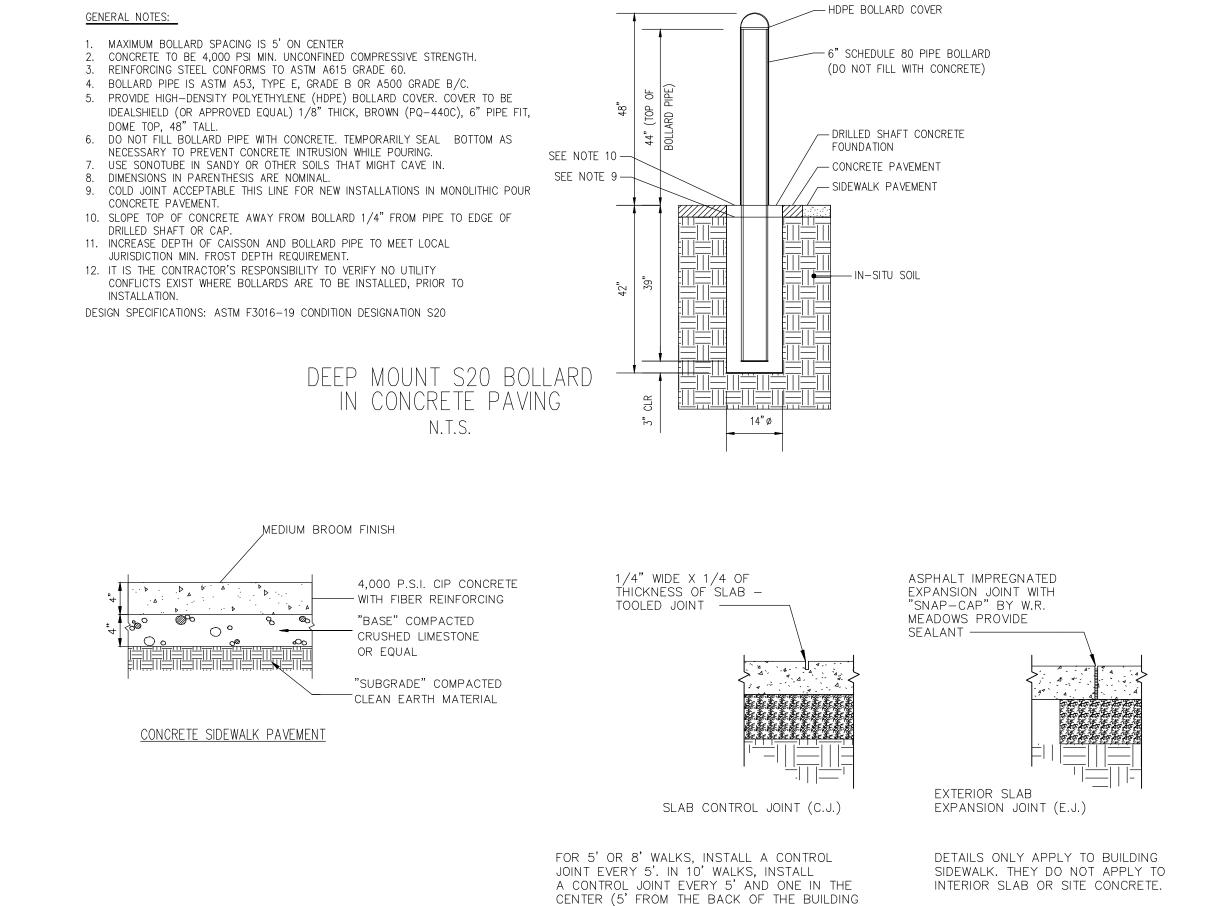
THOUROUGHLY WASHED AWAY WITH CLEAN WATER BEFORE

AND OTHER FOREIGN MATTER. ANY ACCUMULATIONS OF OIL

THE SEALANT SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE PAVEMENT IN TWO COATS AT THE RATE OF 0.08 TO 0.12 GALLONS PER SQUARE YARD. A LATEX ADDITIVE MAY ALSO BE ADDED TO THE SEALANT TO ALLOW FOR QUICKER DRYING TIME IN THOSE AREAS SPECIFIED BY OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.

\* CONTRACTOR MUST REFER TO THE GEOTECH REPORT FOR PAVEMENT AND FOUNDATION DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS





### CONCRETE PAVEMENT DETAIL (PARKING)

# 6" FIBER REINFORCED CONCRETE AND 8" TANK PAD 4" "BASE" COMPACTED \*\* NCDOT ABC GEOTEXTILE FABRIC OR GEOGRID -SEE GENERAL NOTE #3 "SUBGRADE" COMPACTED CLEAN EARTH MATERIAL

### PAVING EXECUTION NOTES:

- LOCATE AND INSTALL CONSTRUCTION, ISOLATION,
   AND EXPANSION JOINTS AS INDICATED OR REQUIRED.
- 2. PLACE CONCRETE IN A CONTINUOUS OPERATION WITHIN PLANNED JOINTS OR SECTIONS. DO NOT ADD WATER TO ADJUST SLUMP.
- 3. FLOAT SURFACES TO TRUE PLANES WITHIN A TOLERANCE OF 1/4INCH IN 10 FEET.
- 4. TOOL EDGES AND JOINTS TO A RADIUS OF 1/4INCH FOR SIDEWALKS.
- 5. ALLOW CONCRETE PAVING TO CURE FOR A MINIMUM OF 28 DAYS AND DRY BEFORE STARTING PAVEMENT MARKING.
- 6. APPLY TRAFFIC PAINT WITH MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT TO A MINIMUM WET FILM THICKNESSOF 15 MILS.
- 7. PROTECT CONCRETE PAVING FROM DAMAGE. EXCLUDE TRAFFIC FROM PAVING FOR AT LEAST 14 DAYS.

CONCRETE PAVING GENERAL NOTES:

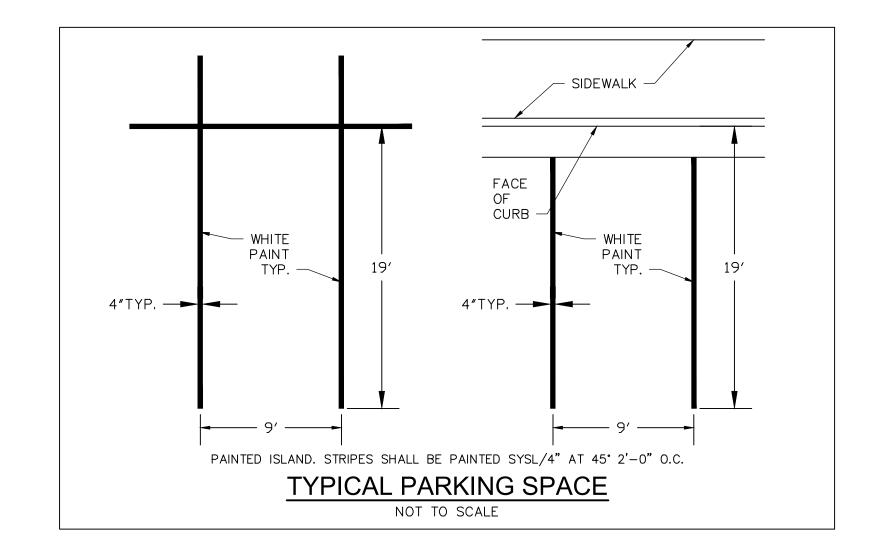
2. SEE FUEL DRAWINGS FOR REQUIREMENTS FOR DISPENSER ISLAND SLABS.

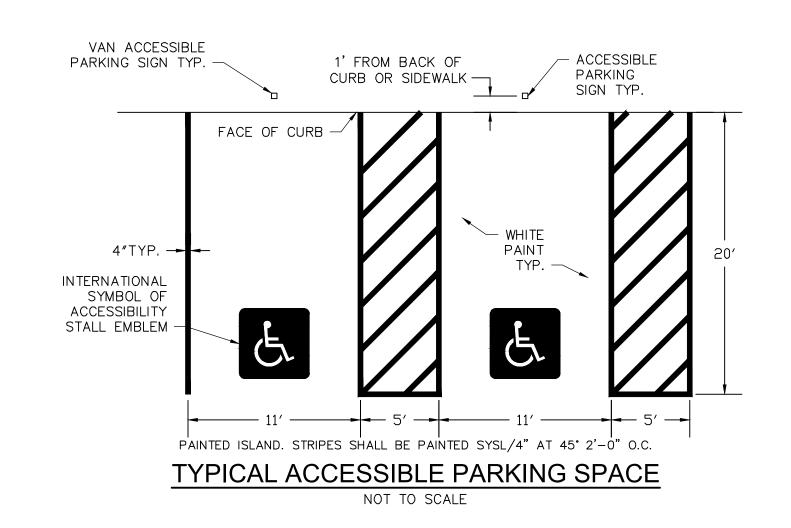
1. SEE FUEL DRAWINGS FOR REQUIREMENTS FOR TANK SLABS.

- 3. A GEOTEXTILE FABRIC OR GEOGRID IS ONLY NEEDED WHEN THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT AND/OR A GEOTECH EXPERT REQUIRES IT FOR THE SPECIFIC SITE'S SOIL CONDITIONS.
- 4. UNDISTURBED SOIL OR COMPACTED BACK FILL NOT LESS THAN 95% OF MODIFIED PROCTOR DENSITY (AASHTO-T-180)

\* CONTRACTOR MUST REFER TO THE GEOTECH REPORT FOR PAVEMENT AND FOUNDATION DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

\*\* COMPACTION IS NOT REQUIRED OVER THE TANK PIT(S)





WITHIN ATER TO

WE TO SUITE TO



FAX (804) 740-7338

www.KBJWgroup.com

DESCRIPTION
SUED FOR BIDS
EVISED PER CITY COMMENTS
EVISED PER CITY AND CFPUA COMMENTS
POST APPROVAL

NO. DATE
1. 09/27/22
2. 10/10/22
3. 11/11/22
4.

DRAWN
CRT
CHECKED

DESIGN BUL BUL BRAV CRI CRI CHECK

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, N

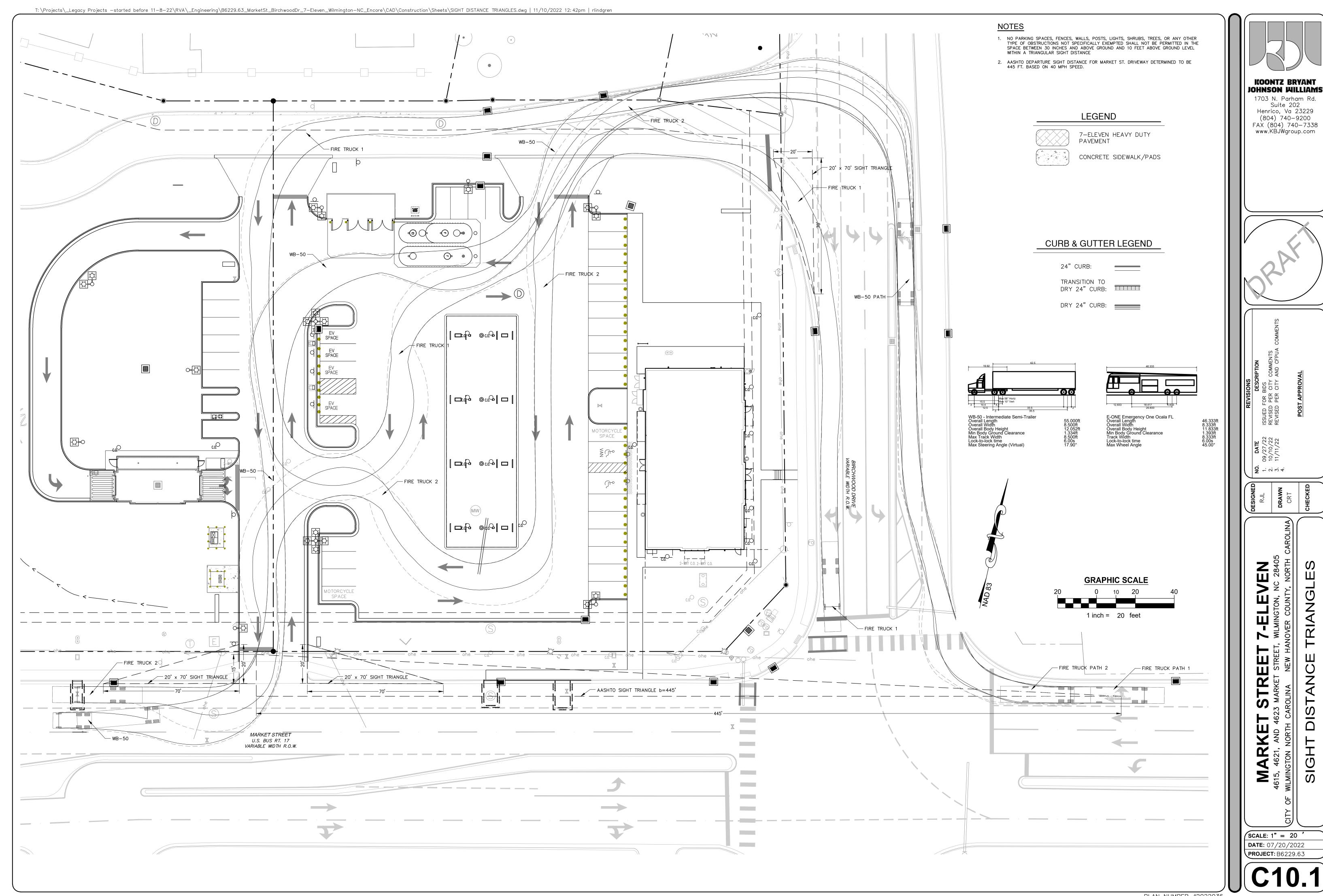
4621, AND 4623 MARKET STREE

SCALE: N/A

DATE: 07/20/2022
PROJECT: B6229.63

C9.3

FOR EXAMPLE)



PLAN NUMBER #2022036

Luminaire So	chedule						
Symbol	Qty	Label	Arrangement	LMF	Lum. Lumens	Lum. Watts	Part Number
<b>*</b>	24	CPY-FLAT-13L	SINGLE	1.000	12825	91	CPY250-B-DM-F-13L-UL-57K-WH-HZ
<b>•</b>	9	CPY-FLAT-C	SINGLE	1.000	4520	31	CPY250-B-DM-F-C-UL-57K-WH-HZ
	4	XSPLG-4ME	SINGLE	1.000	23800	184	XSPLG-D-HT-4ME-24L-57K7-UL-BZ-N
1.	4	XSPLG-4ME-2	2 @ 90°	1.000	23600	184	XSPLG-D-HT-4ME-24L-57K7-UL-BZ-N
•	2	XSPLG-4ME-4	4 @ 90°	1.000	23600	184	XSPLG-D-HT-4ME-24L-57K7-UL-BZ-N
	13	XSPW	WALL MOUNT	1.000	4270	31	XSPW-B-WM-3ME-4L-57K-UL-BZ

Calculation Summary; 1.00 LLF					
Label	Units	Avg	Max	Min	Avg/Min
All Calc Points	Fc	4.90	33.5	0.0	N.A.
Gas Canopy	Fc	45.02	55	34	1.32
Paved Parking	Fc	8.76	28.6	1.1	7.96

Flxture Mounting Height: 20' AFG (17' Pole + 3.0' Concrete Base)

### Pole Schedule

14.9 8.3 2.8 0.6 0.2

16.8 | 9.5 | 3.2 | 0.7 | 0.2

12.5 6.7 2.7 0.7 0.2

11.7 3.2 0.7 0.2

3.5 1.6 | 0.4 | 0.1

11.1 3.2

**CPY-FLAT-C** 24 0 13.5 3.6

CPY-FLAT-C MH: 12

(10) SSS-4-11-17-CW-BS-OT-N-BZ (17' X 4" X 11ga STEEL SQUARE POLE)

Proposed poles meet 120 MPH sustained winds.

### Additional Equipment:

(4) PD-1H4BZ - (Single Horizontal Tenon - 1@90°)

(4) PD-2H4BZ - (Single Horizontal Tenon - 1@90°)

(4) PD-2H4BZ - (Single Horizontal Tenon - 2@90°)

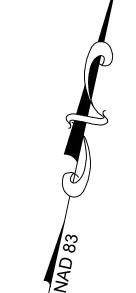
(5) PD-2H4BZ - (Single Horizontal Tenon - 1@90°)

(6) PD-2H4BZ - (Single Horizontal Tenon - 1@90°)

\*\*\* CUSTOMER TO VERIFY ORDERING INFORMATION AND CATALOGUE NUMBER PRIOR TO PLACING ORDER \*\*\*

**a**8 41 43 **a**5 43 41 **a**8

4=150052064 503 500 46



**BOM: Complete Part Description** 

24 CPY250-B-DM-F-13L-UL-WH-57K-HZ 09 CPY250-B-DM-F-C-UL-WH-57K-HZ

XSPW-B-WM-3ME-4L-57K-UL-BZ

XSPLG-D-HT-4ME-24L-57K-UL-BZ-N

SSS-4-11-17-CW-BS-OT-N-BZ

PD-1H4BZ

PD-2H4BZ(90)

PD-4H4BZ(90)

Illumination results shown on this lighting are based on project parameters provided Cree Lighting used inconjunction with lum test procedures conducted under laborate conditions. Actual project conditions differ from these design parameters may affect results. The customer is responsible for verifying dimensional accuracy along with compliance with any applicable electrical, lighting or appropriate to provide the project conditions are based on project parameters provided Cree Lighting used inconjunction with lum test procedures conducted under laborate conditions. Actual project conditions differ from these design parameters may affect results. The customer is responsible for verifying dimensional accuracy along with compliance with any applicable electrical, lighting or appropriate to the project parameters provided Cree Lighting used inconjunction with lum test procedures conducted under laborate conditions. Actual project conditions differ from these design parameters may affect results. The customer is responsible for verifying dimensional accuracy along with compliance with any applicable electrical, lighting or appropriate provided conditions.

| t.1 t.2 t.3 | t.6 t.0 t.8 ts.4

0.1 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.9 1.6

 0.1
 0.2
 0.4
 0.7
 1.2
 2.1

0.1 0.2 0.4 0.7 1.3 2.3

 5.1
 5.2
 5.3
 5.6
 5.1
 5.9

 0.2
 0.2
 0.4
 0.7
 1.4
 2.4
 3

0.1 0.2 0.3 0.6 1.0 1.6 2

7.3 9.3 10.6 9.5 5.4 3.4 2.9 4.4

7.4 2.8 2.7 2.0 1.9 4.2 5.2 7.0

2.6 2.6 2.1 1. 3.9 4.6 6

6.4 4.8 4.0 5.0 7.4

 5.3
 0.6
 2.2
 4.1
 5.9

Project Name: 7-Eleven #42268 4621 Market St. Wilmington, NC - EXT

Case #: 00507635 Footcandles calculated at grade

8.6 7.6 11.2 20.4 22 3 22.7 21.1 16.6 7.6 5.2 7.6

Filename: 711-220726WINCCW.AGI

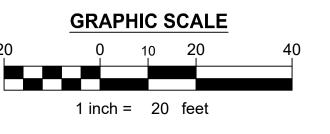
4.5.3 4.6 1.9 1.5 2.8 4.9 3.8 7.1 5.2 6.1 6.3 5.3 3.6 1.6 4.9 5.1

1.1 4.6 1.8 1.3 2.6

 $15.3 \quad 5.$   $2.5 \quad \frac{2.1}{2.1} \quad \frac{3.8}{3.8}$ 

Layout By: Collin Witherow

Date:7/26/2022



KOONTZ BRYANT JOHNSON WILLIAMS

1703 N. Parham Rd. Suite 202 Henrico, Va 23229 (804) 740-9200 FAX (804) 740-7338 www.KBJWgroup.com

DESCRIPTION
2 ISSUED FOR BIDS
2 REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS
2 REVISED PER CITY AND CFPUA COMMEN

CAROLINA CRT

ET 7-ELEVEN
TREET, WILMINGTON, NC 28405
TW HANDVER COLINIX NORTH OF

21, AND 4623 MARKET STREET, WILMIN ON NORTH CAROLINA NEW HANOVER

461 CITY OF WILN

SCALE: DATE: 07/20/2022

**PROJECT:** B6229.63

111

8' Ht.

8' Ht.

8' Ht.

4' Ht.

36"Ht./Spd.

24" Ht./Spd.

18" Ht.

15" Spd.

3 Gal.

1 Gal. Cont

4" Pots

3 Gal. Cont.

B&B

Container

Matched, Well Branched

B&B or Cont. Full, Dense, Uniform Shape

B&B or Cont. Full, Dense, Uniform Shape

5 Gal. Cont. Full, Dense, Well Branched

B&B or Cont. Full, Dense, Uniform Shape

7 Gallon Cont. Full, Dense, Uniform Shape

5 Gallon Cont. Full, Dense, Well Branched

3 Gallon Cont. Full, Dense, Well Branched

2 Gallon Cont. Full, Dense, Well Branched

Container Full, Dense, Space @ 15" O.C.

Container Full, Dense, 3 Bibs Min., Space @18" O.C.

Full, Dense, 3 Bibs Min.

Container Full, Dense, 3 Bibs Min.

Multi-Stem, 3 Stem Min. Well Branched

314

314

100

Total Deciduous Tree Canopy 27014

QUAN: x SF/TREE = TOTAL:

Total Evergreen Tree Canopy 1700

TOTAL TREE CANOPY (SF) = 28714

Date Inserted: 11/11/2022 9:42

DUMPSTER PAD ENCLOSURE

(SEE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS

FOR DETAILS)

-OVERHEAD FUEL CANOF

32

2826

10048

800

900

T:\Projects\RVA\_Projects\LANDSCAPE PLAN.dwg | 11/15/2022 7:19am | rmccarthy

Autumn Brilliance Serviceberry

Dynamite® Crape Myrtle

Radicans Japanese Cedar

Autumn Fire ® Encore Azalea

The Guardian® Series

Compact Burford Holly

Lemon Lime Nandina

Feather Reed Grass

Happy Returns Daylily

Royal Purple Lilyturf

White Cloud Muhly Grass

PROPOSED CAR WASH ±966 G.S.F.

MARKET STREET

Nandina Flirt™

Blue Surprise Port Orford Cedar -

Little Bull Southern Wax Myrtle

Patriot® Red Holly

UNDERSTORY TREES (DECIDUOUS) AL Amelanchier canadensis 'Autumn Brilliance'

UNDERSTORY TREES (EVERGREEN)

CL Chamaecyparis lawsoniana 'Blue Surprise'

NDM Nandina domestica 'Murasaki' PP21391

CA Calamagrostis x acutiflora 'Karl Foerster'

MU Muhlenbergia capillarus 'White Cloud'

HS Hemerocallis x 'Happy Returns'

LM Liriope muscari 'Royal Purple'

NDA Nandina domestica alba 'Lemon-Lime' PP24749

PERENNIALS, ORNAMENTAL GRASSES & GROUNDCOVERS

LI Lagerstroemia indica `Whit II'

CJ Cryptomeria japonica 'Radicans'

IN lex x 'Conot'

STREET -YARD

SHRUBS

AZ Rhodendron x 'Roblez'

ICB ||ex cornuta`Burfordii Nana'

MC Myrica cerifera 'Little Bull'

	STREETSCAPE PLANTING CALCULATIONS
SE .	7-Eleven - Market Street Wilmington, NC
3-318	Market Street Frontage
	Frontage Planting Length = 387.1 LF

Understory Trees

Market Street Frontage Frontage Planting Length = 387.1						:		
Required Streetsc	ape P	lant	ings	:				
Planting Type		Spacing			x	Buffer Length	=	No. Requ
Canopy Trees	1	per	100	Linear Feet	x	387 Linear feet	3.87	4 Eac
Understory Trees	6	per	100	Linear Feet	x	387 Linear feet	23.23	24 Eac

Canopy Trees			0	Each				
<b>Provided Streets</b>	ape P	lant	ings	:				
Shrubs	9	per	100	Linear Feet	x	387 Linear feet	34.84	
Understory Trees	6	_		Linear Feet	_		23.23	L
Canopy Trees	1	per	100	Linear Feet	X	387 Linear feet	3.87	L

32 Each\*

PROPOSED 1 STORY

7-ELEVEN **CONVENIENCE STORE** 

4,790 G.S.F.

Ex.12"DI.W .....

Shrubs	55 Each	
* Note: Understory trees (2x r	eg.) have been used in lieu of Canopy	Tree

due to proximity to Overhead Powerlines (50' setback)

### STREETSCAPE PLANTING CALCULATIONS

7-Eleven - Marke Birchwood Drive Frontage Planting	Fror	ntag	e	242.2				
Required Streetsca	ape P	lant	tings	i:				
Planting Type	3		Spa	cing	x	Buffer Length	=	No. Requi
Canopy Trees	1	per	100	Linear Feet	х	242 Linear feet	2.42	3 Eac
Understory Trees	6	per	100	Linear Feet	x	242 Linear feet	14.53	15 Eac
Shrubs	9	per	100	Linear Feet	x	242 Linear feet	21.80	22 Eac
Provided Streetsca	pe P	lant	ings	:				
Canopy Trees			0	Each				

21 Each\* 26 Each Date Inserted: 9/23/2022 16:22

Understory Trees

TRIANGLE

Date Inserted: 9/23/2022 16:24

### FOUNDATION DI ANTINIC CALCIII ATIONS

7-Eleven - Market Street - Wilmin	gton, N	С
Foundation Plantings Required:		
Proposed Area of Front Façade of Building:	2,227.	3 SF
Required Foundation Planting Bed Area: (12% of Proposed Building Façade Area) =	26	7 SF
Foundation Plantings Provided:		
Proposed Planting Beds		SF
Planting Bed to left of front doors	А	60.
Planting Bed between front doors	В	66.
Planting Bed to right of front doors	С	140
Totals		267

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. ALL PROPOSED UTILITIES ARE TO BE INSTALLED UNDERGROUND, INCLUDING ELECTRIC, TELEPHONE, AND CATV (SEE SITE UTILITY
- HEADER, FIRE DEPARTMENT SPRINKLER SYSTEM CONNECTION, FIRE DEPARTMENT STANDPIPE CONNECTION OR FIRE SUPPRESSION CONTROL VALVE. LANDSCAPING IN THE AREA OF FIRE HYDRANTS, FIRE PUMP TEST HEADERS, FIRE DEPARTMENT SPRINKLER SYSTEM CONNECTIONS OR FIRE DEPARTMENT STANDPIPE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE OF THE TYPE THAT WILL NOT ENCROACH ON THE REQUIRED THREE FOOT CLEAR RADIUS ON MATURITY OF THE
- 5. ALL TREES IN PARKING AREAS TO BE MAINTAINED WITH A MINIMUM 5' BRANCHING HEIGHT (LIMBED UP TO 5' MINIMUM).
- 6. ALL JUNCTION AND/OR ACCESS BOXES, WHEN LOCATED ON SITES ALONG DESIGNATED ROADS. SHALL BE SCREENED FROM VIEW WITH LANDSCAPING. SUPPLEMENTAL PLANTINGS SHALL BE PROVIDED AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THIS SCREENING PRIOR TO CERTIFICATE OF

### **MULCH & SOD NOTES:**

- 1. ALL AREAS NOT INCORPORATED IN PLANTING MULCH BED ARE TO BE SODDED. SOD SHALL BE TIFTURF BERMUDA SOD OR EQUAL.
- 2. ALL PLANT BEDS ARE TO BE MULCHED TO A MINIMUM OF 1.5' BEYOND THE EDGE OF NEW PLANTINGS.
- PARKING LOTS, MULCH SHOULD EXTENT FROM EDGE OF NEW PLANTINGS TO THE BACK OF CURB FOR PARKING AREA (NO TURF BETWEEN PLANTING BED AND BACK OF CURB).
- TREES, OR OTHER TYPE OF OBSTRUCTIONS NOT SPECIFICALLY EXEMPTED SHALL BE PERMITTED IN THE SPACE BETWEEN THIRTY INCHES (30") AND ABOVE GROUND AND TEN FEET (10')ABOVE GROUND LEVEL WITHIN A TRIANGULAR SIGHT DISTANCE [SEC.18-667 FIGURE 18-667 CITY OF WILMINGTON UPDATED LDC: VISION CLEARANCE].



Call before you dig.

**GRAPHIC SCALE** 1 inch = 20 feet

THIS PLAN IS FOR LANDSCAPE PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CIVIL ENGINEERING PLANS FOR DETAILED SITE INFORMATION

Proposed Area of Front Façade of Building:	2,227.	3 SF
Required Foundation Planting Bed Area: (12% of Proposed Building Façade Area) =	26	7 SF
Foundation Plantings Provided:		
Proposed Planting Beds		SF
Planting Bed to left of front doors	Α	60.4
Planting Bed between front doors	В	66.5
Planting Bed to right of front doors	С	140.
Totals		267.
		2 5

Date Inserted: 9/23/2022 16:11

- 2. ANY SIGN IN EXCESS OF EIGHT (8) SQUARE FEET REQUIRES A PERMIT. PERMIT MUST BE OBTAINED THROUGH BUILDING INSPECTIONS DEPARTMENT
- 3. NO LANDSCAPING OF ANY TYPE SHALL BE PLACED WITHIN A THREE FOOT RADIUS OF ANY FIRE HYDRANT, FIRE PUMP TEST
- 4. NO TREE SHALL BE PLACED WITHIN A WATER AND SANITARY SEWER EASEMENT OR ANY CLOSER THAN TEN FEET (10') TO ANY PUBLIC SANITARY SEWER OR WATER IMPROVEMENT.

- 3. IN CASES WHERE SHRUBS ARE PLANTED AS HEDGES ALONG
- 4. NO PARKING SPACES, FENCES, WALLS, POSTS, LIGHTS, SHRUBS,



PLAN NUMBER #2022036

Total Square Footage of Provided Bed Area: = 267.1 SF

1<del>2</del> - 2 5 4

KOONTZ BRYANT

IOHNSON WILLIAMS

1703 N. Parham Rd. Suite 202

Henrico, Va 23229

(804) 740-9200

FAX (804) 740-7338

www.KBJWgroup.com

**SCALE**: 1" = 20 **DATE:** 07/20/2022 **PROJECT:** B6229.63

Note: Understory trees (2x req.) have been used in lieu of Canopy Trees due to proximity to Overhead Powerlines (50' setback)

### LANDSCAPE PLANTING NOTES

ISSUE TO THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR INITIAL ACCEPTANCE.

### PLANTING

**GENERAL CONDITIONS:** THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FURNISHING AND INSTALLING ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHOWN ON PROJECT PLANS AND ON THE PLANT LIST. PLANT LIST QUANTITIES ARE FOR REFERENCE AND CONVENIENCE ONLY. QUANTITIES REPRESENTED BY ACTUAL PLAN PLANT COUNT SHALL PREVAIL AND SHALL BE QUANTITIES REQUIRED TO BE PLANTED BY THE CONTRACTOR. LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL INVESTIGATE SOURCES OF SUPPLY FOR AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFIED PLANTS AND BY SUBMITTING A BID, AGREES THAT SUCH PLANTS WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR INSTALLATION ON THIS PROJECT PER THE CURRENT SCHEDULE. IF PLANT MATERIAL SPECIFIED IS UNAVAILABLE, LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT IN WRITING PRIOR TO BID DATE AND A SUBSTITUTE

OR OTHER ACTION WILL BE TAKEN. 2. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE GUARANTEED BY THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR FOR A PERIOD OF ONE (1) YEAR, COMMENCING ON THE DATE OF INITIAL ACCEPTANCE. ALL PLANTS SHALL BE ALIVE, HEALTHY AND IN SATISFACTORY GROWTH AT THE END OF THE GUARANTEE PERIOD. ANY PLANT THAT IS 25% OR MORE DEAD SHALL BE CONSIDERED DEAD AND SHALL BE REPLACED AT NO CHARGE TO THE OWNER.

3. AN INSPECTION WILL BE CONDUCTED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND/OR THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE WITHIN TWO (2) WEEKS UPON RECEIVING WRITTEN NOTICE BY THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR THAT THE WORK UNDER THIS CONTRACT IS COMPLETE. THIS INSPECTION WILL BE DONE TO DETERMINE INITIAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE WORK. IF WORK IS FOUND TO BE INCOMPLETE AND/OR THAT OTHER DEFICIENCIES IN THE WORK EXIST, THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR WILL BE ISSUED A PUNCH LIST FOR ITEMS IN NEED OF CORRECTION. UPON COMPLETION OF ANY PUNCH LIST ITEMS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND/OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE WILL RE-INSPECT WORK, AND IF ACCEPTABLE, WILL

4. PRIOR TO INITIAL ACCEPTANCE, LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TO THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND/OR THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE A TYPEWRITTEN SET OF DETAILED AND COMPREHENSIVE PLANT AND TURF MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS. 5. AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE GUARANTEE PERIOD, AN INSPECTION WILL BE CONDUCTED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND/OR THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE TO DETERMINE FINAL ACCEPTANCE FOR THIS PROJECT. ANY PLANTS THAT ARE IN AN UNHEALTHY, UNSIGHTLY, AND/OR BADLY IMPAIRED CONDITION AT THIS TIME AS DETERMINED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND/OR THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE WILL BE REPLACED AT NO CHARGE. WHEN ALL REQUIRED REPLACEMENTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR WILL BE ISSUED FINAL ACCEPTANCE.

6. A SOIL TEST OF EXISTING SOILS (REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE FOR ENTIRE SITE) SHALL BE MADE BY THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR TO DETERMINE MECHANICAL ANALYSIS; pH; ORGANIC CONTENT; MAGNESIUM, POTASSIUM, PHOSPHORUS & NITROGEN LEVELS; SOLUBLE SALTS/CONDUCTIVITY. SOIL TEST SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY A STATE LABORATORY OR RECOGNIZED COMMERCIAL LABORATORY. RESULTS OF SOILS TEST SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT FOR EVALUATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SOIL ADJUSTMENTS, IF REQUIRED.

7. ALL PLANTINGS HAVE BEEN LOCATED WITH RESPECT TO EXISTING AND PLANNED UTILITIES AND/OR STRUCTURES. IF CONFLICTS OCCUR IN FIELD, PLANT MATERIAL LOCATIONS WILL BE FIELD ADJUSTED AND APPROVED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO PLANTING. LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING EXISTING UTILITIES. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT MISS UTILITY AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.

8. ANY AREAS DAMAGED BY THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESTORED TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION AT NO ADDITIONAL CHARGE TO THE OWNER.

1. ALL PLANT MATERIALS WILL CONFORM TO THE CURRENT STANDARDS FOR QUALITY AND SIZE PER THE AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK AS PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN NURSERYMEN AND LANDSCAPE ASSOCIATION (ANLA).

2. ALL PLANT MATERIAL IS SUBJECT TO INSPECTION AND/OR APPROVAL BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AT THEIR PLACE OF GROWTH FOR CONFORMITY TO THE SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENTS AS TO SIZE, QUALITY AND VARIETY. THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL SELECT PLANTS IN ADVANCE OF INSPECTION VISITS TO PREVENT REJECTION OF MATERIAL DELIVERED TO THE SITE. PLANT MATERIALS DAMAGED IN HANDLING AND/OR TRANSPORTATION MAY BE REJECTED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND/OR THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE UPON ARRIVAL AT THE SITE. 3. BACKFILL MIX FOR TREES & SHRUBS SHALL BE A THOROUGHLY BLENDED MIXTURE OF

50% EXISTING SOIL, 25% TOPSOIL & 25% ORGANIC MATTER (LEAF COMPOST, COMPOSTED

PINE BARK FINES, COMPOSTED COW MANURE AND/OR OTHER ORGANIC MATERIAL APPROVED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. 4. MULCH FOR TREES, SHRUBS, GROUNDCOVER AND ANNUAL PLANTING BEDS SHALL BE DOUBLE SHREDDED HARDWOOD BARK MULCH AND SHALL BE INSTALLED AT 2"-3" DEPTH. 5. STAKES FOR STAKING & GUYING OF TREES SHALL BE 2"X2" HARDWOOD, REASONABLY FREE OF KNOTS AND/OR OTHER DEFECTS. STAKES FOR GUYING SHALL BE 3' IN LENGTH AND FOR VERTICAL STAKING SHALL BE 8' IN LENGTH.

6. WIRE FOR STAKING & GUYING SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 12 GAUGE GALVANIZED STEEL OR APPROVED EQUAL. HOSE FOR WIRE CHAFFING GUARDS SHALL BE CORDED RUBBER, 1/2" DIAMETER AND BLACK IN COLOR. TURNBUCKLES (FOR TREES 4" CALIPER AND LARGER) SHALL BE ZINC PLATED OR ALUMINUM WITH A MINIMUM DIAMETER OF 5/16" AND A MINIMUM TAKE-UP DIMENSION OF 4". 7. FERTILIZER FOR ALL PLANTINGS SHALL BE GRANULAR OR PELLET FORM WITH AN ANALYSIS OF 10-6-4, 50% ORGANIC FORM AND SHALL BE APPLIED PER SOIL TEST

RECOMMENDATION.

APPROX. 45°

V-CUT BED EDGE

FINISHED GRADE

UNDISTURBED

SCALE: N.T.S.

SUBGRADE-

- 2" X 2" HARDWOOD STAKE - GALVANIZED WIRE GUY **RUBBER HOSE** WRAPPING (OPTIONAL)

> SET ROOTBALL TO ALLOW 1/8 OF ROOTBALL ABOVE FINISHED GRADE **TAMPED TOPSOIL**

REMOVE BURLAP FROM TOP 1/3 OF BALL SHREDDED HARDWOOD BARK MULCH (3" MIN.)

COMPACTED EARTH

**SECTION** 

SAUCER

- 2-3" MULCH

**EARTH SAUCER AROUND TREE** 

TREE PLANTING DETAIL - UP TO 4" CALIPER SCALE: N.T.S. SECTION

1. ALL PLANTINGS TO BE INSTALLED PER DETAILS ON THIS SHEET. IF PLANTINGS CAN NOT BE INSTALLED PER DETAIL, THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT SHALL BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING OF SUCH AN INSTANCE AND A CORRECTIVE PLANTING MEASURE WILL BE ISSUED. 2. LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE IN WRITING IF POOR DRAINAGE AREAS ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING PLANTING OPERATIONS. IF REQUIRED DUE TO THIS POOR DRAINAGE, PLANT MATERIAL LOCATION MAY BE ADJUSTED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, PLANT SELECTION MAY BE MODIFIED AND/OR A MEASURE FOR CORRECTING SAID DRAINAGE PROBLEM WILL BE NEGOTIATED WITH LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR.

3. ALL BURLAP AND/OR TIES AROUND TOP 1/3 OF TREE ROOT BALLS SHALL BE REMOVED DURING PLANTING OPERATION. ALL PLASTIC POTS AND/OR CONTAINERS AS WELL AS OTHER MISCELLANEOUS DEBRIS FROM PLANTING OPERATIONS, SHALL BE REMOVED FROM PROJECT SITE ON A DAILY BASIS.

4. ALL DECIDUOUS TREES 2" CALIPER OR LARGER AND EVERGREENS 6' HEIGHT AND LARGER SHALL BE GUYED PER DETAIL 1 ON THIS SHEET, (EXCEPT FOR THOSE TREES LOCATED IN PEDESTRIAN AREAS WHICH SHALL BE VERTICALLY STAKED PER DETAIL 2). VERTICAL STAKES SHALL BE LOCATED PARALLEL TO WALKS, STREETS, ETC. 5. ALL PLANTINGS SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WATERED IMMEDIATELY AFTER PLANTING. EVEN IF IT IS RAINING. LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR WATERING OF ALL PLANTINGS UNTIL INITIAL ACCEPTANCE. 6. REMOVE ALL STAKES & GUYS ON TREES PLANTED AS PART OF THIS PROJECT AT THE END OF THE 1 YEAR PLANT MATERIAL WARRANTY PERIOD. DISPOSE OF DEBRIS & OLD STAKING MATERIALS LEGALLY OFF-SITE.

GENERAL CONDITIONS: 1. LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND INSTALL ALL LABOR, MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE TURF ESTABLISHMENT. ALL TURF SEED AREAS SHALL BE GUARANTEED TO ACHIEVE A 85% OR GREATER GERMINATION RATE. ANY AREAS NOT RECEIVING THIS RATE SHALL BE RE-SEEDED AT NO ADDITIONAL CHARGE TO THE OWNER. THREE COPIES OF THE CERTIFIED SEED LABEL FOR THE SPECIFIED TURF SEED MIXTURE SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO SEEDING OPERATIONS.

1. TURF (SEED AND SOD) SHALL BE A BLEND OF THREE (3) IMPROVED VARIETIES OF TURF TYPE FALL FESCUE PER THE CURRENT LIST FROM VPI & SU. SEED AND SOD SHALL BE STATE CERTIFIED. SEED FOR SHADE AREAS TO BE CREEPING RED FESCUE AND CHEWINGS

2. STRAW MULCH TO BE CLEAN WHEAT STRAW, FREE OF NOXIOUS WEED SEEDS (I.E. QUACKGRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, THISTLE, ETC.). HAY FOR USE AS MULCH IS UNACCEPTABLE . HYDROMULCH FOR SEEDING OPERATION SHALL BE CELLULOSE FIBER SUCH AS CONWEB

4. FERTILIZER FOR TURF AREAS SHALL BE GRANULAR OR PELLET FORM, WITH A GUARANTEED ANALYSIS OF 10-10-10 5. LIME MATERIAL SHALL BE PELLETIZED LIME.

FROM JOB SITE.

1. PRIOR TO SEED AND/OR SOD INSTALLATION, AREAS SHALL BE FINE GRADED AND CLEANED OF TRASH, ROOTS, DEBRIS AND/OR STONES 1 1/2" IN LENGTH OR DIAMETER. FERTILIZER SHALL BE INSTALLED IN TURF AREAS AT A RATE OF 20 LBS./1000 SQUARE

LIME SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE AS DETERMINED BY SOIL TESTS. 4. SOD SHALL BE LAID WITH STAGGERED JOINTS AND PERPENDICULAR TO SLOPE. IF ANY. SOD SHALL BE WATERED THOROUGHLY AFTER BEING LAID AND THEN SHALL BE ROLLED TO PROVIDE GOOD SOD-TO-SOIL CONTACT. 5. TURF SEED SHALL BE INSTALLED BY HYDROSEED METHOD. SEED, FERTILIZER AND/OR LIME SHALL BE ONE SLURRY MIX; HYDROMULCH SHALL BE SECOND SLURRY APPLICATION

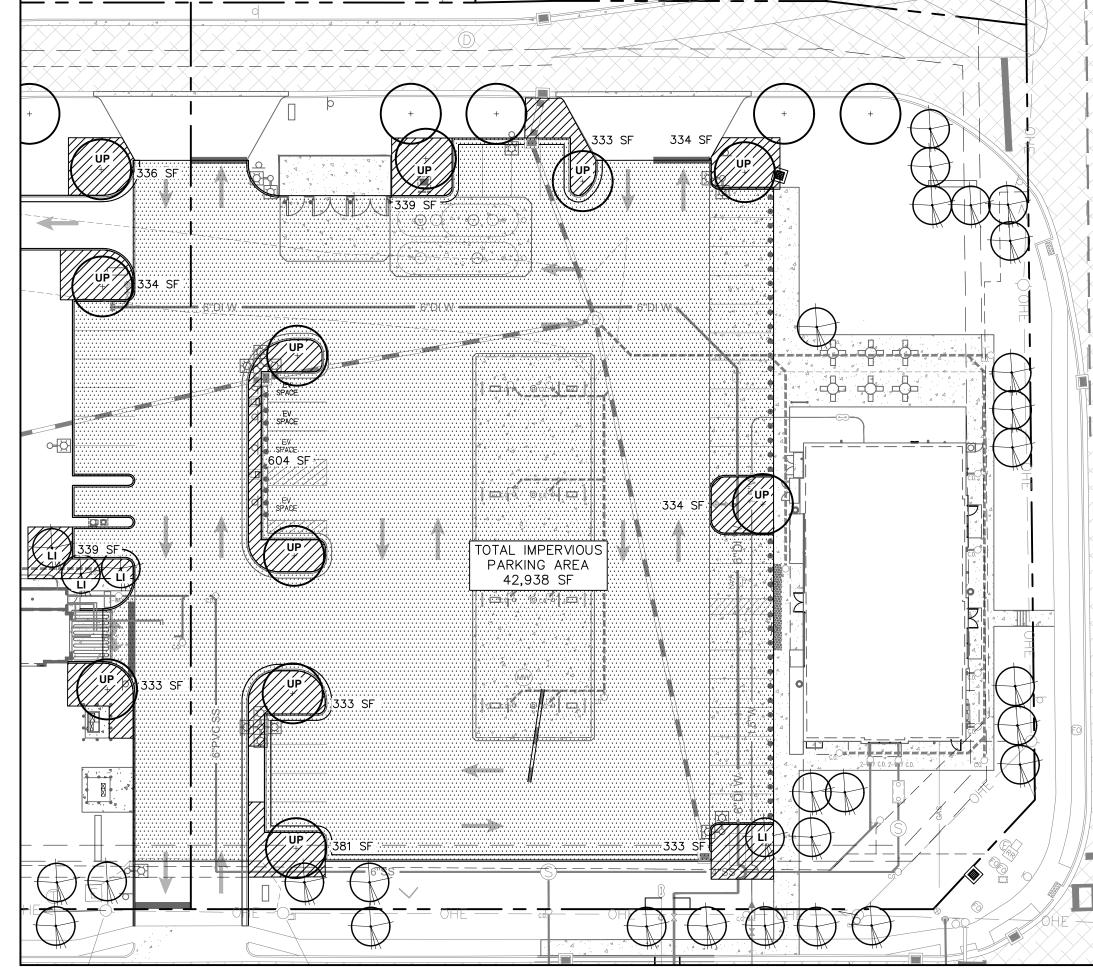
(TACK COAT) AFTER STRAW MULCH INSTALLATION. SEED SHALL BE SOWED AT A RATE OF

6-8 LBS./1000 SQUARE FEET. WATER AREA THOROUGHLY AFTER MULCHING OPERATION. TURF SHALL BE KEPT MOIST ON A DAILY BASIS UNTIL 2 WEEKS AFTER GERMINATION TO ENSURE PROPER ESTABLISHMENT. B. CLEAN UP MISCELLANEOUS DEBRIS AND EXCESS STRAW FROM THE TURF AREAS AND

### PARKING SHADING CALCULATIONS

-Eleven - Market Street - Wilmington, NC								
arking Shading Required								
rtal Proposed Parking Area = 42,938 SF								
equired Shading (Outside 1945 Corporate Limits) 5% of Proposed Parking Area) = 6,441 SF								
arking Shading Provided								
roposed Shade Trees	Qty	SF*	Canopy					
P - Allee' Lacebark Elm (Canopy)	11	707	7,777 SF					
I - Dynamite Crape Myrtle (Understory)	4	314	1,256 SF					
otals	15		9,033 SF					
<b>Parking Shade Coverage Prov</b>	ided	=	9,033 SF					
<b>Number of Deciduous Canopy T</b>	11 Each							
Number of Understory T	4 Each							
Total Number of Trees Provided = 15 Eac								

Date Inserted: 9/23/2022 14:53



PARKING AREA CANOPY COVERAGE DIAGRAM

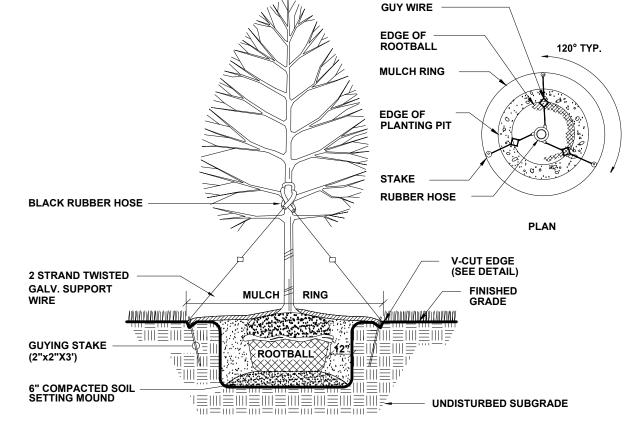
SCALE: 1"=30'

PLAN

**SPECIMEN SHRUB** (AS SPECIFIED ON DRAWING) **MULCH LAYER (AS SPECIFIED)** SET TOP OF ROOTBALL 1/8 OF ROOTBALL DEPTH ABOVE FINISHED GRADE FINISHED GRADE **PLANTING SOIL MIX** (AS SPECIFIED) JNDISTURBED SUBGRADE **ADD EXCAVATED SOIL** SCARIFY BASE OF PLANT PIT; BREAK THROUGH AS NEEDED TO BRING PLANT TO FINISHED GRADE. TAMP & LOOSEN ALL HARDPAN. (REMOVE AS **LIGHTLY & 'WATER IN' THOROUGHLY** NECESSARY TO FACILITATE DRAINAGE.) PRIOR TO SETTING SHRUB TO

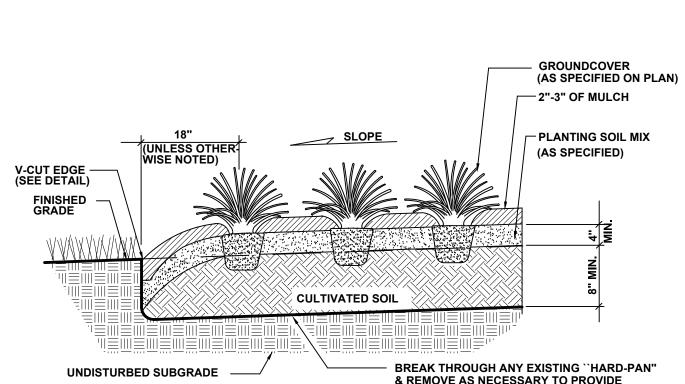
SHRUB PLANTING

SECTION SCALE: N.T.S.



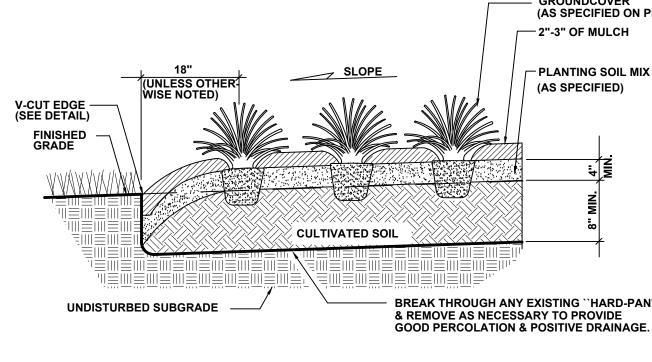
LARGE TREE PLANTING & GUYING

SCALE: N.T.S. SECTION

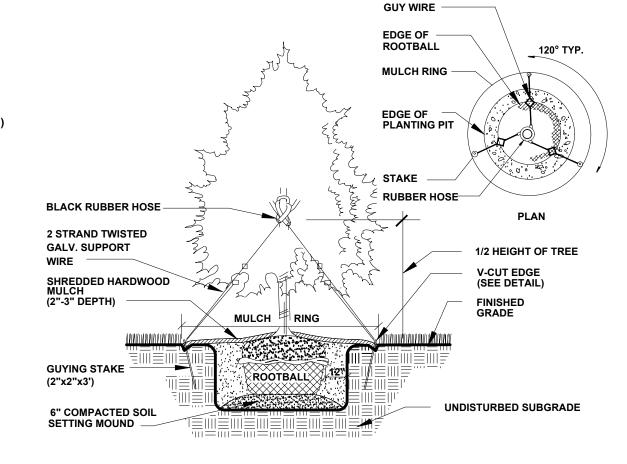


**GROUNDCOVER PLANTING** 

SCALE: N.T.S.



SECTION



**EVERGREEN (CONIFER) TREE PLANTING AND GUYING** SCALE: N.T.S. **SECTION** 

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- ALL PROPOSED UTILITIES ARE TO BE INSTALLED UNDERGROUND, INCLUDING ELECTRIC, TELEPHONE, AND CATV (SEE SITE UTILITY
- ANY SIGN IN EXCESS OF EIGHT (8) SQUARE FEET REQUIRES A PERMIT. PERMIT MUST BE OBTAINED THROUGH BUILDING INSPECTIONS DEPARTMENT.
- 3. NO LANDSCAPING OF ANY TYPE SHALL BE PLACED WITHIN A THREE FOOT RADIUS OF ANY FIRE HYDRANT, FIRE PUMP TEST HEADER, FIRE DEPARTMENT SPRINKLER SYSTEM CONNECTION, FIRE DEPARTMENT STANDPIPE CONNECTION OR FIRE SUPPRESSION CONTROL VALVE. LANDSCAPING IN THE AREA OF FIRE HYDRANTS, FIRE PUMP TEST HEADERS, FIRE DEPARTMENT SPRINKLER SYSTEM CONNECTIONS OR FIRE DEPARTMENT STANDPIPE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE OF THE TYPE THAT WILL NOT ENCROACH ON THE REQUIRED THREE FOOT CLEAR RADIUS ON MATURITY OF THE LANDSCAPING.
- 4. NO TREE SHALL BE PLACED WITHIN A WATER AND SANITARY SEWER EASEMENT OR ANY CLOSER THAN TEN FEET (10') TO ANY PUBLIC SANITARY SEWER OR WATER IMPROVEMENT
- ALL TREES IN PARKING AREAS TO BE MAINTAINED WITH A MINIMUM 5' BRANCHING HEIGHT (LIMBED UP TO 5' MINIMUM).

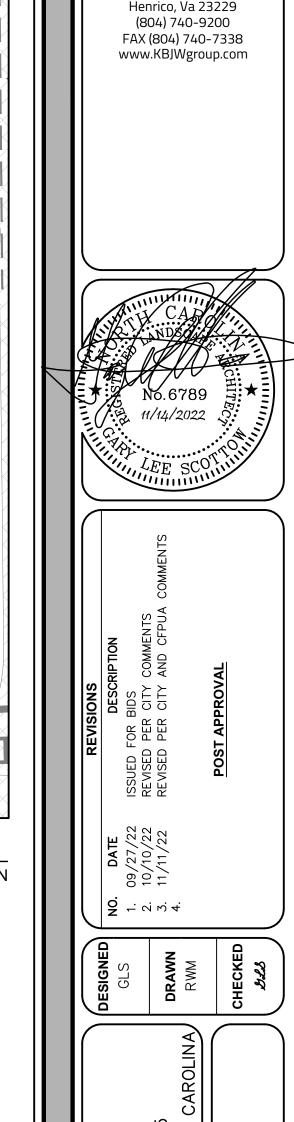


THIS PLAN IS FOR LANDSCAPE PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CIVIL ENGINEERING PLANS FOR DETAILED SITE INFORMATION.



SCALE: NO SCALE **DATE:** 07/20/2022 **PROJECT:** B6229.63

PLAN NUMBER #2022036



**KOONTZ BRYANT** 

OHNSON WILLIAMS

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ARKE